JUNE

THE WEEKLY NEWS.

C. F. SLEEPER, Editor and Proprietor. A BRIEF CHRONICLE OF CURRENT EVENTS. PRICE, THREE CENTS.

Vol. XIII.—No. 32. PALMYRA, N. J., SATURDAY, JUNE 5, 1897. $1.00 per annum in advance.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD
LOCAL TIME TABLE.
In effect May 16th, 1897.

EASTWARD.						WESTWARD.					
Philadelphia,	Delair	W. Palmyra	Palmyra	Riverton,	Riverton,	Palmyra	W. Palmyra	Delair	Philadelphia,
a. m.	a. m.	a. m.	a. m.	a. m.	a. m.	a. m.	a. m.	a. m.	a. m.
6.10	6.33	6.37	6.39	6.42	5.50	5.52	5.53	5.55	6.20
7.10	7.31	7.37	7.39	7.42	6.44	6.47	6.49	6.53	7.20
					7.42	7.45		7.50	7.50
8.20	8.42	8.47	8.49	8.52	7.47	7.50	7.52	7.56	8.20
10.30	10.50	10.54	10.56	10.58	8.17	8.20			8.40
p. m.	p. m.	p. m.	p. m.	p. m.	8.54	8.57	8.59	9.03	9.20
12.00	12.22	12.27	12.29	12.32	9.07				9.30
*1.00	1.21	1.25	1.27	1.30	10.26	10.29			10.50
1.40	2.03	2.09	2.12	2.15	p. m.	p. m.	p. m.	p. m.	p. m.
2.30	2.50		2.55	2.58	12.02	12.04			12.30
3.30	3.52	3.58	4.00	4.03	12.10	12.16	12.02	12.19	12.40
4.00				4.22	1.31	1.34	1.36	1.40	2.00
4.20			4.50	4.53	1.40	2.15	2.19	2.40
5.00			5.22	5.25	3.20	3	3.35	3.39	4.00
5.10	5.36	5.42	5.44	5.47	3.40				4.10
5.50			5.51	5.54	4.18		5.23	5.28	5.50
6.00	6.18	6.23	6.25	6.28	6.16				5.40
6.30	6.57	6.59	7.04	7.07	6.44		6.56	7.00	7.20
7.40	7.51	7.55	7.57	8.00	8.11				8.35
9.00	9.22	9.27	9.29	9.32	9.51		9.56	10.00	10.20
10.30	10.51	10.55	10.58	11.01	10.54		10.58	11.00	11.20
11.45	12.05	12.09	12.11	12.14	12.27		12.25	12.29	12.50
SUNDAY TRAINS.									
a. m.	a. m.	a. m.	a. m.	a. m.	a. m.		a. m.	a. m.	a. m.
8.45	9.09	9.15	9.17	9.20	8.20		8.31	8.37	9.05
9.15	9.39	9.45	9.47	9.50	p. m.		p. m.	p. m.	p. m.
p. m.	p. m.	p. m.	p. m.	p. m.	12.51		12.56	1.00	1.20
1.30	1.52	1.57	1.59	2.02	5.40		5.21	5.27	5.50
5.45	6.07	6.13	6.13	6.16	7.33		7.33	7.40	8.05
10.00	10.21	10.26	10.28	10.31	10.15		10.20	10.25	10.50

*Saturday only

GENERAL TIME TABLE.
Leave Palmyra as follows:
For Trenton, Newark and New York, 6.39, 7.39, 8.49, 10.56 a. m., 12.29, 2.55, 4.00, 4.50, 5.54, 7.57 p. m., week-days; 9.47 a. m. 1.59, 6.11 p. m. Sundays.
For Riverside, Delanco, Beverly, Edgewater Park and Burlington, 6.39, 7.39, 8.49, 10.56 a. m., 12.29, 2.12, 2.55, 4.00, 4.50, 5.54, 5.53, 6.25, 7.04, 7.57, 9 9, p. m., and 12.11 night, week-days, 9.47 a. m., 1.59, 6.11, 9.17 and 10.28 p. m., Sundays.
For Bordentown, 6.36, 7.34, 8.49, 1.56, a. m., 12.29, 2.55, 4.00, 4.50, 5.22, 5.54, 6.25, 7.57, 9.24 p. m., and 12.11 night, week days. 9.47 a. m., 1.54, 6.11 9.17 and 10.28 p. m., Sundays.
For Hightstown, Jamesburg, South Amboy, 7.39 a. m., and 4.00 p. m., week days.
For tickets and further information apply to Agent at the station.

J. B. HUTCHINSON, General Manager. J. R. WOOD, Gen'l Pass'r A't.

BUSINESS CARDS.

George Gilbert. Clarence T. Atkinson.

GILBERT & ATKINSON,
COUNSELLORS - AT - LAW.
Practice in all the Higher Courts.
325 Federal Street, Camden, N. J.

D. H. WRIGHT,
ATTORNEY--AT--LAW,
OFFICE 726 DREXEL BUILDING,
PHILADELPHIA.

Houses for Sale or Rent.
Building Lots for Sale.
Rents collected.

Henry Hollinshed, Jr.,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
AND SOLICITOR,
205 Market Street,
CAMDEN, N. J.
Residence—Delair.

Where You're Blind You'll See
what a mistake you made in not taking care of your eyes when you had them. If they pain you, call on me; I will examine them without charge and tell you how to correct the trouble with the least expense and the greatest certainty.

EYE GLASSES AND CAREFULLY TESTED
C. A. LONGSTRETH,
926 Market St., PHILADELPHIA

A RIFF OF ANNUAL WATER RATES OF THE
Riverton and Palmyra Water Co.,
PRIVATE HOUSES.

Hydrant in yard or kitchen, ½ in. tap,	$6.00
" " " ¾ " "	8.00
No consumer will be charged a less amount than for one hydrant under any circumstancef.	
Hydrant in both yard and kitchen, ½ in. tap,	8.00
Hydrant in both yard and kitchen, ¾ in tap,	10.00
A screw nozzle or other device to attacy hose on hydrants is not permitted except by special arrangement.	
Bath tub,	4.00
Water closet, self-acting, pan valve or reservoir, each,	3.00
All other kinds, special rates urinals, each,	2.00
Stationary wash-basins, each,	1.00
" " " tubs, each,	1.00
Pavement tap [to be used as pave wash or for sprinkling or both not exceeding 3 hours in any one day, for 50 feet or under]	
Each additional foot, 50 to 100 feet, 8 cents per foot or 100 to 200 feet, 4 cents per foot.	

THE BURLINGTON CO.
SAFE DEPOSIT & TRUST CO.,
MOORESTOWN, N. J.
CAPITAL.....$200,000.000.
Authorized by law to act as Executor, Administrator, Guadian, Trustee, Assignee, Receiver, Agent, etc., and executes Trusts of every description; receives desposits of money payable by chec and allows three per cent. interest thereon.
OFFICERS.
WILLIAM M. PAUL, President.
DAVID D. GRISCOM, Vice President.
WILLIAM W. STOKES, Treas. and Sec'y.
CHARLES EWAN MERRITT, Solicitor.

William M. Paul,	Moorestown,	N. J.
N. Newlin Stokes, M. D.,	"	"
Alfred H. Burr,	"	"
Henry Doughten,	"	"
John C. Hopkins,	"	"
Josiah Lippincott,	"	"
Mordecai Hunt,	"	"
Chas. Ewan Merritt,	Mount Holly,	"
Isaac Fenimore,	"	"
Howard Parry,	Riverton,	"
Isaac W. Stoes,	Medford,	"
Albert Hansell,	Rancocas,	"
David D. Griscom,	Marlton,	"
William J. Iric,	Vincentown,	"
William R. Lippincott,	Fellowship,	"
David Masters,	Phila.,	Pa.
Clayton Conrow.	Cinnaminson,	N. J

For the convenience of the public business with this company can be transacted through Mr. Howard Parry at his Riverton for Palmyra offices.

BICYCLES.
BICYCLES TO HIRE
No special permit is required to ride a wheel. Call on us at any time you may need one. We will fit you out with either a new or second-hand one. Our stock comprises all the latess makes.
ALL KINDS OF BICYCLE SUNDRIES.
James H. Bowers, Agt.,
S. E. COR. BROAD AND MAIN STS., RIVERTON, N. J.
Repairing a specialty.

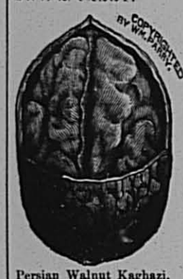
ESTABLISHED 1865. TELEPHONE No. 773
BIOREN & CO.,
BANKERS,
No. 136 South Third Street, Philadelphia, Pa.
Transact a General Banking Business.
Stocks and Bonds Bought and Sold on Commission.
CAREFUL ATTENTION GIVEN TO INQUIRIES IN RELATION TO INVESTMENTS.

JOHN E. MORTON,
UNDERTAKER,
Broad St. above Maple Avenue, Palmyra.

JOSEPH BISHOP,
CONTRACTOR and BUILDER,
Of Frame, Brick or Stone, Dwellings and Business Houses.
Only the very best materials and lowest prices charged consistent with *First-Class and Reliable Workmanship.*
Numerous building plans may be seen at my office. If desired, Specifications, and estimates will be furnished at short notice.
Call or Address,
JOSEPH BISHOP.
FOURTH ST., AND GARFIELD AVE., PALMYRA, N. J.

HOWARD PARRY, C. E.
RIVERTON AND PALMYRA.
Surveyor, Conveyancer, Notary Public, Commissioner of Deeds.
Deeds, Mortgages, Wills and Legal Documents carefully drawn and executed. Loans negotiated upon most favorable terms. Rents collected, houses for sale and to rent. 6 per cent. mortgages for sale. Fire, life and Accident Insurance. Reliable companies and lowest rates
Correspondence Solicited.

JOHN C. BELTON,
UNDERTAKER,
(Formerly with the late Samuel Jones),
MOORESTOWN, N. J.
Branch Offices { Riverside, Riverton, 520 Cinnaminson Ave., Palmyra.
Telephone No. 7. Eighteen years experience in Philadelphia.

JNO. R. PARRY. 300 Acres. 55 Years. WM. PARRY

Persian Walnut Kaghazi.
POMONA NURSERIES.
ESTABLISHED 1838.
A large and complete stock of
Fruit and Shade Trees, Evergreens and Ornamentals, Nut Bearing Trees
In great variety. Flowering shrubbery, climbing vines, hardy oranges, Eleagnus, Longipes, Buffalo Berries, Rock, Mountain Atleberries, and many other valuable novelties. Small Fruit Plants Grape Vines, Etc., Etc., Etc.
Illustrated Descriptive Catalogue Free.
Wm. PARRY, Parry, N. J.

When in Philadelphia, try a cup of the

Home Brand Plantation Java Coffee
of Messrs. Srtawbridge & Clothier's, where it is served free of charge. It is packed, ground, pulverised and whole bean, in one pound non-metalic-boxes and is for sale in Riverton and Palmyra, and by all the leading Philadelphia grocers. 38c a pound.
HENRY A. FRY & CO.,
ROASTERS AND PACKERS, 131 MARKET ST., PHILADELPHIA.
The above Coffee used and recommended by Mrs. S. T. Rorer, Phila.
For Sale by J. M. Roberts, Chas. Loyd and H. Read.

Subscribe for
∴THE WEEKLY NEWS.∴

A SONG TO THE SULTAN.

Here underneath the palm tree, full of shade,
The poet tasted peace and lingered long.
The master of the faithful he obeyed
And searched the Koran for a theme for song.
The vizier lodged him in his own fair house,
Where wise men gathered in a learned throng,
And when the caliph heard his pious vows
He gave him gifts and shielded him from wrong.

There, in a white walled garden full of trees,
Through which there ran a deep, cold water brook,
Fringed with white tulips and anemones,
Among the tender grass he wrote the book
Of Yousouf and Zuleika. Not one word
Was there of all the windy war that shook
Iran of old, nor was the ear once stirred
With any name the faithful might rebuke.

Nine thousand Persian verses told the tale,
And when the perfect poem was set down
He rose and left the plaintive nightingale,
That long had tuned her throat to his sweet moan,
Before the caliph on a broad divan,
To sound of rebecks, in a silken gown,
He sat in state, and when the dance began
Declaimed aloud that song of high renown.

Its music sank on well attempered ears.
The caliph lounged upon his throne and cried:
"Lo! I this day am as a man who hears
The angel Gabriel murmur at his side
And dies not." At the viewless harem door
The screen was swayed by bending forms that sighed,
And sheiks and soldiers, young and old, for more
Still pressed and wished and scarce would be denied.

Ah, palmy days were those for singer's craft!
Now every worldling flings his cap in rhyme,
And from an easy bow lets fly a shaft
At verse much honored in his grandsire's time;
Now many a ghazel, soft with spices, trips
Along the alien mouth with frivolous chime
And lightly rises from unhonored lips
The ancient rhythm sonorous and sublime.

—Edmund Gosse.

JANE'S JILTING.

As I sit writing in my study I can hear our Jane bumping her way down stairs with a brush and a dustpan. She used in the old days to sing hymn tunes, or the British national song for the time being, to these instruments, but latterly she has been silent and even careful over her work. Time was when I prayed with fervor for such silence, and my wife with sighs for such care, but now they have come we are not so glad as we might have anticipated we should be. Indeed, I would rejoice secretly, though it may be unmanly weakness to admit it, even to hear Jane sing "Daisy," or by the fracture of any plate but one of Mariana's best green ones to learn that the period of brooding has come to an end.

Yet how we longed to hear the last of Jane's young man before we heard the last of him. Jane was always very free with her conversation to my wife and discoursed admirably in the kitchen on a variety of topics, so well, indeed, that I sometimes left my study door open—our house is a small one—to partake of it. But after William came it was always William, nothing but William, William this and William that, and when we thought William was worked out and exhausted altogether then William all over again. The engagement lasted altogether three years, yet how she got introduced to William and so became thus saturated with him was always a secret. For my part I believe it was at the street corner where the Rev. Barnabas Baux used to hold an open air service after evensong on Sundays. Young Cupids were wont to flit like moths round the paraffin flare of that center of high church hymn singing. I fancy she stood singing hymns there out of memory and her imagination instead of coming home to get supper, and William came up beside her and said, "Hello!" "Hello yourself," she said. And etiquette being satisfied they proceeded to talk together.

As Mariana had a reprehensible way of letting her servants talk to her she soon heard of him. "He is such a respectable young man, ma'am," said Jane, "you don't know." Ignoring the slur cast on her acquaintance, my wife inquired further about this William.

"He is second porter at Maynard, the draper's," said Jane, "and gets 18 shillings—nearly a pound—a week, ma'am, and when the head porter leaves he will be head porter. His relatives are quite superior people, ma'am. Not laboring people at all. His father was a greengrosher, ma'am, and had a chumor, and he was bankrup' twice. And one of his sisters is in a home for the dying. It will be a very good match for me, ma'am," said Jane; "me being an orphan girl."

"Then you are engaged to him?" asked my wife.

"Not engaged, ma'am, but he is saving money to buy a ring—hammyfist."

"Well, Jane, when you are properly engaged to him, you may ask him round here on Sunday afternoons and have tea with him in the kitchen." For my Mariana has a motherly conception of her duty toward her maidservants. And presently the amethystine ring was being worn about the house even with ostentation, and Jane developed a new way of bringing in the joint so that this gage was evident. The elder Miss Maitland was aggrieved by it and told my wife that servants ought not to wear rings. But my wife looked it up in "Inquire Within" and "Mrs. Motherly's Book of Household Management" and found no prohibition. So Jane remained with this happiness added to her love.

The treasure of Jane's heart appeared to me to be what respectable people call a very deserving young man. "William, ma'am," said Jane one day suddenly, with ill concealed complacency, as she counted out the beer bottles, "William, ma'am, is a teetotaler. Yes, ma'am. And he don't smoke. Smoking, ma'am," said Jane, as one who reads the heart, "do make such a dust about, besides the waste of money, and the smell. However, I suppose it's necessary to some."

Possibly it dawned on Jane that she was reflecting a little severely upon Mariana's comparative ill fortune, and she added kindly, "I'm sure the master is a hangel when his pipe's alight—compared to other times."

William was at first a rather shabby young man of the ready made, black coat school of costume. He had watery gray eyes and a complexion appropriate to the brother of one in a home for the dying. Mariana did not fancy him very much, even at the beginning. His eminent respectability was vouched for by an alpaca umbrella, from which he never allowed himself to be parted.

"He goes to chapel," said Jane. "His papa, ma'am"—

"His what, Jane?"

"His papa, ma'am, was church, but Mr. Maynard is a Plymouth brother, and William thinks it policy, ma'am, to go there too. Mr. Maynard comes and talks to him quite friendly, when they ain't busy, about using up all the ends of string and about his soul. He takes a lot of notice, do Mr. Maynard, of William and the way he saves string and his soul, ma'am."

Presently we heard that the head porter at Maynard's had left and that William was head porter at 23 shillings a week. "He is really kind of over the man who drives the van," said Jane, "and him married with three children." And she promised, in the pride of her heart, to make interest for us with William to favor us so that we might get our parcels of drapery from Maynard's with exceptional promptitude.

After this promotion a rapidly increasing prosperity came upon Jane's young man.

One Sunday afternoon about that time I was sitting at my writing desk—possibly I was reading a good book—when a something went by the window. I heard a startled exclamation behind me and saw Mariana, with her eyes dilated. "George," she said in an awe-stricken whisper, "did you see?"

Then we both spoke to one another at the same moment slowly and solemnly: "A silk hat! Yellow gloves! A new umbrella!"

That was the culmination of Jane's happiness. When she returned, "Mr. Maynard has been talking to William, ma'am," she said, "and he is to serve customers, just like the young shop gentlemen, during the next sale. And if he gets on, he is to be made an assistant, ma'am, at the first opportunity. He has got to be as gentlemanly as he can, ma'am, and if he ain't, ma'am, he says it won't be for want of trying. Mr. Maynard has took a great fancy to him."

"He is getting on, Jane," said my wife.

"Yes, ma'am," said Jane thoughtfully, "he is getting on."

And she sighed.

That next Sunday, as I drank my tea, I interrogated my wife. "How is this Sunday different from all other Sundays, little woman? What has happened? Have you altered the curtains, or rearranged the furniture, or where is the indefinable difference of it? Are you wearing your hair in a new way without warning me? I clearly perceive a change in my environment, and I cannot for the life of me say what it is."

Then my wife answered in her most tragic voice: "George," she said, "that—that William has not come near the place today and Jane is crying her heart out up stairs."

There followed a period of silence. Jane, as I have said, stopped singing about the house and began to care for our brittle possessions, which struck my wife as being a very sad sign indeed. The next Sunday and the next Jane asked to go out "to walk with William," and my wife, who never attempts to extort confidences, gave her permission and asked no questions. On each occasion Jane came back looking flushed and very determined. At last, one day she became communicative.

"William is being led away," she remarked abruptly, with a catching of the breath apropos to tablecloths.

"Yes, m'm. She is a milliner, and she can play on the piano."

"I thought," said my wife, "that you went out with him on Sunday."

"Not out with him, ma'am—after him. I walked along by the side of them and told her he was engaged to me."

"Dear me! Jane, did you? What did they do?"

"Took no more notice of me than if I was dirt. So I told her she should suffer for it."

"It could not have been a very agreeable walk, Jane."

"Not for no parties, ma'am."

"I wish," said Jane, "I could play the piano, ma'am. But anyhow I don't mean to let her get him away from me. She's older than him, and her hair ain't gold to the roots, ma'am."

It was on the August bank holiday that the crisis came. We do not clearly know the details of the fray, but only such fragments as poor Jane let fall. She came home dusty, excited, and with her heart hot within her.

The milliner's mother, the milliner and William had made a party to the art museum at South Kensington, I think. Anyhow Jane had calmly but firmly accosted them somewhere in the streets and asserted her right to what, in spite of the consensus of literature, she held to be her inalienable property. She did, I think, go so far as to lay hands on him. They dealt with her in a crushingly superior way. They "called a cab." There was a "scene," William being pulled away into the four wheeler by his future wife and mother-in-law from the reluctant hands of our discarded Jane. There were threats of giving her "in charge."

"My poor Jane!" said my wife, mincing veal as though she was mincing William. "It's a shame of them. I would think no more of him. He is not worthy of you."

"No, ma'am," said Jane. "He is weak. But it's that woman has done it." She was never known to bring herself to pronounce "that woman's" name, or to admit her girlishness. "I can't think what minds some women must have—to try and get a girl's young man away from her. But there, it only hurts to talk about it."

Thereafter our house rested from William. But there was something in the manner of Jane's scrubbing the front door step or sweeping out the rooms, a certain viciousness, that persuaded me that the story had not yet ended.

"Please, ma'am, may I go and see a wedding tomorrow?" said Jane one day.

my wife knew by instinct whose wedding. "Do you think it is wise, Jane?" she said.

"I would like to see the last of him," said Jane.

"My dear," said my wife, fluttering into my room about 20 minutes after Jane had started, "Jane has been to the boothole and taken all the left off boots and shoes and gone off to the wedding with them in a bag. Surely she cannot mean"—

"Jane," said I, "is developing character. Let us hope for the best."

Jane came back with a pale, hard face. All the boots seemed to be still in her bag, at which my wife heaved a premature sigh of relief.

"Quite a crowd at the wedding, ma'am," she said presently in a purely conversational style, sitting in our little kitchen and scrubbing the potatoes.

"It was all extremely respectable and nice, ma'am, but her father didn't wear a black coat and looked quite out of place, ma'am. Mr. Piddingquirk"—

"Who?"

"Mr. Piddingquirk—William, that was, ma'am—had white gloves and a coat like a clergyman and a lovely chrysanthemum. He looked so nice, ma'am. And some one threw a slipper, and then I threw a boot"—

"Threw a boot, Jane!"

"Yes, ma'am. Aimed at her. But it hit him. Yes, ma'am, hard. Gev him a black eye, I should think. I only threw that one. I hadn't the heart to try again. All the little boys cheered when it hit him." After an interval. "I am sorry the boot hit him."

Another pause; the potatoes were being scrubbed violently. "He always was a bit above me, you know, ma'am. And he was led away."

The potatoes were more than finished. Jane rose sharply with a sigh and rapped the basin down on the table.

"I don't care," she said. "I don't care a rap. He will find out his mistake yet. It serves me right. I was stuck up about him. I ought not to have looked so high. And I am glad things are as things are."

My wife was in the kitchen seeing to the higher cookery. After the confession of the boot throwing she must have watched poor Jane fuming with a certain dismay in those brown eyes of hers.

"Oh, ma'am," said Jane, with an astonishing change of note, "think of all that might have been! Oh, ma'am, I could have been so happy! I ought to have known, but I didn't know. You're very kind to let me talk to you, ma'am—for it's hard on me, ma'am—it's har-r-r-r-r"—

And I gather that Mariana so far forgot herself as to let Jane sob out some of the fullness of her heart on a sympathetic shoulder. My Mariana, thank heaven, has never properly grasped the importance of "keeping up her position." And since that fit of weeping much of the accent of bitterness has gone out of Jane's scrubbing and brushwork.

Indeed something passed the other day with the butcher boy, but that scarcely belongs to this story. However, Jane is young still, and time and change are at work with her. We all have our sorrows, but I do not believe very much in the permanency of broken hearts.—Pall Mall Budget.

MOVING THE TIGER.

An Incident of Shifting the Royal Bengal From One Cage to Another.

"Once," said an old circus man, "we had a tiger get loose. This was in a menagerie in a fixed location, where we had been for some time. The cages for the animals were ranged along on a platform around a big floored space for spectators. The show was in a building made for it.

"We had a very good collection of animals, including a full grown royal Bengal tiger. The tiger cage had got rather old, and we set out to shift the tiger into a new one. We had the new cage all ready, and one afternoon after the show was over and the people had all gone we brought it in and moved it up in front of the old cage standing on the platform and blocked it up so that it was on the same level with the other, and then moved the two cages up close together, face to face. The cage doors didn't swing. They slid up through an opening in the roof of the cage, and what we were going to do was to raise these doors when we got the cages close together and drive the tiger from one cage to the other and then shove down the door of the new cage and put that on the platform.

"Well, we got the cages up close together and doors opposite, and a man on the roof of each cage raised the door of that cage, and then we began to prod the tiger to make him go through the opening into the other cage. He started for it and put his paw across the narrow space between the two cages, but instead of putting it over inside the dooway of the other cage he put it against the first bar on the side of the door and pushed on it, and pushed the cage away a little bit. That was bad. We ought to have made the cages fast together, but we hadn't. We tried to start him along a little faster, but instead of going through into the other cage he kept pushing on that bar and pushing the other cage away.

"All this time he was getting a little bit farther out of the old cage, but not into the new one. The man on top of the old cage tried to shut that door down then, so as to pin the tiger in it and hold him till we could drive him back, but the door jammed when he first tried it, and he couldn't budge it, and all the time the tiger was pushing the new cage a little bit farther away and getting farther out himself. The man on top of the new cage was still holding his door open, hoping that the tiger would step across into the new cage yet, and then he would drop it down and hold him, but the tiger kept pushing the cage away till there was easy room, and then he just dropped down on to the floor and walked round the end of the new cage out into the arena.

"'Look out!' says the man on top of the cage, and we did, and left the tiger boss of the show, while we made arrangements to recapture him, and the tiger started in to take a look around on his own account. There wasn't anybody to get in his way. He had the whole place all to himself, and he waved his tail and glared around and started, and kept going till he came to the monkey cage. That seemed to interest him more than anything else, and he made his first stop there and stood waving his tail and glaring at the monkeys. He scared the little monks almost to death, just standing there looking at them, and they rushed over to the back of the cage and flattened themselves against it, trying to get away as far as they could.

"When the tiger pushed his cage away, his paw was against a bar on one side of the door, nearer one end of the cage than the other, and so it was that end of the cage that he pushed out; the other end stayed in by the old cage; it made a kind of V shaped opening between the cages, and the tiger had jumped down into that and gone around the end of the cage that was pushed out. This V shaped space made a kind of shelter, too, when the tiger was around on the other side, as he was when he was looking into the monkey cage, and one of the keepers hurried in with about a quarter of beef and threw it into the old cage and pushed it over as far as he could into one corner.

"The tiger smelled the meat. I suppose he had been thinking about how he would like the monks. He could have eaten about one at a mouthful, and there were just about enough in that cage to make a square meal for him, but the bars were in the way, and he knew what the smell of the beef meant, and he turned away and made for his own cage again, walked across the open space, waving his tail, and walked around the end of the pushed out cage into the little triangular space and jumped up into the old cage and made for the meat in the corner, and a man jumped up on the roof and jammed down the gate.

"Well, you see, there didn't anything very desperate happen after all. Still, it was about as much tiger as we wanted for one day."—New York Sun.

An Old Newspaper.

An interesting old newspaper is described by a contributor to the Chattanooga Times. He says he owns a copy of the Rogersville Gazette, dated Saturday, Nov. 4, 1815 (volume 2, No. 14), which contains a letter dated Bordeaux, Aug. 25, 1814, stating the downfall of Bonaparte and another article telling of his banishment to St. Helena; an interview with a sea captain Oct. 21, who states that news had reached Havre Sept. 1 (date of sailing) that a treaty of peace was concluded between France and the allied powers and that Marshal Ney, having been tried and found guilty of treason, had suffered military execution; another interview with another sea captain one day later from Havre saying the foregoing reports lacked confirmation when he sailed. It gives lists of unclaimed letters in Rogersville and Blountsville postoffices. A letter from an officer of the regular army in the Creek country recounts the hardships of the soldiers and declares they had not been paid for 18 months to two years and that many were almost naked.

An editorial advocates Monroe for president and asserts, "Federalists dislike him, as they do every conspicuous and virtuous man."

It notes the execution of pirates at Havana and refers to the death of Governor Sevier in speaking of the commission (of which he was a member) running a line in the Creek country.

This paper was addressed to the great-grandfather of the writer in ink and is yet legible, though dim.

St. Patrick and St. Paul.

Some time ago we proved to the entire satisfaction of all the Presbyterians that St. Patrick was a Presbyterian, and now comes the Rev. Dr. Bean's excellent religious family newspaper, The Southern Presbyterian, with a demonstration that St. Paul was a Presbyterian. We note that Brother Bean does not call him St. Paul, but just plain Paul. We do not mind saying that both the Baptists and Roman Catholics lay some claim to St. Patrick, and that their respective claims appear to be very well founded. We would not be surprised if they should now put in a claim to Paul or St. Paul.—Charleston News and Courier.

Constituent Parts of a Cord of Wood.

A cord of fairly seasoned wood weighs about 4,000 pounds. If subjected to a heat of between 700 and 800 degrees it resolves into three distinct products—charcoal, pyroligneous acid and gases. In order to properly bring this change about it is necessary to place the wood in a kiln and apply the heat gradually for four or five days. At the end of that time the residue will be 1,000 pounds of charcoal, 2,000 pounds of pyroligneous acid and 1,000 pounds of uncondensed gases. The aggregate weight of these products is exactly equal to the original weight of the wood.—St. Louis Republic.

It is certain that the food of the future will consist largely of fruit.

HIS AMANUENSIS.

SHE WROTE A LETTER FOR THE SICK SOLDIER BOY TO HIS MOTHER.

She Also Brought Him Flowers and Dainty Things to Eat—He Didn't Know Who His "Hospital Angel" Was Until He Returned Home and Saw the Letter.

"I have a letter you would like to see, I guess," said Assemblyman James H. Agen of West Superior.

"With you?"

"No. It is too precious to carry around in a grip or pocket."

"Who wrote it and what does it contain?"

"Let me tell you a story before answering your double question: In 1864, while following Grant near Richmond, and when we had come so close to it that they could hear our muskets and we their church bells, I was stricken with a fever and sent to hospital. In time they landed me, more dead than alive, in one of the great hospitals at Washington. I was a very sick boy. Boy is right, for that was all I was—sweet 16, as a girl of that age would be. For three weeks I had no ambition to live.

"One day, after I had passed the danger point and was taking a little notice of what was going on, a number of ladies came through the hospital. They had baskets containing delicacies and bouquets of beautiful flowers. One of them stopped at each cot as they passed along. A bunch of blossoms was handed to each sick or wounded soldier, and if he desired it a delicacy of some kind was also distributed. Every now and then one of the women sat in a camp chair and wrote a letter for the poor fellow who hadn't the strength to write himself.

"I wanted nothing to eat or drink, but those pretty posies held my attention. One of the ladies stopped at my cot. I hadn't yet got my full growth, and in my then emaciated, pale condition I must have looked like a child. She seemed surprised as she looked at me.

"'You poor child, what brought you here?'

"'They sent me here from the Army of the Potomac.'

"'But you are not a soldier?'

"'Yes, madam. I belong to a New York regiment. The surgeon here has the record.'

"'Can I do something for you? Can you eat something or take a swallow of wine?'

"'I'm not hungry or thirsty.'

"'Can I write a letter for you?'

"'Not today. I'm too weak.'

"'Then I will leave some of these flowers with you. President Lincoln helped to cull them. I will come again in two or three days. Keep up your courage. You are going to get well. You must get well.'

"She was the first woman who had spoken to me since I reached the army. Looking at the sweet flowers which Mr. Lincoln had 'helped to cull' and thinking of the dear woman who had spoken so kindly and hopefully had more effect in brightening my spirits than all else that had occurred in the hospital.

"Three days later the same lady came again and direct to my cot.

"'How is my little soldier boy today?' she asked in a way so motherly that it reminded me of my good mother back in New York, the patriot mother who had given her consent to my going to the war after praying over the matter many times. The hospital angel—that is what we learned to call those noble women—after giving me a taste of chicken and jelly asked if I had a mother. She saw by the tears in my eyes that I had.

"'Now we will write mother a letter.'

"Then she sat by my side and wrote the letter. I hadn't been able to write for a month.

"'I have told your mother that I am near her soldier boy and have talked with him. What shall I tell her for you? That you are still too weak to write yourself?'

"'Please don't tell her that. It will make her worry. Tell her I am fast getting well.'

"The first day I got home my mother asked me how I liked Mrs. Lincoln, the president's wife.

"'I never met Mrs. Lincoln. What made you think I had?'

"Then she took from a box closely guarded in an old bureau a letter. It read like this:

"DEAR MRS. AGEN—I am sitting by the side of your soldier boy. He has been quite sick, but is getting well. He tells me to say to you that he is all right. With respect for the mother of the young soldier,

"MRS. ABRAHAM LINCOLN.

"That was the first I knew that it was the president's wife who had made me those two visits. I begged my mother to give me the letter. 'You can have it when I am gone.' When she died, a box and an old letter folded in a silk handkerchief were among her gifts to me.

"The box, kerchief and letter will pass along the Agen line as mementos too sacred for everyday display.—Chicago Times-Herald.

Flounces.

Many of the elegant dress toilets of figured india ganze, tulle or French organdie, made up over taffeta or watered silk, have the skirt arranged in a crescendo and diminuendo Spanish flounce that varies from one-half to three-quarters of a yard in depth, its greatest depth being on each side of the skirt. The flounces set on in very fine shirrings, with a small, full frill at the top.

Slandering a Saint.

"Fifteen years ago," said the aged brother, addressing the congregation, "I gladly gave my heart to the Lord."

"And that's the only cheerful gift he ever made," whispered the deacon whose business it was to collect the annual subscriptions.—Indianapolis Journal.

Rev. John Watson (Ian Maclaren) has come off with honor in the matter of the charges against him of heresy. But how about those who made the charges?

No other American, not even Washington or Lincoln, ever had so splendid a tomb as Grant. Not one ever had his memory honored with ceremonies of such royal pomp and magnificence.

THE WEEKLY NEWS
—AND—
SOUTH JERSEY ADVERTISER,
C. F. SLEEPER,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.
DR. J. J. SLEEPER, Associate Editor.

Terms—$1 PER YEAR IN ADVANCE

JOB WORK of all kinds promptly executed as cheaply and as neatly as any office in the County.

We solicit items of interest from all quarters of the State. Correspondents will please sign their names in full to all communications, not for publication but as a guarantee of correctness. Anonymous communications are not wanted.

Advertisers will find the News a valuable advertising medium. None but clean, respectable advertisements inserted

A mark against this paragraph indicates that this is a sample copy of the paper, sent to you for your inspection free of charge, and that we should be glad to have you become a subscriber.

Orders by mail promptly attended to.

Address all communications to
NEWS AND ADVERTISER,
Palmyra, N. J.

RESIDENCE.—Corner Fourth and Garfield avenue, Palmyra, N. J.

Entered at the Palmyra Post Office as second class matter.

SATURDAY, JUNE 5, 1897.

FOOD FOR THOUGHT.

Philanthropy, self-sacrifice, death itself can never recreate a man. That must be done by a power outside of himself and only by being "born from above."—MOODY.

RIVERTON.

J. C. Worthington moved on Thursday to Beverly.

Louis Barcroft Runk is stopping at the Lawn House.

Stacy S. Pancoast is now with C. B. Coles & Sons Co., of Camden.

Mr. and Mrs Edward McCuen will be at home after the 8th of June.

Mary Smith Mattis is the name of the newest resident of Thomas avenue.

Miss Mary Corner entertained Miss Julia Woolman, of Burlington, on Monday.

Harry G. Clark, of Philadelphia, spent Sunday with his parents, on Thomas avenue.

Mrs. John Quigley returned from Chester, Pa., where she spent most of last week with friends.

Those who are initiated have a treat every evening witnessing some fast riding on the bicycle track.

Henry C. Thomas now occupies his house on Broad street, after several years residence in Camden.

Marshal Faust has received orders to arrest anyone making a disturbance at the bicycle track on Sunday.

The visit of the Princeton Glee Club was voted a hugh success and the girls all want them to come again—"soon!"

Mrs. Deborah Delaney, of West Philadelphia, is visiting her sister, Mrs. Theodore Smith, of Thomas avenue.

Mr. and Mrs. John A. Jackson, of Orange, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. S. B. McCabe, of Lippincott avenue.

The flag on Charles Biddle's tower makes a fine point as it stands out above the tree tops and can be seen for miles around.

The new bell for the Catholic Church was hung on Tuesday. It has a very nice tone but similar to the Palmyra fire bell.

Good reports come from Delaware township, the growers say that the prospect for a big crop of peaches was never better than now.

There was a stiff breeze for the Mosquito yacht race last Saturday afternoon and two boats capsized. Abbie Cook won by a good lead.

The Dr. Wyman's house on Lippincott avenue has been rented by Mr. Tiger, of Philadelphia, who will bring his family up this Saturday for the season.

Mrs John C. S. Davis and her two daughters, Miss Elizabeth M. Davis and Miss Lydia Atherton Wright, sailed on Wednesday for Europe on the steamer Majestic.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles J. Hardman entertained Bishop McFaul and visiting Priests to a grand dinner, on the occasion of consecrating the fine new bell of the Catholic church.

Mrs. Edward Showell entertained a number of friends at her home on the Delaware on Friday. Among whom were her sister, Mrs. C. Trowtman Carter and mother, Mrs. Batchelor.

Those who allow their dogs to chase rabbits in this vicinity are hunting for trouble, as Game Warden Wise is after them. William is a pertty alert official, and he seldom fails in securing information of this kind when he goes after it.

Instead of the trickery, false tallying, &c., &c., &c., which was alleged against the Republican ticket at the last election, the recount on Tuesday showed things up in a very different light.

Another law suit against the Borough is in prospect. Patrick Byrnes intends to get satisfaction for the building line that was taken off his lot, corner Fourth and Howard and has retained Chas. E. Hendrickson to press his case.

A strawberry festival under the auspices of St. Paul's Guild, will be held in the Parish House of Christ Church, Riverton, on Tuesday, June 8th, from 4.30 to 5.30 in the afternoon and from 8 to 10 in the evening.

Marshal Faust arrested John Dougherty on Monday night for being drunk and disorderly and insulting women on Broad street. He resisted arrest and had to be "jacked" before he would desist. He was sent up to Mt. Holly by Justice Coddington on Tuesday.

The Cinnamon Bear which invaded the Borough on Wednesday morning created no little amusement for both old and young. His aversion to the telephone was manifested by his refusal to climb the pole, but when taken to a telegraph pole he quickly ascended to the cross bars.

If Biddle, Ruddrow and Co. had been endeavoring to make the next Republican ticket a success they could not have succeeded better than by their suit for a recount. Lots and lots of people, who believed their stories of fraud and false count, now that they have been disproven in court, have left them in disgust.

ON TUESDAY.

Some were mad and some were sad,
And "There were others" who were glad
That Riverton still upholds,
Honest counting at the polls.

A ride through the adjacent country at this time, either by carriage or awheel, is a delight to everybody who appreciates the beauty of unfolding nature, the budding trees and vines, the bloom of fruit trees, and the panorama of green trees and shady roads.

The yacht race this Saturday afternoon bids fair to be one of the most prominent social events of the summer here. A collation will be served for the invited guests and the 1st Regiment Band will discourse sweet music, &c. The Debutante and the Sea Gull are the two yachts entered and the victor will receive a handsome silver loving cup, very elaborately engraved.

The recount of the borough ballots at Mount Holly, on Tuesday, by the County Board of elections, before Judge Miller, resulted in a complete defeat of Biddle, Rudderow & Co., who alleged fraud and irregularities in the counting of the vote, and thereon tried to oust Mayor Stoughton and councilmen Hardman and Brown. Mark R. Sooy represented the petitioners and Samuel Beldon, the Borough Solicitor, the defendants. Only two of the five Biddle ballots, claimed irregular, were counted to the other side, so that Mr. Stoughton and Mr. Hardman each had one more vote in the total and Mr. Brown two more. The plaintiffs were satisfied and abandoned the suit but of course, will have a pretty bill of costs to settle.

UNIVERSITY EXTENSION.

Among those present at the annual meeting of the University Extension Society on Thursday afternoon, May 27th, were Mr. and Mrs. Edward H. Ogden, Rev. and Mrs. R. Bowden Shepherd, Mrs. Edward C. Grice, Miss Bertha Lippincott, Messrs. Benjamin Lippincott, John S. Bioren, D. Henry Wright and James S. Coale.

The annual report, besides including an account of the receipts and expenses of the Centre during the year, reviewed the results of the two courses given by Profes ors Albert H. Smyth and Henry W. Elson, acknowledged the kindness of the ministers of the Episcopal, Methodist and Baptist churches of our two towns in so generously furnishing assembly rooms for the students' associations of Palmyra and Riverton during the winter months, and congratulated the society upon having passed through the critical period of extension work in safety. The executive committee state in their report that "the students' associations are most important auxilliaries to the work of the lecturers and that efiorts should be directed towards making such gatherings occasions more for discussion than for the passive acts of listening to essays. So best do we come to the class work after the lecture with a desire to obtain more knowledge."

The report concludes with the following statement: "If there is any reason for the existence of this Riverton Centre of Educational extension, it is not so much the lower one of providing a series of interesting lectures to our fellows in this community, very commendable as such effort is, so much as the placing before our citizens the results of the best scholarships of the day. Conscientious study or even close attention to lecture courses of the proper tone whether treating upon history, literature or science must make the student or the audience in the lecture room wiser and better members of the community in which they live. True education involves a true religion."

DELAIR.

Mr. and Mrs. James Shollbred spent Sunday at Atlantic City.

Mr. and Mrs. S. H. Tucker entertained a large circle of friends on Saturday last.

Mr. and Mrs. D. L. Custer attended the wedding of a niece in Philadelphia on Tuesday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Yardley had a delightful trip to Dividing Creek on Decoration Day on their bicycles.

J. R. Witcraft was among the guests at the Whitman dinner in Philadelphia last Saturday evening.

Children's Day will be celebrated in the Methodist church to-morrow. A program of interest has been arranged.

Mrs. Joseph Knight's uncle, Rober Beckenbach died after a lingering illness at home in Philadelphia on Monday, aged 91 years.

J. E. Rossell is improving slowly after his accident on the bicycle at Hartford on Saturday. It certainly was a narrow escape.

The meeting of the Brotherhood of the Union on Tuesday evening, was largely attended and the interest in the Circle is growing.

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh that contains Mercury.

as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally, and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free.

☞ Sold by Druggists, price 75c. per bottle.

Once Tried, Always Used.

If we sell one bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remidy, we seldom fail to sell the same person more, when it is again needed. Indeed, it has become the family medicine of this town, for coughs and colds, and we recommend it because of its established merits——Jos. E. Harned, Prop. Oakland Pharmacy, Oakland, Md. Sold by G. T. Williams Druggist.

Boils, pimples and eruptions, scrofula, salt rheum and all other manifestations of impure blood are cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

NEW JERSEY PROHIBITIONISTS

THEY HOLD AN ALL-DAY CONFERENCE, CONSIDER PARTY WORK AND SUPPLY THE SINEWS OF WAR.

Mountclair, May 27.—There is but one opinion among Prohibitionist in this vicinity about the State Conference at Newark last week, and that it was a success in every way, not a jar or friction anywhere at any time. If it is true that enthusiasm is contagious then lookout for it throughout the state, for enthusiastic Prohibitionists were the only kind in evidence at this conference and their influence will extend beyond the lines of the ten northern counties. All the papers presented were excellent, especially Mr. Kennedy's on "Why we must have a state organization," his long connection with the State Executive Committee, together with habits of observation and careful thought, fitting him for the discussion of a subject not so well understood by the rank and file as it should be.

$684.39 was subscribed to carry on the state work.

An audience taxing the seating capacity of the hall was present at the evening session. The Beveridges prepared the way for the oratorical display by rendering some of their songs, and prayer was offered by Rev. Mr. Cole, of Arlington. Chairman Dickie was introduced as the first speaker, and he did not pitch his utterance in a minor key, but told of some of the encouraging things which it did not require a telescope to discern in the Prohibition firmament. He was bold to say that the cause of Prohibition is eternally right, and the attestation of human history is that the thing which is right eventually wins. In the second place Prohibition is the most popular reform idea in America. Sentiment against the liquor traffic is prevalent, notwithstanding the fact that this sentiment has not crystallized altogether in the Prohibition Party where it belonged His third item of encouragement was the utterance of the churches on the question. He was glad they are on our side, altho a majority of the men in the church vote against these utterances at the ballot-box. He thought Prohibitionists should beware how they make indiscriminate attacks on the Christian Church. It is all right to criticize Bishop Newman. He can spare a good deal of cuticle, and still be just as valuable as he is now. In closing, Professor Dickie exhorted the good men in the Democratic and Republican parties to unload their responsibility for the liquor traffic, which can only be done to-day by voting for the Prohibition Party.

In the course of his remarks Professor Dickie said he did not propose to take the time to present an argument to convert the sinners. That he would leave to Mr. Cushing. After another song by the Beveridges, Mr. Cushing was introduced to perform his part, and he certainly succeeded most admirably in preventing either sinner or saint from going to sleep under his min strations.

He said that the modern triumvirate is composed of the monopolist, liquor-dealer, and the venal politician. A monopoly which oppresses the people and corrupts government is a bad thing, and we have monopolies of that sort in our country, and we have the danger of concentrated wealth to which we can not afford to shut our eyes. The principal feature of the modern triumvirate is the liquor-dealer. Through the cities he corrupts the politics of the country, and there was never a time when he had more power than to-day. The cities are growing faster than the country, and with bad immigration to enforce the saloon, the liquor power is enabled to perpetuate the interests of bad government. But the saloon politician gets the help of good men through their partizan prejudices, and the bad men by dispensing political reward. John Wanamaker has raised his voice against the corrupt politics of the time, and has even hinted at the need of a new party. He ought to know that such a party is here. If he will get into it we will forgive him for being so late, and he can forgive us for being so early. The purpose of the Prohibition Party is to break the coalition which forms the triumvirate Those who want to strike its principal feature should get into this party. The Democratic Party can not destroy the liquor traffic. If it should close up the saloons the saloons would close up the Democratic Party. The Republican Party is the inventor and patentee of high license. It can not close up the saloons. To be sure, it has tapt its barrel at both ends giving the temperence men water out of one end and the liquor men beer out of the other, and the indications are that already the liquor men are getting more water and the temperance men more beer than they like, and the only hope is in the organization of the foes of the liquor traffic in one party. The Prohibition Party aims at the head of the liquor monster, in politics, the only place where it can be successfully assaulted and killed, and in that assault it ought to have the cooperation of the best men in the country.

During the day's deliberations not a word or a wail of discouragement was uttered, the disposition being to push the fight with more than accustomed vigor.

The next Conference will be at Trenton in Library Hall, on Thursday, June 17th, and will be followed by one at Vineland on Wednesday, June 23d. Both will have morning and afternoon sessions, and a mass meeting at night, and will include Mercer, Middlesex, Monmouth, Ocean, and Burlington counties. Let every one that can, attend.

CHAS. H. STACKHOUSE,
County Chairman.

Tired, Nervous, Sleepless

Men and women—how gracefully they write about Hood's Sarsaparilla. Once helpless and discouraged, having lost all faith in medicines, now in good health and "able to do my own work," because Hood's Sarsaparilla has power to enrich and purify the blood and make the weak strong—this is experience of a host of people.

Hood's Pills are the best family cathartic and liver medicine. Gentle, reliable, sure.

WANAMAKER'S. | WANAMAKER'S.

PHILADELPHIA, Monday, May 31, 1897.

Mid-Year Sale of Shirt Waists and Muslin Underwear

Each year there are two vast Trade Sales of Women's Garments at Wanamaker's.

We plan for them months in advance, and January and June find women all over the land looking this way as naturally as one would watch an eclipse.

Garments that appeal to women as being "just right."

No skimping of sizes; no skimping in the making.

Some just plain and substantial; others of varying daintiness.

No woman has yet conjured out how we can sell such satisfactory garments for so nearly what the materials cost—and still we have told all about it, over and over again.

The makers are expert.

They have every convenience; every mechanical help.

It isn't sweat-shop goods—but the product of a big semi-rural aggregation of well-paid workers.

Stocks for this 1897 Mid-Year Sale are enormous, and still we cannot promise to fill orders at present prices after the end of June.

Night Gowns GOWNS of Muslin, yoke of embroidery insertion and cluster of plaits, embroidery on collar and sleeves, 38c.

Gowns of Muslin, collar and sleeves trimmed with cambric ruffle, embroidery front, 38c.

Gowns of Fine Cambric, trimmed with embroidery, 75c.

Gowns of Fine Muslin, collar of cambric, lawn ruffle on collar and sleeve, hemstitched, embroidered shield, 75c.

Gowns of Cambric, trimmed with embroidery, 85c.

Gowns of Fine Cambric, trimmed with embroidery, 90c.

Gowns of Fine Muslin, collar of cambric, and lawn ruffle trimmed with embroidery and insertion, 90c.

Gowns of Fine Cambric, trimmed with embroidery, $1.00.

Gowns of Fine Cambric, yoke of plaits and hemstitching, sleeves and neck trimmed with embroidery edge, $1.00.

Gowns of Fine Cambric, trimmed with Point de Paris Lace and ribbon, $1.25.

Chemises CHEMISE of Muslin, with cambric ruffle, 18c.

Chemise of Good Muslin, yoke of embroidery insertion and fine plaits, lace edge, 25c.

Chemise of Fine Muslin, yoke of embroidery and cluster plaits, 45c.

Chemise of Cambric, trimmed with lace, with ribbon run through, 75c.

Drawers DRAWERS of Good Muslin, with hem and three plaits, 15c.

Drawers of Good Muslin, trimmed with embroidery ruffle and plaits, 25c.

Drawers of Fine Muslin, umbrella ruffle of cambric, trimmed with embroidery, 35c.

Drawers of Fine Cambric, ruffle of lawn and Valenciennes lace, with plaits above, 35c.

Drawers of Fine Cambric, trimmed with embroidery, and plaits above, 35c.

Drawers of Fine Muslin, deep ruffle of embroidery, and plaits above, 50c.

Corset Covers CORSET COVERS of Cambric, high back, V front, trimmed with embroidery, 8c.

Corset Covers of Cambric, trimmed with neat edge, 18c.

Corset Covers of Cambric, V back and front, trimmed with embroidery, 25c.

Corset Covers of Colored Lawns, high neck and long sleeves, in black, white, light blue, pink, lavender, red, green and buff, 35c. Same colors in low neck, elbow sleeves, trimmed with lace, 50c.

Corset Covers of Cambric, V back and square front, trimmed with embroidery, 35c.

Corset Covers of Cambric, trimmed with embroidery and insertion, 35c.

Short Underskirts of Good Muslin, cambric ruffle, and plaits above, 25c.

Skirts of Muslin, full Spanish ruffle of lawn, trimmed with embroidery, 50c.

Short Underskirts of Good Muslin, embroidery ruffle, and plaits, 50c.

Skirts of Cambric, umbrella ruffle of lawn, trimmed with Valenciennes lace and insertion, 85c.

Skirts of Cambric, umbrella ruffle of lawn, trimmed with two rows of insertion and edge of Point de Paris lace, $1.25.

Skirts of Good Muslin, umbrella ruffle of lawn, trimmed with embroidery, $1.00.

Skirts of Muslin, deep umbrella ruffle of embroidery, $1.50.

Skirts of Colored Lawn, full Spanish ruffle, two rows of insertion and edge; white, pink light blue, lavender, red, green and yellow, $1.75. Same colors in plain lawn skirts, with umbrella ruffle, $1.00

For Children NAZARETH seamless knit waist, bone buttons. Sizes, 1 to 12 years, 15c. Better grades, 25c. and 50c.

Girls' Muslin Drawers, hem and three plaits. Sizes, 2 yrs., 6c, 4 yrs. 10c, 6 yrs. 15c, 8 yrs. 15c, 10 yrs. 18c, 12 yrs. 18c, 14 yrs. 22c.

Girls' Muslin Drawers, ruffle of Swiss embroidery, and three plaits. Sizes, 2 yrs. 17c, 4 yrs. 20c, 6 yrs. 25c, 8 yrs. 25c, 10 yrs. 30c, 12 yrs. 30c, 14 yrs. 33c.

Boys' ventilated Waists, satine band around waist and down front, buttons taped. Sizes, 3 to 10 yrs., 25c.

Long Skirts of Camhric, deep ruffle of Swiss embroidery and plaits above, 50c.

Girls' Gowns of Cambric, collars and cuffs trimmed with ruffle of Swiss embroidery. Sizes, 2 yrs. 40c, 4 yrs. 45c, 6 yrs. 50c, 8 yrs. 55c, 10 yrs. 60c, 12 yrs. 65c.

Girls' Gowns of Cambric, yoke of plaits, ruffle on neck, sleeves and front of yoke. Sizes, 4 to 14 years, 50c.

JOHN WANAMAKER

Pennsylvania Railroad Summer Excursion Route Book.

THE MOST COMPLETE PUBLICATION OF ITS KIND.

On June 1 the Passenger Department of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company issued the 1897 edition of its Summer Excursion Route Book. This work is designed to provide the public with short descriptive notes of the principal Summer resorts of Eastern America with the route for reaching them, and the rates of fare. There are over four hundred resorts in the book to which rates are quoted, and over fifteen hundred different routes or combination of routes. It is compiled with the utmost care, and although is the most complete and comprehensive handbook of Summer travel ever offered to the public.

Its 219 pages are inclosed in a handsome and striking cover, in colors. Several maps, presenting the exact routes over which tickets are sold, are bound in the book. It is also profusely illustrated with fine half-tone cuts of scenery along the lines of the Pennsylvania Railroad and elsewhere.

Any doubt as to where the Summer should be passed will be dispelled after a careful examination of the contents of this publication.

On and after June 1 it may be procured at any Pennsylvania Railroad ticket office at the nominal price of ten cent, or, upon application to the general office, Broad Street, Station, by mail for twenty cents.

Base Ball Suits and Bicycles Free.

It is safe to say that nearly every member of the rising generation is now thinking either of base ball or bicycling. But how to get the bicycle and how to get base ball uniforms, are the problems. "The Philadelphia Press" solves both. That paper, which has always led its amateur base ball and bicycling departments, now makes two novel, interesting offers. It will furnish absolutely, free, to the amateur base ball club receiving the greatest number of votes before June 19th, a complete set of the finest National League Base Ball uniforms. This includes caps, shoes, belts, stockings, shirts and trousers, and the whole outfit will be of the finest quality. The whole outfit will be given absolutely free to the amateur club receiving the greatest number of votes. Full details of the offer are given in "The Press" every day.

Any number of bicycles will be given free to those who will render a trifling service to "The Press." Details of the bicycle offer will be sent to any person who sends two two-cent postage stamps to "The Press," Philadelphia.

We all know men who are always talking about how much they have done and sacrificed for the town, yet their families go out of town to buy what they need instead of leaving their money at home.

COURT.

At the Court House on Wednesday before Judge Gaskill, Clinton D. Mathis, charged with malicious mischief in breaking a window at New Gretna, through his counsel, Blanchard H. White, pleaded guilty, he having pleaded not guilty on Tuesday.

The trial of John Wesley Johnson, charged with assaulting Charles C. Coles, of Moorestown, had been fixed for Wednesday, but he also, through his counsel, George M. Hillman, retracted his plea of not guilty and pleaded guilty.

Alfred Pelhemus, of Vincentown, charged with assaulting a young girl by the name of Ella Cameron, pleaded not guilty and his bail was renewed, Orlando Moore becoming his bondsman.

Joseph Smith, on motion of Aaron Burr, was ordered released from the county jail, no indictment being found against him.

The trial of the criminal cases will be taken up on June 8th, 9th, 10th and 11th.

On Friday the case of George S. Clark, plaintiff, vs. Mary Quicksall, et als, executors of the estate of Henry B. Quicksall, deceased, was heard by Judge Miller and a jury.

Mr. Clark was represented by James Buchanan, of Trenton and Judge Joseph H. Gaskill, looked after Mrs. Quicksall's interests.

In opening for the plaintiff, Mr. Buchanan said Mr. Clark, representing the Philadelphia and Reading railroad, had purchased of Mr. Quicksall seven ground rents in Port Richmond at a cost of $10,000 and alleged fraud and deceit on the part of Mr. Quicksall in the transaction, claiming that he had told the plaintiff that there was $3,000 arrearages due and that the ground rents alone stood him at $7,500, while in reality they only cost him $6,000 originally and there was only $600 owing in arrearages. For the instruction of the jury Mr. Buchanan explained that ground rents in Pennsylvania were similar to a first mortgage upon land in this State.

The evidence for the plaintiff was in the shape of deposition and was of very little interest.

For the defense Judge Gaskill claimed that the $1,000 paid Mr. Quicksall for the ground rents was at the defendant's dictation, it being a case where the railroad company was desirous of acquiring the land and Mr. Quicksall knowing this, put this value upon it and after considerable dickering the deal was consummated, there being no attempt to defraud.

Mrs. Mary Quicksall and her son Ross both testified as to being present at different times in the Reading railroad office on Fourth street, Philadelphia, in the spring and summer of 1890, when Mr. Quicksall would meet representatives of the company but neither of them heard of any arrearages being spoken of.

All the evidence was in by 11.30 and the balance of the morning was consumed by argument by counsel.

Judge Miller made a fair and impartial charge to the jury immediately after the noon hour and they retire under the guardianship of Constable Caleb Wright, and after about a half hour's deliberation returned a verdict favor of the defendant—not guilty.

The petit jurors were excused until June 8.

MARRIED.

CARR—LORD.—At Camden, May 31st, by Rev. W. H. VanHorn, 266 Knight's avenue, Frank H. Carr and Miss Anna M. Lord, both of Beverly.

SINE—KLINE.—At Camden, January 5th, Charles W. Sine, of Mount Holly, and Miss Belle Kline, of Burlington.

DIED.

LIPPINCOTT.—At Moorestown, May 29th, Levi Lippincott, aged 75 years.

FARROW.—At Camden, May 26th, Sidney R., daughter of Daniel W. Farrow, aged 19 years, Interred at Pemberton.

ARMSTRONG.—At Burlington, May 29th, Mary A., wife of John A. Armstrong.

COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION.

A competitive examination for free scholarships in the State Agricultural College will be held in the Court House, Mount Holly, on

Saturday, June 5th, 1897,

from 9 A. M. till 5 P. M. This is a grand opportunity for acquiring a liberal education at small cost.

The subjects for examination are algebra, geometry, arithmetic, United States history, English grammar and literature, chemistry and physics.

HERMAN A. STEES,
County Superintendent.

WHAT DO YOU NEED?

Diamonds
Watches,
Clocks,
Jewelry,
Silver
Novelties.

RIGGS & BROTHER.
ESTABLISHED 1818.
310 Market St.,
221 Walnut St., *Philadelphia.*

Our years of experience in the repairs of Watches and Clocks enable us to solicit work requiring judgment and ability. 1-16ly

Do You Like to Read Good Novels?

Enough for all the Winter Evenings

ALMOST FREE.

TOWN TOPICS, 208 5th Ave., N. Y., will send, on receipt of this adv. and FIFTEEN cents in stamps, any one of the following prize novels (TWO HUNDRED and FIFTY-SIX pages, regular price FIFTY cents; for FIFTY cents any FOUR; for ONE DOLLAR any TEN; for ONE DOLLAR and a HALF the whole library of SIXTEEN Vols.

6—THE SALE OF A SOUL. By C. M. S. McLellan.
7—THE COUSIN OF THE KING. By A. S. Van-Westrum.
8—SIX MONTHS IN HADES. By Clarice I. Clingham.
9—THE SKIRTS OF CHANCE. By Captain Alfred Thompson.
10—ANTHONY KENT. By Charles Stokes Wayne.
11—AN ECLIPSE OF VIRTUE. By Champion Bissell.
12—AN UNSPEAKABLE SIREN. By John Gillat.
13—THAT DREADFUL WOMAN. By Harold R. Vynne.
14—A DEAL IN DENVER. By Gilmer McKendree.
15—WHY? SAYS GLADYS. By David Christie Murray.
16—A VERY REMARKABLE GIRL. By L. H. Bickford.
17—A MARRIAGE FOR HATE. By Harold R. Vynne.
18—OUT OF THE SULPHUR. By T. C. De Leon.
19—THE WRONG MAN. By Champion Bissell.
20—THE HUNT FOR HAPPINESS. By Anita Wiramti Charires.
21—HER STRANGE EXPERIMENT. By Harold R. Vynne.

☞ Indicate by the numbers the novels you want

ESTABLISHED 1856.

Weekly **THE Outlook** Monthly

Published every Saturday.

13 Astor Place, New York.

The OUTLOOK will be in 1897, as it has been during each of its twenty-seven years, a History of Our Own Times. In its various editorial departments THE OUTLOOK gives a compact review of the world's progress; it follows with care all the important philanthropic and industrial movements of the day; has a complete department of religious news; devotes much space to the interests of the home; reviews current literature; furnishes cheerful table-talk about men and things; and, in short, aims to give fresh information, original observation, and reasonable entertainment.

Beginning with the fifty-fifth volume, the paper will assume the regular magazine size, which will add greatly to its convenience and attractiveness. THE OUTLOOK is published every Saturday—fifty-two issues a year. The first issue in each month is an illustrated Magazine Number, containing about twice as many pages as the ordinary issues, together with a large number of pictures.

The price of THE OUTLOOK is three dollars a year in advance, or less than a cent a day.

Send for a specimen copy and illustrated prospectus to THE OUTLOOK, 13 Astor Place, New York City.

Wanted—An Idea Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas; they may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their $1,800 prize offer and new list of one thousand inventions wanted.

NEW ICE CREAM PARLOR,

MAIN STREET, near the STATION.

Only the Best Cream and popular flavors. A fine line of

FANCY - CAKES - AND - CONFECTIONERY.

ORDERS DELIVERED.

R. K. Zisak,

RIVERTON, NEW JERSEY.

ALL GOODS AT PHILADELPHIA PRICES.

ALFRED SMITH,

DRESSMAKING SUPPLIES

HOSIERY, UNDERWEAR, NECKWEAR, LADIES' COLLARS, NEGILEE and WORKING SHIRTS, laundried and unlaundried. New and pleasing designs, with or without Collars and Cuffs separate. 25c to $1.00.

Broad St. opposite R. R. Station, Riverton.

The Pathlight '97 Model

lights the way and stays lighted. All brass, nickel-plated—no tin; outside oil-filler; cotton packed oil fount; double convex ground photolens; burns kerosene, throws a light 60 ft. and weighs but 12 ounces.

Three years a leader, and three years' improvements now added. Absolutely the handsomest and best bicycle lamp ever made. Sold by all leading dealers.

THE PLACE & TERRY MFG. CO.,
247 Centre Street, New York.

See our new, cheaper lamp—the "Scorcher."

THE FEATURES

OF OUR BUSINESS ARE PROMPT AND SATISFACTORY DELIVERY OF THE

BEST LEHIGH COAL,

"EXCLUSIVELY," AND

LUMBER, true to the grade.

THOMAS BROS.,

Opposite P. R R. Station, Riverton, N. J.

A FULL LINE OF

GROCERIES,

- - AT - -

- - - CITY PRICES - - -

MAC DONALD'S

WEST END STORE.

A. W. SMITH.

(Successor to Harry Campion),

—DEALER IN—

BUTTER AND EGGS.

Agent for the celebrated

BIG ELK AND GOLDEN SWEET BUTTER.

STRICTLY FRESH COUNTRY EGGS.

DELIVERIES.—PALMYRA, TUESDAY AND FRIDAY.
RIVERTON, WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY.

JOHN D. STELLMANN,

Successor to

HEATH'S EXPRESS,

RIVERTON AND PALMYRA

P. O. BOX 32, PALMYRA, N. J

Phila. Office: 7 S. Delaware Avenue.

Goods called for and delivered promptly. — Messages and orders will receive special attention.

RESIDENCE: Highland Avenue.

LOTHROP'S

New Photographic Studio,

COR. FOURTH AND MAIN STREETS,

RIVERTON, N. J.

Having one of the finest skylights in the State, we are now ready to take the very best and most pleasing photographs of every style and finish Only the very best work, will be allowed to go out from this Studio.

☞ PLEASE GIVE US A TRIAL.

W. L. BERRY,

WATCHMAKER AND JEWELER

22 South Second Street,

PHILADELPHIA, PA.

Repairing a Specialty.

FOR ALL THE LOCAL NEWS READ

THE WEEKLY NEWS.

CENT-A-WORD COLUMN.

Long or short notices inserted under this head at the rate of one cent a word, each insertion, cash in advance.

Notice.—The regular monthly meeting of the Palmyra Building and Loan Association will be held in Society Hall, on Monday evening, June 7th. R. L. Temple, Secretary.

Cherries for sale, 436 Delaware avenue.

Flowers—40 varieties, good seed bed plants, 25 cents per 100. Late tomatoes, same price. Frank M. Holbrook.

For Rent—Cottages at $10, $20 and $30 per month. Furnished at $35 to $200 per month. D. H. Wright.

For Sale.—Cheap, Buck Board and Buggy. Apply P. O. Box 51, Riverton, N. J. 5-29-tf.

For Rent—7 room house, Fifth and Maple, heater and bath. Reasonable rent. Rev. S. F. Gaskill.

For Sale.—Falling Top buggy, $20. Will exchange for a bicycle. C. F. Kilpan, 915 Cinnaminson ave. 5-22-4t.

For Rent, corner Fifth and Cinnaminson, $13. Stackhouse. 5-1tf

Bicycles to hire; tandem and ladies and gents wheels, by the hour, day or week. L. A. Weikman, 5-22-4t.

Wanted.—Washing, 316 West Broad street, West Palmyra, Mrs. Moore.

For Rent—Dwelling on Horace avenue opposite 4th street. Fruit, town water, etc. Reasonable rent. M. W. Wisham, 332 Horace avenue.

For Rent.—10 room house, corner Highland avenue and Spring Garden street. Modern improvements, rent reasonable. Apply to J. M. Roberts' store, Palmyra. 4-24-tf.

For Rent.—Delaware avenue below Broad, 5 rooms, $7. Apply to John P. Saar.

Pure cider vinegar, 25 cents per gallon. William F. Morgan. 4-27-tf.

New wall papers, 5 cents, why pay more? Stackhouse, Broad and Elm.

For good family washing and laundry work give Owens a trial. P. O. Box, 181

Go to Saar's for a good shave or hair cut.

Piano tuning and repairing, address Samuel A. Plumly, Box 276, Palmyra, New Jersey. 10-24 tf.

William Sawyer, Piano Maker and Dealer in Pianos and Organs, 1928 N. 11th street, Philadelphia, Pa. Tuning and repairing a specialty. Orders by mail promptly attended to.

If you want anything in the real estate line call on F. Blackburn, Commissioner of Deeds and Notary Public, 331 West Broad street, Palmyra.

PALMYRA.

Summer sheets and lap rope dusters at Neff's.

Daniel Ely spent Sunday last visiting his parents.

The public schools closed on Friday for the Summer.

Miss Zoe Sharp has entered the ranks of cycle riders.

Joseph Bowen and son, of Camden, were in town, on Sunday.

Mrs. Chas. Baker and children are visiting at Blackwoodtown.

Horatio Lee and wife were up from Philadelphia on Saturday.

The Gypsy Tea, in Joyce's hall, on Monday night was a success.

James J. Conroy, Jr., of Camden, is visiting Master Josie Brower.

Mrs. I. D. Moore is entertaining her uncle and aunt from Salem.

Miss Ella Dilks has returned from a two weeks' visit to Atlantic City.

Miss G. H. Eckstein, of Philadelphia, has been visiting Miss Tillie Dilks.

Charles Kauffman and son, of Camden, visited John P. Saar, on Sunday.

Mrs. A. A. Levis and daughter are spending a few weeks at Lansdale, Pa.

The Misses Hazleton, now of Philadelphia, visited friends here last Saturday.

Mrs. Olive Jackson returned to her home at Williamsport, Pa., on Friday.

Grocer Vaughn has discharged his new clerk, Spear, owing to irregularities.

The Golden Eagles will make a visit to the Florence Castle in the near future.

Mr. and Mrs. James E. Brock, of Camden, visited relatives here on Sunday.

Mrs. Taylor Rue and Mrs. Harry Clark, of Philadelphia, were up on Thursday.

Rev. P. Y. Calder and wife have gone to Brooklyn and New York for a months visit.

Walter Dickerson expects to ride in the Tioga bicycle races this Saturday afternoon.

Joseph M. Roberts has a card of thanks in this issue. His new adv. is also interesting.

Miss Alice Cathrall, of Merion, Pa., is visiting her uncle, Theodore Ely, of Garfield avenue.

Quite a number of our residents attended the Memorial services at Beverly on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. H. DeVoe, of Spotswood, are visiting their daughter, Mrs. C. F. Sleeper.

Freeholder Joel Horner is having a coating of stone put on the Broad street road. Good.

Rowland Gilpin and son, Harold, rode to Burlington and back on their wheels on Saturday.

Miss Virginia Paynter, of Philadelphia, spent several days this week with Miss Mame Paynter.

Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Groome, of Philadelphia, visited Mr. and Mrs. M. W. Wisham this week.

Abbott Collins and wife, of Philadelphia, visited his brother, on Garfield avenue on Sunday.

Adolph Killian has rented one of Rev. A. M. North's houses on Cinnaminson avenue, near Fifth.

J. R. Minnick, a former resident, is Treasurer of the newly organized Improvement Co., at Longport.

Mrs. James G. Garrett, who has been confined to her bed for ten weeks is in a very serious condition.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Snyder, of Camden, visited their parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Snyder, on Sunday.

Miss Lillie Atkinson, of Philadelphia, has been spending the week with her aunt, Mrs. J. Franklin Cline.

The Palmyra Building Association will meet in Society Hall next Monday evening, instead of Morgan Hall.

Druggist Williams and wife and sister rode to New Egypt and back on their wheels, on Tuesday, a distance of 60 miles.

Winfield Ayers and son and Everett Wiggins were at the launch of the Princeton at Camden on Thursday afternoon.

Mrs. H. G. Faust, formerly residing here, has several zoological pictures at the Philadelphia Academy of Fine Arts exhibition.

The semi-annual election for the officers of the Epworth League will be held Monday evening. Full attendence requested.

Mrs. J. K. Brower and Miss Lucy Wiehle, of Camden, went to Lakeside Park with the Chantanette club excursion on Saturday last.

Walter Underkoffer and Archie Loomis and Miss Adele Long, of Philadelphia, spent Saturday and Sunday with William Trueman.

The regular meeting of the Masonic lodge was held at Merchantville this week, owing to the lodge room being unfitted to use by the fire.

Rev. S. W. Lake, D. D., of Trenton, presided at the quarterly conference of the officials of the Epworth M. E. Church on Monday evening.

Samuel Shane lost a valuable horse last Friday evening. It ran away and in turning a corner fell and broke its shoulder, so it had to be shot.

Mrs. Seaman Polis was thrown and slightly hurt in attempting to get off a train at Morris Station last Friday, while the train was in motion.

Rev. C. G. Hannah, formerly acting rector here, was ordained to the priesthood and the rectorship of St. Andrew's church, Bridgeton, on Tuesday.

Covenant lodge, 161, F. & A. M., will be the guest of Harmony, No. 52, of Philadelphia, at a banquet at the Masonic Temple, Philadelphia, June 7th.

Special officer Saar arrested a drunken tramp on Wednesday evening, who was clearing people off of Broad street. He was given 30 days by Squire Hires.

The aged mother of Antone Beckenback probably had her life saved by Section Foreman Estelle, on Thursday, while attempting to cross the tract at Morris' in front of a fast line.

Overseer of the Highways Ryan, is removing the dangerous trees on Horace avenue caused by the sidewalk grading. New trees will be placed in their place in the fall when needed.

The bicycle riders are becoming so obnoxious on Sundays adjacent to Camden that a patrol will be placed on some of the roads to learn some of these would be toughs how to behave decently.

C. F. Miller, father of James E. Miller, was taken with a stroke of apoplexy near his home, Fourth and Garfield avenue, on Wednesday but is much improved at last report. This is his third attack.

A. J. Brooks bore greetings from the Baptist church here to the Trinity Baptist church, Camden, at the occasion of its silver anniversary, May 28th. Several others, former members of Trinity, also attended.

The average attendence at the meeting for, "Men only" held at 4.15 Sunday afternoon since January, 1st has been 35. An excellant showing in the face that our Y. M. C. A. is without a regular home of its own.

Abraham Springer, who has been a Pulman car conductor on the Southern Pacific, running from New Orleans to San Antonia, for about two years, has been here this week on a visit. He was formerly Post Master here.

The recent scare of a couple of ladies at Fifth and Cinnaminson avenue was caused by one of our residents speaking to them, as he supposed they were the two ladies he had started out to meet, until they screamed and ran.

Rev. Marshall Owens, pastor of the Epworth M. E. Church has been granted an extended vacation and will sail for Europe about the middle of July. Mr. Owens has crossed the Atlantic a number of times in previous years.

Many of our residents are planning for their summer's outings. If you or your friends contemplate going away a line to the NEWS will keep the outside world acquainted with your movements and make it interesting for them at home.

Several of the large poplar trees along Horace avenue in the vicinity of Fourth street, should be taken out before they are blown down or fall and injure persons or property. They are in a shaky condition the earth being worked from the roots and are liable to topple over at any time.

Little Harvey Lane, was run down by a bicycle on the sidewalk at Fifth and LeConey avenue last Saturday evening and cut about the head and severely bruised. There is considerable complaint against the bicyclers being allowed on the pavements and especially where there is a stone road.

The loss on Joseph M. Robert's building, which was injured by fire last week, will be adjusted by appraisers. Joseph Bishop represents Mr. Roberts and D. J. Cubberly, of Trenton, the insurance companies. The stock of the grocery store was not damaged as much as was thought and has been adjusted at $165.

During the summer of 1891, Mr. Chas. P. Johnson, a well known attorney of Louisville, Ky., had a very sever attack of summer complaint. Quite a number of different remidies were tried, but failed to afford any relief. A friend who knew what was needed procured him a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remidy, which quickly cured him and he thinks, saved his life. He says that there has not been a day since that time that he has not had this remidy in his household. He speaks of it in the highest praise and takes much pleasure n recommending it when ever an opportunity is offered. For sale by G. T. Williams Druggest.

The Governor's veto makes the game law stand the same as last year. This legalizes reedbird shooting only in the month of September and prohibits it in October when they are plenty. It also makes the plover season open in November, when all birds of this species have gone south for the winter.

The Mayflower social held their second grand ball in Wallace's pavilion last Saturday evening. In spite of the threatening clouds in the afternoon it turned out to be a fine evening. About 150 persons turned out to enjoy themselves. The committee sent two (2) shelving wagons to Riverside to bring about 50 people down. Music was furnished by Tony's orchestra of Philadelphia.

We have been requested by the members of the Masonville Rescue Mission to state that there will be baptism in the mill pond at the Rancocas Chemical Works on Sunday, June 6, at 2.30 P. M. Any one wishing to be baptised will find houses convenient where they can change their clothes. The services will be conducted by the Rev. C. O. Branson, of Wilmington, Delaware.

The following nominations for officers, were made ot the meeting of the Independence Fire Company, on Monday night: President, John McLaughlin; Vice President, John Schetler; Treasurer, Levis H. Wallace; Secretary, J. B. du Moulin; Foreman, John P. Saar; Board of Directors, George W. Hall, William P. Rue, Charles M. Cooper, A. V. Horner, Charles Smith. As there is no opposition these will be elected at the next meeting.

There has been considerable talk and many conflicting stories regarding the scarlet fever case this week. The facts are, that Mamie Haas, aged 8 years, had a very light attack of what the attending physician called scarlet fever and as her father C. A. Haas, is the postmaster, which would have to be closed if the child was kept at home, it was taken in a cab last Saturday to its grandmother's house in Burlington. The authorities there objected and as the family doctor ordered away the other children, which might have been affected with it, it was thought best to bring it back, which was done on Monday and Mrs. Haas and the seven children are now quarantined in one of Mr. Haas' houses on Berkley avenue. The little girl that is sick has a very light case and is around the room. Some think she only has an attack of "German" measles and two of the Board of Health in Burlington, Drs. Cassady and Gaunt, Jr., so diagnosed the case.

W. C. T. U.

A Mothers' Meeting will be held in the Ladies' Parlor on Wednesday afternoon at 3 o'clock. All members are earnestly requested to be present, and will find these meetings very helpful. PRESS SUPT.

CARD OF THANKS.

EDITOR OF WEEKLY NEWS.

DEAR SIR:—I desire through the columns of your paper, to thank the Palmyra and Riverton Fire Companies and all the people who assisted to put out the fire at Morgan Hall on the 28th ult., thereby saving a large loss of property.

Respectfully Yours,
JOSEPH M. ROBERTS.

FIFTY-THIRD ANNIVERSARY OF THE Y. M. C. A.

Sunday being the anniversary of the organization of the Y. M. C. A., our local association will observe the event by a mixed meeting on Sunday afternoon, at 4.15 in the Central Baptist church. It is expected that Schuyler C. Woodhall, Esq., of Camden, will make the address. An invitation is extended to all men and women to be present. Gospel songs.

AN ENJOYABLE EVENING.

The Y. M. C. A. sustained their reputation for delightful and elevating entertainments on Thursday evening, in the Central Baptist church. The entire program was enthusiasticly received. Miss Anna Sherwood Rankins' rendition of "The Facial Family" and "The Lepers," from Ben Hur, were of the highest of elocutionary accomplishments. The Delphi Orchestra's selections and the cornet solo of W. R. Smith, were highly pleasing as were the vocal selections of Mr. and Mrs. Eisenbury and Miss Sadie Welsh, of Philadelphia. Miss Laura Buchanan kindly assisted as pianist.

MEMORIAL DAY.

The memorial services in honor of the fallen soldiers was held last Saturday afternoon.

The exercises were under the auspices of Camp No. 23, P. O. S. of A., and included a visit to each of the cemeteries, where the graves of the dead soldiers were decorated with flags and flowers and three volleys were fired. After the graves were decorated the services were held in Society Hall. The school children sang "My Country, 'Tis of Thee," and A. L. Chamberlain, a 70 year-old veteran, gave a stirring recital of "Sheridan's Ride." Owing to the recent fire in which nearly all their arms and paraphernalia were destroyed, the P. O. S. of A. was able to equip but six of their guards.

A SAD EVENT.

Robert Beckenbach, uncle of Mrs. Imogene Palmer and Antone Beckenbach, died on Monday at his residence 601 St. John street, Philadelphia, at the ripe old age of 91 years. Mr. Beckenbach was born in the old district of Northern Liberties and resided in the house in which he died for more than 50 years. The burial took place on Thursday morning the services being conducted, in the presence of a large circle of relatives and friend by Rev. R. H. Barnes, rector of St. John's P. E Church, of which he was a member. The interment being besides his brother our late townsman John Beckenback in West Laurel Hill cemetery. While the funeral was gathering, Miss Catharine Rose, aged 73, who had been the deceased's housekeeper for more than 20 years, also died, creating a profound feeling of sorrow. Among the mourners from this vicinity was M. W. Wisham who attended the last sad rites.

THE CHILDREN'S HOLIDAY.

An Arenic Playground Under the Big Tents.

There is a whole lot of pleasure to be found in pleasing children, and as a means to that end a first-class circus comes next to Christmas if, indeed, it does not rival it. The most delightful and hilarious proof of this will be forthcoming when the Great Adam Forepaugh and Sells Brothers America's greatest shows give their first united exhibitions at Camden, Thursday June 8th. The arrangements for the amusement of the boys and girls are most generous, novel and admirable, including everything from fairyland pageantry to funniest clown antics and cuttest animal performances, and converting the great big hippodrome arena, the four circus rings, the aerial field, and the two stages into a veritable wonderland, and happy highjinks playground. Children are especially delighted by the tricks of animals, and here they will see the only school of educated Alaska seals and sea lions, and most amazing and amusing amphibia they are: the wisest and most waggish elephants, the prettiest and most proficient ponies, the most ludicrous monkey riders and acrobats, laughably learned pigs, merry-andrew donkeys, comical goats, star dog artists, trained and talking birds, dancing bears. In fact, earth, sea and air have been brough under contribution to furnish a universe of innocent wonder and fun for the little folks, and the result is the addition of a genuine Children's Day recreation's calendar.

(From our regular correspondent.)

WASHINGTON LETTER

May 31th, 1897.

The question of another and more searching investigation of the scandalous charges made against Senators in connection with sugar legislation, in accordance with the resolution offered by Senator Tillman, of S. C., and followed up by the most sensational speech of the session, is in a fair way of being decided by circumstances regardless of the personal wishes of Senators. If information is really desired, there was never a better time to get it. The grounds upon which Mr. Havemeyer, president of the Sugar Trust was given a verdict of "not guilty," by direction of the judge, show plainly how a Senate Committee may compel him to give information or go to jail, and the imprisonment of Chapman, light as it is, will make brokers think twice before they refuse to answer questions. Senator Aldrich's statement that the only man who knew the contents of the tariff bill, excepting the members of the sub-committee that prepared it, before it was reported to the Senate was Senator Jones, of Nevada, seems to have made it incumbent upon that gentleman to say whether he furnished the information upon which it has been alleged that other Senators speculated in sugar stock, especially in view of Mr. Aldrich having added that no member of the sub-committee gave any information to anybody. The Committee on Contingent Expenses, of which Senator Jones, of Nevada, is chairman, has decided to report the Tillman resolution to the Senate, with a recommendation that it be adopted. If anybody else but Senator Tillman had offered that resolution there wouldn't be the slightest doubt of its being adopted, and there isn't much anyway. If the resolution is adopted, Senator Tillman will, in accordance with rule and precedent be made chairman of the investigating committee, and he will find out something or know the reason why. There are lots of Senators who do not wish this investigation made, but how many of them will vote against the resolution is yet to be ascertained.

When the head of a foreign nation objects to receiving the man nominated by the President and confirmed by the Senate to represent the United States as ambassador or minister to that nation, he is merely exercising a prerogative that is recognized by all nations, and the minister has nothing left but to resign. Although it is denied at the State Department that any official notice of objection has been received by the government from Turkey, it looks as though Hon. James B. Angell, late president of the University of Michigan, would be a victim of the persons *non grata hoodoo*. It is admitted by officials that they have knowledge of an attempt to poison the mind of the Sultan against Mr. Angell on account of his prominence as an advocate of the Christian religion, but they say that statements have been made which will satisfy the Sultan and that Mr. Angell will, within two weeks, start for Turkey. He may, but the impression in Washington is, that he will not.

The Senate is making a fair rate of progress with the tariff bill, which is being discussed and disposed of by paragraphs. Everything has so far been quite business-like, but trouble is feared when the wool and sugar schedules are reached. The republicans are so far following their steering committee solidly, and upon nearly every paragraph they have had votes from populists and upon several from democrats, and in nearly every one yet passed upon the duties have been raised. If the talk of republican Senators can be depended upon, the increased beer tax and the duty upon tea will both go, and their places be taken in the bill by an internal revenue stamp tax upon bank checks, deeds, mortgages, etc.

Everybody has settled down to the conviction that it will be impossible to get the Cuban belligerency resolution before the House so long as Speaker Reed says no; consequently there is a decided lull in the Cuban talk, and everybody is waiting to see what President McKinley will do after Mr. Calhoun returns from Cuba and makes his report. Everybody connected with the administration from the President down has grown reticent on this subject. This reticence is said to be caused by the President's determination not to allow the Spanish Minister to get a hint of his intentions before he gets ready to act, but rumor gives a dozen other reasons for it.

Senator Morgan caused a sensational scene in the Senate and was promptly called to order when he made an attack upon Speaker Reed and the House for following out its program of only meeting twice a week. Mr. Morgan asserts his belief that Congress is not constitutionally in session, and that the legality of a tariff law enacted under such circumstances may be successfully contested in the courts.

DELANCO.

The up river boats do not stop at the wharf daily.

John Kelly is having a boat house erected at the point.

Thomas Lovel had his wrist sprained by colliding with an unknown wheelman one day last week.

Tramps are camping along the river in large numbers, being engaged in picking strawberries and peas, drunken fights are common.

RIVERSIDE.

A bicycle ordinance has been passed here by the township committee.

John J. Kasler has been appointed secretary of the Funeral Aid Association.

The wheelmen of this place, Delanco and Bridgeboro' will run to Atlantic City on Saturday, June 22.

A horse belonging to Baker Richter became frightened near the depot on Thursday morning and ran away. In crossing the railroad track the horse fell and turned the wagon over, breaking it badly. The horse was injured internally.

Although the frequent rains have been favorable to all growing crops farmers report that the hay yield this season will not be above the average because the drouth of the past two summers killed the roots of much of the old sod.

THEY DO THE WORK
BRONCHO
HOMŒOPATHIC Remedies 10c
Relieve and Cure
Head Troubles
Stomach Disorders
System Irregularities
27 formulas of noted physicians
"For every ill, a special pill."
If not at Drug Stores, write
BRONX CHEMICAL CO., YONKERS, N. Y.
Health Book Mailed Free.

DOWN WITH FANCY PRICES

A good Carriage for $4, worth $6.
A fine Reed Carriage for $7, worth $10.
The new fad our Go Carts, $2.50 up.
Velocipedes best make, $1.50.
JOHN WESTNEY,
214 DOCK ST. 145 NORTH EIGHTH ST.
Free delivery in Palmyra and Riverton.

ELMER SHANE,
Movings to and from the City promptly attended to.
PRICES REASONABLE.
Care in hauling goods a specialty.
Residence—Horace Avenue near Fourth Palmyra. P. O. box 134.

CHARLES S. VOORHIS,
DENTIST,
Morgan Avenue and Fourth Street,
PALMYRA, N. J.

NOTICE.
We hold a meeting every Thursday evening, at 8 o'clock, for the promotion of Scriptural Holiness and the Salvation of Souls. To which we kindly invite people of all denominations.
CARL A. PETERSON,
MRS. H. D. PETERSON,
223 Horace Avenue.

Wanted—An Idea Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas; they may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their $1,800 prize offer and new list of one thousand inventions wanted.

WHY PAY
10 Cents when you can get the same for 5 Cents?
WALL PAPERS,
ALL NEW STOCK.
For 5 cents apiece. Same elsewhere for 10 cents.
9 inch Borders, one cent a yard, all new.
Only first-class paper-hanging done.
STACKHOUSE
56 NORTH FOURTH ST., PHILA., and BROAD AND ELM STS., RIVERTON.

OUR MILLINERY has pleased our customers, judging from the amount of business we have done. All the new shapes in
HATS AND BONNETS,
and the new fads in
TRIMMINGS AND FLOWERS.
We are positively below Philadelphia Prices.
DRESS TRIMMINGS, MUSLINS, NOTIONS, CORSETS.
MEN AND WOMEN'S FURNISHINGS.
MRS. M. D. PRICKETT,
OPP. THE STA., PALMYRA, N. J.

HOW TO HAVE
A HEALTHY GARDEN, A GREEN LAWN AND FREE BLOOMING FLOWERS,
by using
The J. E. Tygert Co's SPECIAL FERTILIZERS.
They will be found surely useful wherever highest fertility is desired.
It combines the patent qualities of guano and with the permanency of Bone Phosphate and is a real root nourisher. Put up in bags of 10, 25 and 50 pounds each. For sale by
A. H. Thompson,
Palmyra, N. J.

STATIONERY
MAGAZINES,
WEEKLY PAPERS
CANDIES
ETC., ETC.
AT
SEYBERT'S,
5 West Broad Street
PALMYRA.

ICE CERAM PARLOR
Opened for the Season
P. MUELLER
BROAD ST., BELOW LECONEY AVE
PALMYRA, N. J.
Fresh Bread and Cake constantly on hand.
Parties and Wedding Cakes made to order at the shortest possible notice and prompt delivery.

ICE CREAM.
All The Popular Flavors,
HAAS' ICE CREAM PARLORS,
Next to the Post Office.
Orders for Families a Specialty.
Also a fine line of Fancy Cakes.
C. A. HAAS
PALMYRA, NEW JERSEY.

Removed
I have removed my
MILK .·. DEPOT
—TO—
LECONEY AVE., ABOVE FOURTH ST.,
where will be kept a supply of
- MILK AND CREAM, -
John Schroepfer.
N. B.—My wagon will make deliveries as usual.

CARL A. PETERSON, of 223 Horace Av.,
takes pleasure in announcing to his friends and the public in general that he is now in the
Merchant Tailoring Business
at the S. W. Cor. 11th and Sansom Streets, Phila., where he carries a full line of seasonable goods at most reasonable prices.
PETERSON & CO.,
TAILORS,
S. W. COR. 11th AND SANSOM STS.,
PHILADELPHIA, PA.

HARNESS
Collars, Hames, Saddles, Robes, Horse Clothing and Stable Goods, at Philadelphia Prices.
SUMMER SHEETS and LAP DUSTERS.
Howard B. Neff, Harness Maker,
105 W Broad St., Palmyra, N. J.
Repairing done neat and strong.

WHAT'S THE USE
of going to Philadelphia for
Dressmaking Trimmings, Hosiery, Notions, Bric-A-Brac, Glassware, Etc.,
when you can buy them of us at STRICTLY PHILA. PRICES.
Sole Agents for Butterick Patterns. Dr. D. Jayne & Sons' Family Medicines
TROTH & CO., Broad St., opp. Station, Palmyra.
Examine the Novelty Blue Flame Oil Stove—absolutely safe—burns head-light oil.

GET FLAVOR WITH YOUR FISH.
SHAD FRESH FROM THE DELAWARE.
My delivery wagon runs daily (except Sunday), in Palmyra, in charge of Mrs. Horner. No one else sells fish that I catch.
ALBERT V. HORNER,
PALMYRA, NEW JERSEY.

SANITARY PLUMBER,
Steam, Hot Water and Hot Air Heating, Tin Roofing and Spouting.
All kinds of Repairing in Heaters, Ranges and Oil Stoves, and Tinware promptly attended to at reasonable rates. All work guaranteed. Estimates cheerfully furnished.
P. O. Box 402. A. D. READ, 722 PARRY AVENUE. Shop, opp. P. R. R. Sta.

TAILORING
616 GARFIELD AVENUE, PALMYRA.
Suits from $12 up, Pants from $3 up, Bicycle Suits and Uniforms made to order from $7.50 up. Linen and Crash Suits made at low prices.
NOW is the time to get your new spring suit, and you cannot do better than to patronize your home tailor. I have all the latest styles and novelties for spring and summer.
ALFRED COLLIER, CLEANING AND REPAIRING.

FIRE! FIRE!
SOME DAMAGED GOODS, BY WATER, NOT BY FIRE OR SMOKE.
WILL SELL AT 1-4, 1-3, 1-2 PRICE
Muslins, Wrappers, Hats, Shoes, Shirts, Linings, Crockery ware, Lamps, Etc.
Best White Potatoes, 30cts a basket, Best Creamery Print Butter, 25cts a lb, XX Fine Strawberries, Fresh Produce, all kinds, Home Brand Plantation Java Coffee, Jelly Glasses, Fruit Jars, Low Prices, Best Brands Flour.
J. M. ROBERTS, Family Grocer General Merchandise
Palmyra and Riverton, N. J.

Ask for WILLIAM RUDDUCK,
WANAMAKER & BROWN,
OAK HALL, PHILADELPHIA.
Free delivery in Palmyra. Residence, Morgan Avenue, Palmyra.
Clothing made to order, also ready made. Samples shown on request.

MILK!
FOR PURE MILK AND CREAM
CALL AT
717 MORGAN AVENUE,
Where milk can be had at any time except Sunday, but delivered daily. A share of your patronage is respectfully solicited.
J. FRANK CLARK.

GET YOUR
COAL
FROM
THE PEOPLE'S COAL & ICE CO.,
PALMYRA, N. J.
Prices for Ice 1897, are as follows:

8	POUNDS DAILY,	5	CENTS OR	35	CENTS PER WEEK.			
12	"	"	6	"	45	"	"	"
16	"	"	8	"	55	"	"	"
20	"	"	10	"	63	"	"	"
25	"	"	13	"	70	"	"	"

40 to 100 Pounds, at rate of Forty Cents per hundred.
Also hauling of all kinds. Particular care and attention given to movings. Prices moderate.
HENRY KERSWILL, Prop.

Subscribe for
.·.THE WEEKLY NEWS.·.

Nervous

People often wonder why their nerves are so weak; why they get tired so easily; why they start at every slight but sudden sound; why they do not sleep naturally; why they have frequent headaches, indigestion and nervous

Dyspepsia

The explanation is simple. It is found in that impure blood which is continually feeding the nerves upon refuse instead of the elements of strength and vigor. In such condition opiate and nerve compounds simply deaden and do not cure. Hood's Sarsaparilla feeds the nerves pure, rich, red blood; gives natural sleep, perfect digestion, is the true remedy for all nervous troubles.

Hood's
Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. $1 per bottle. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills cure Liver Ills; easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.

ONE GIVES RELIEF.

R·I·P·A·N·S

The modern standard Family Medicine: Cures the common every-day ills of humanity.

TRADE RIPANS MARK

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS

Cleanse the Bowels and Purify the Blood! Cure Diarrhœa, Dysentery and Dyspepsia, and give healthy action to the entire system.

FRAZER AXLE GREASE

BEST IN THE WORLD.

Its wearing qualities are unsurpassed, actually outlasting two boxes of any other brand. Not affected by heat. IF GET THE GENUINE.

FOR SALE BY DEALERS GENERALLY. 1yr

TRUSSES, ELASTIC STOCKINGS, BRACES, ETC.

• 859—I. B. SEELEY—1894.

The only "SEELEY" ever known in the trade.

Original Promoter, Manufacturer and Introducer of Hard rubber Truss. Correct Adaptation—Skillful Adjustment—Reliable Dealings—Favorable Prices. Authentic Methods for the Successful Treatment of Hernia or Rupture. See Gibson and Agnew's Surgery (can be seen only at his New Establishment, 2 and 4 North West, Philadelphia. Truss figured on life-size Lay CAUTION.

PILES OR HEMORRHOIDS

CURED BY PAINLESS METHODS.

Responsible persons need not pay until they are well.

Send for pamphlet containing testimonials and references of people you are acquainted with.

R. REED, M. D.,

219 S. 13th St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Peirce School

32nd Year.

A representative American Business School for both sexes, founded by THOMAS MAY PEIRCE, A. M., Ph. D. Couples **systematic business training** with a practical, sound and useful English education. It offers three full courses:—Business, Shorthand and Typewriting, English; the whole constituting an ideal combination.

Graduates are cheerfully assisted to positions.

Both Day and Night Sessions are now running. Students received at any time.

PEIRCE SCHOOL, 917-919 Chestnut St., Philada. Record Building.

'96 Model

Weight 12 oz.

All Brass, Nickel Plated and Burns Kerosene Oil.

The Pathlight

A beautiful, thoroughly made and finely finished Bicycle Lamp, jolt and cyclone proof.

Sent to any part of the country (express prepaid) on receipt of price, $1.50. (Maybe you can buy it of your local dealer for a little less; ask him.)

THE PLACE & TERRY MFG. CO., 247 Centre St., New York.

$1800.00 GIVEN AWAY TO INVENTORS.

$150.00 every month given away to any one who applies through us for the most meritorious patent during the month preceding.

We secure the best patents for our clients, and the object of this offer is to encourage inventors to keep track of their bright ideas. At the same time we wish to impress upon the public the fact that

IT 'S THE SIMPLE, TRIVIAL INVENTIONS THAT YIELD FORTUNES,

such as the "car-window" which can be easily slid up and down without breaking the passenger's back, "sauce-pan," "collar-button," "nut-lock," "bottle-stopper," and a thousand other little things that most any one can find a way of improving; and these simple inventions are the ones that bring largest returns to the author. Try to think of something to invent.

IT IS NOT SO HARD AS IT SEEMS.

Patents taken out through us receive special notice in the "National Recorder," published at Washington, D. C., which is the best newspaper published in America in the interests of inventors. We furnish a year's subscription to this journal, free of cost, to all our clients. We also advertise, free of cost, the invention each month which wins our $150 prize, and hundreds of thousands of copies of the "National Recorder," containing a sketch of the winner, and a description of his invention, will be scattered throughout the United States among capitalists and manufacturers, thus bringing to their attention the merits of the invention.

All communications regarded strictly confidential. Address

JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Solicitors of American and Foreign Patents, 618 F Street, N. W., Washington, D. C. Box 385.

Reference—editor of this paper. Write for our 50-page pamphlet FREE.

THIS PAPER is on sale in Philadelphia at the Newspaper Advertising Agency of Messrs. N. W. AYER & SON, our authorized agents.

HOMING PIGEONS.

PROGRESS MADE IN BREEDING AND TRAINING THESE BIRDS.

The Great Service They Rendered During the Siege of Paris—The Prices Paid For Them In England Range From $5 to $300.

Carrier pigeons must not be confused with homing pigeons. The former is a fancy pigeon, especially prized for the largeness of its eye and wattles, but quite useless as a messenger. Both are cousins of the dragon, but the fancier, in the case of the carrier, has bred purely for points, color, shape, etc., while the homing pigeon fancier cares nothing for these things. With him it has been "handsome is as handsome does," and stamina with intelligence has been his aim.

The homing instinct goes back to the fountain head of all the varieties, the blue rock itself. The bird, in fact, has been made and is the product purely of that game of extermination known as "the survival of the fittest." The one thing which gave the fillip to the sport was undoubtedly the siege of Paris. The French fought and lost one great battle after another till they were driven within the iron walls of Paris. Then it was that the city, entirely surrounded by the allied forces, found herself cut off from all communication with the outer world. A few patriotic fanciers offered their birds to the government, and so was organized the pigeon post, by which means the government was kept alive to the doings of the besiegers, and the besieged could receive communications from their friends outside. The modus operandi was this: A balloon left Paris, taking with it a pannier of pigeons, and, once clear of the Prussian outposts, the balloonist made his way for some recognized center.

The messages to be sent to Paris were then, by means of photography, reduced so that a page of The Times could appear on a small piece of paper or film two inches by an inch or so. In this way a single pigeon was the bearer of upward of 300 messages, the aggregate cost of which to the senders was considerably over £100. The first three pigeons carried in this way over 1,000 dispatches. Upward of 115,000 official and private messages were brought into Paris by the pigeons, and the records of the pigeon and balloon service of the siege of Paris certainly read more like a romance of the Jules Verne type than simple historical facts. The services rendered during the memorable siege set all the world a-wondering, with the result that nearly all the governments of Europe (our own being the great exception) at once established military lofts, which have been extended on every hand and are being perfected.

While the governments thus recognized the value of the homing pigeon for military purposes a few stalwart fanciers in this country discovered a new medium of sport, with the result that J. W. Logan, M. P., and other recognized "fathers of the fancy" imported the best birds that Belgium had to offer, and it is from these birds and those imported since that the racing pigeon in this country has been produced. I have little hesitation in saying that upward of £20,000 per annum has been spent during the last 25 years in purchasing the best birds, and that at prices from, say, 20 shillings for a squeaker up to £60 for a proved racer or stud bird. The first public long distance races in this country seem to have been organized about 1870, and from that day to the present the homing pigeon has been gradually clearing its character of being a public house plaything, fit only for mile to three mile sweeps, until now towns innumerable and villages throughout the country have their flying clubs, with a programme of races starting generally at about 70 and extending in many instances up to 500 miles. Wherever, too, the Britisher has gone, there also has he taken his terrier and homing pigeon, and we now hear of the bird as a recognized institution in America, India, South Africa and Australia. So rapidly has the sport extended in the last few years that it would seem the next 50 may see the racing of homing pigeons recognized as the world's great sport.

The great ambition of the northern fancier is to fly 500 miles in the day. This, up to the present, has not been accomplished, although birds have been home well before breakfast the morning after liberation, having flown upward of 550 miles. The performance can, however, readily be done on a favorable day, and many fanciers in and about London accomplished the route from Thurso, N. B., the winning bird flying 501 miles, with an average velocity of 1,454 yards per minute for the entire distance. These 500 mile performances in the day are quite common in Belgium, and the distance has also been covered in America.

You may search the whole annals of athletic performances or feats of strength, and, as far as it is possible to contrast two distinct things, the homing pigeon will go one better than the best of them. Take this as an everyday example: Birds are liberated at, say, Ventnor, to fly 200 miles into the north of England, and the wind is blowing at the rate of upward of a mile a minute dead against them, and yet dozens of the birds will be in their lofts under 400 minutes. The day may be cold, and a sleet storm or two may have to be encountered; but the result will be the same. If the day is such that the birds cannot see their way, but have to feel it, and the wind bloweth from the quarter that is neither good for man nor beast, then comes "the winter of our discontent;" we shall find the winning bird's velocity reduced to about 700 yards per minute and have a bare 5 per cent of the liberated birds home the same day. These are the races to be won, and these are "the good 'uns to breed from" and to perpetuate the wonderful pluck and stamina of the homing pigeon.—Badminton Magazine.

Stepniak on Russia's Czar.

In an interview with Stepniak, a report of which appears in Great Thoughts, he was asked his opinion of the new czar. "There was a time," he replied, "when Russian Liberals cherished a hope—I may say, indeed, a considerable degree of hope—but the new czar has disappointed every expectation of the most moderate among our progressive parties. He has shown himself utterly incapable of departing from the traditions of his predecessor, and will continue to play the ungrateful part of official screen to bureaucratic tyranny."—Westminster Gazette.

We have had this spring in America no war, it is true, to fix the eyes of the world upon us. But we have had something equally great. We had the opening of the baseball season.

If it had been a question of fine horses instead of rival senatorial candidates, the Kentuckians would have settled it very soon.

TOOLS FOR SURGEONS.

Where the Carvers In Human Flesh Find Their Implements.

Every great city has a hundred and one curious businesses and trades, factories, individual callings and shops that seem to bear no especial relation to the commerce of every day. It does not seem as if these odd business interests had much to do with the prosperity of the world, or were concerned in it at all. It is typically American that perhaps the most interesting of the strange establishments in New York deals with science and inventive ingenuity.

The building where this curious business—it is the manufacturing of every sort of surgical instrument and device—is lodged is itself one of the strangest in New York. But a few blocks from the city hall, it looks as though the surrounding piles of brick and mortar had squeezed it into half its proper compass. The first floor is a salesroom. The hall floors above are devoted to stock, plan and work rooms. In a little two story building in the yard at the back is the "experimental and repair workshop," where eight to ten nimble fingered mechanics are on hand.

There is here one room where remarkable ideas are born or assume form, each one of them concerning in some way the physical welfare of men. Every inch of its wall is covered with framed photographs of the most famous physicians, past and present, of Europe and America, each bearing an autograph signature, all in frames precisely the same. A huge, old fashioned desk stands by the window, piled high with foreign scientific reviews in all languages, catalogues and models in gleaming metal, hard rubber and glass. Here the present controllers of the establishment sit all day, poring over drawings or half designed instruments and studying the suggestions and ideas that scientific and medical men from all ends of the country pour into their ears.

The elder of these men has been at this work for 47 years, and the establishment was not young then. Thousands upon thousands of surgical devices have come forth from it. Four hundred or 500, perhaps 1,000, inventions of real practical value and utility are turned out of this room each year. Doctors write, describing what a certain medical appliance, could it be made thus, might perhaps, probably would, accomplish, and forthwith plans are made, and after much study and care the instrument is designed and dispatched.

No charge is made the doctors, nor, on the other hand, do the medical men derive any profit, however successful their idea may work out. The establishment considers it an honor to be applied to, the more times the better, and it knows the repute of its product is spreading far and wide. Thousands of dollars yearly go out on this continual experimenting. Some of them never return. Even in the event of great success and the discovery of a completely new surgical principle a patent is seldom taken out. The doctor inventor cannot because of medical ethics. The establishment finds it hardly worth its while because of the expense and the small number made of any one instrument.

It is as good as a fairy story of the old sort to spend an hour or more in this room and see and hear of the curious things being planned and experimented with. Many seem to the laymen fantastic in their uses and the results accomplished with them not to be believed. One instrument of this sort is the bullet probe telephone, with which the modern surgeon, an ordinary telephone receiver strapped to his ear, can hear when his probe touches the bullet far within the tissues, a distinct click.

Many of the implements made here have almost revolutionized certain branches of surgery. In a box on the heaped up desk spoken of lay, the last time the writer visited this room, a delicately adjusted, minute instrument, with a scale marked along its length. Its purpose was to make probing in the brain safe beyond a doubt. A probe of any required size fitted into the handle, and as the surgeon gently inserted the tip and went farther and farther within the skull the scale would register the exact energy of the pressure. Beyond a certain point there was danger in penetration. If the scale registered over a certain fraction of an ounce, it proved that the probe had left the track of the bullet and had touched cellular matter.

"The most curious thing I ever made?" replied the old instrument maker, repeating the question. "That is a hard one to answer. There have been so many strange things. But—yes—I think the most curious was an appliance I designed on the ideas of a doctor somewhere in the southwest for 'sucking' snake bites. It was a little instrument any one could carry around with him, and when set on the wound would, the doctor thought—I don't know, I can't say myself—suck the poison out in short order. I made the instrument according to instructions, and the doctor professed himself well satisfied. How it worked in actual practice I never heard."—New York Tribune.

Leighton's Punctuality.

One well known and decidedly inartistic quality of Lord Leighton was his punctuality. He was once in Damascus and was urged to remain there, but he declined. His reason was that he had to be in London on a certain day because he had made an engagement with his model. A friend was anxious to learn whether Lord Leighton had actually kept this engagement, and he found that when the artist was ascending the staire- traight from Damascus the model w.. ocking at the door of the studio.—San Francisco Argonaut.

He Got It.

First Thug (after the hold up)—Did de old gent come down wid de boodle when you told 'im you wanted some money an you wanted it bad?

Second Thug (disgustedly)—Yes. He said he would take me at me word, an he handed me out er $5 counterfeit bill.—Brooklyn Eagle.

Unfortunately Put.

"Uncle," said the impecunious nephew, "you ought to go and see the new play. You would just die laughing."

The old man merely glared. In a few moments later there could be heard the sound of a scratching pen as he altered his will for the forty-fourth time.—Cincinnati Tribune.

Subscribe for the NEWS.

Constipation

Causes fully half the sickness in the world. It retains the digested food too long in the bowels and produces biliousness, torpid liver, indigestion, bad taste, coated tongue, sick headache, insomnia, etc. Hood's Pills cure constipation and all its results, easily and thoroughly. 25c. All druggists. Prepared by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass. The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Hood's Pills

EXPENSIVE BRASS BANDS.

Over Ten Thousand Dollars for a Jewelled Cornet.

The writer was recently accorded the privilege of a peep into the museum attached to the factory of one of the largest firms of brass instrument makers in London.

In one corner is a duplicate of what is believed to be the most costly presentation cornet ever produced. It was made to the order of the late Czar of Russia, and is of sterling silver, richly graven with various devices, among which the arms of the imperial house of Romanoff figure conspicuously. The whole of the ornamentation is of beaten gold filigree work, and the "bell" of the instrument is thickly incrusted with rubies and emeralds. Its net value is a trifle over 2,000 guineas.

Near to this interesting relic is a facsimile of a set of drums which were made for the new Rhodesia Horse. The peculiarity lies in the fact that the cases are of aluminum, a precaution rendered necessary by the number of white ants that infest that country. The other instruments are of brass, silver-plated, and the whole band cost some £350.

The private band of the Rao of Cutch, cost originally £900, and renews most of the instruments every four or five years. The tigerskin used by the Rao's big drummer, which was sent over here to be prepared and mounted, was taken from an animal killed by His Highness, and measured over seven feet in length. It is lined throughout with heavy corded crimson silk, and the brute's eyes are simulated by a pair of big yellow diamonds.

Another very fine band was made three years ago to the order of the late Shah of Persia. All the instruments were of pure silver—which, by the way, does not give forth so good a sound as brass, besides being far heavier to handle—inlaid with gold. The total cost of this band de luxe was a trifle under 3,000 guineas.

A curious order was received a short time ago from the Emperor of Morocco. It was for eight clarionets for one band. As the instruments in question were all in one key, it is probable that they were to be played in unison. The effect upon an average man of eighty band clarionets blown simultaneously would probably be to create in him a wild desire to take to the woods and become an aborigine. Even to imagine such an ear-piercing combination sets one's tympanum quivering.—Answers.

The Dog and the Wallet.

Had it not been for a little spaniel, a Pennsylvania farmer would have lost a large sum of money. He had in his possession $2,100, with which money he intended to purchase a piece of ground; but, for some reason, the negotiations fell through at the last moment, and he started for home again, with the money in his wallet. The distance was four miles, and at one place the road led through a dense wood. He was plodding along, about dusk, with the dog at his heels, when a masked man sprang out at him, and demanded his money. He struggled hard, but was felled with a blow from a club. Suddenly an idea struck him. Calling his dog, which had been gallantly aiding him, he thrust the wallet in the little fellow's mouth and waved him away. The dog instantly ran into the woods, with the robber after him. The farmer crawled to the side of the road, and rubbed himself until he was able to walk. Just then, the spaniel bounded from the woods, still carrying the wallet between his teeth. The farmer secured the wallet, ran back on the road, and succeeded in returning to town without further molestation.—Golden Days.

FOR OBESITY.

Not Medicine, But Exercise and Diet Produce the Best Results.

As a matter of fact, the very best method of reducing obesity is not by taking any of the medicines which are advertised for the purpose—which, although they may agree with some, often prove very disastrous to others—but by resorting to ordinary means, such as by taking plenty of exercise, especially walking, using dumbells in moderation in the morning when unincumbered by clothes.

These should not be heavier than from two pounds to four pounds, and should be used for about ten minutes.

Turkish baths are also very useful things to reduce this adipose tissue, and a cold bath every morning is a very great help.

No heavy meal should be eaten immediately before going to bed, and at all times things of a fattening nature should be avoided, such as pastry, sweets, puddings. All these things, with many others, tend to make flesh, and they are therefore, better left alone altogether.

A meat diet at any time is not nearly so fattening as one composed of other things; but if the diet is restricted altogether to meat, the probabilities are that although the body may lose in weight, the complexion will suffer, so that it really becomes a question of which it is best to do, and this is best settled by avoiding extremes, eating at regular hours, and not taking food at all times and at all hours.

COSTLY BICYCLE FADS.

Wheels Ornamented with Silver and Other Metals to Gratify Whims.

In anticipation of the season some fashionables are ordering wheels with silver adornments, handsome silver lamps and other accessories.

The foundation of these wheels must always be steel tubing, since the finer metals are too soft for the purpose; yet they may be made very beautiful, with silver tracery over the entire frame, the pedals, handle bar, saddle and tool bag fairly encrusted with silver ornamentation. The ends of the handle bar are sometimes made of ivory, while the skirt guard is laced with white silk cord.

For these ornate wheels silver lamps are being prepared, which will range in prices from $35 to $100, the latter being embedded with pearls. The cyclometer are made of nickel, with silver mountings, and on the handle bar is fastened a dainty silver bracket from which hangs a silver watch; price, $10. Toe clips will not be used with these machines. The entire outfit will cost $450.

No gold whatever is being put upon wheels. As an experiment one wheel was entirely plated with gold, but with very unsatisfactory results. Our fashionables will trust themselves only on machines of solid metal. Each rider, however, will have her monogram or crest on the silver name plate which is fastened to the frame. These frames can be secured at a very reasonable figure, and are within reach of every wheelwoman.—New York Evening Telegram.

A TIGER HUNT IN INDIA.

Fate of a Guide who Did a Foolhardy Thing in the Jungle.

In Onting, Dr. J. H. Porter describes his Indian guide, who showed him a tiger as a lean, black, wolf-like man, whose name was Sikunder Singh, who was a monomaniac about tigers.

There are said to be stylish tigers and others not stylish. The lordly tiger is the man eater. He is at once the hero and the aristocrat of the race, and where he roams the cattle killer must be silent for the man eater, though sprung from the lowly rank of wild beast hunters and rises through the middle classes of cattle killers, brooks not the boasting in the roar of an inferior. It is in the absence of cattle during droughts that the cattle killer turns to man flesh. He fears men but will not become animal hunter again, the pride of the race is against it.

When the tiger has killed a steer and fed thereon, he goes to where the karinda grows thick and lies in the nullah, lazy with the meat in him and sleeping lightly. It is here, as he takes his nap, that the hunters find him. It is for the hunter's desire to have his tiger fight, to turn and charge the ones who seek his handsome pelt, but Porter's tiger knew better.

"Stripes" bolted and with cool judgment sneaked from place to place, like a still hunter, aided by a coat, which in the jungles is protectively colored, and away he went up the gully, galloping like a horse, his soft paws making no sound.

A stifling cloud of dust arose from the brittle grass raised by the trampling elephants. The deadly Indian sun beat down and turned the landscape black in the eyes of some of the less hardy ones. In the shade, which was soon reached, a troop of monkeys showed the way. A tiger can hide anywhere, and in the heavy cover, one must look as for a needle in a haystack, far and near. The tiger was found at last in the jungle's edged. A shot aimed at the beast hit him in the side, far back, a wound that made the beast a dangerous one. There was a pretty how-de-do. The tigor would kill if it got a chance, and the beaters went into trees. Singh got off the elephant and started after the tiger afoot, angry at what he called the depravity of men.

Of all things a hunter can do, hunting a wounded tiger on foot is the most reckless. In cover the man afoot is at the beast's mercy. Sikunder Singh was out of sight. Suddenly there was a long fierce snarl in the bush and the rustle of a heavy body; then arose a long, quavering cry of mortal agony. All knew what it meant. The elephants were goaded forward, and wild yells and frantic screams arose from all sides, the elephants joining in the pandemonium.

In a little clearing was Singh in the mouth of the tiger, his thin arms and legs tossing as the tiger drew back. No one would shoot through the human shield into the tiger. But at the left a man got a flank shot. Dropping the man the tiger sprang at an elephant's face, tearing it down by the head. The hunters came together about the two and a bullet broke its neck. The tiger weighed 600 pounds.

The huntsman who would have been the first to denounce so foolhaady an act as his own, never spoke coherently again. His spine was crushed.

AN INFANT SANDOW.

When Only Nine Months Old Could Lift a Twenty-five Pound Weight.

Henry Edward William Ward, the child of Mr. and Mrs. H. D. Ward, of Lewiston, Me., developed very fast, and at an early age began to show signs of remarkable strength for an infant.

Mr. Ward, who was something of an athlete in his younger days, thought he saw the foundation for a remarkably strong man in his son, and when he was about three months old adopted a gentle system of exercise, through which he put Henry every day. He also put his little son on a diet that was muscle producing, and in a few weeks was delighted to notice a great improvement.

Then some light dumbbells were provided for the boy, and under the careful tuition of his father he soon manipulated them surprisingly well. Young Henry's weight was so great for a youth of his age that he did not develop much speed as a sprinter, and his main strength, brought about by his dumbbell and Indian club practice, is in his arms and chest. When only nine months old he was able to lift a dumbbell weighing 25 pounds clear of the floor.

The boy is not surprised at anything, and takes his training as a matter of course. He has learned to talk rapidly, and is as bright as a new dollar. Every muscle in the little fellow's body stands out prominently, and his flesh is as hard and firm as a professional boxer's. His biceps are developed in an astonishing manner and feel like iron.—New York World.

BRANDED WITH ICE.

A Student Imagined He Was Being Terribly Burned When Initiated.

At Harvard University some years ago a great row was made over the discovery that in one of the societies it was a custom to brand some of the new members with a hot iron by way of initiation. The Chicago University students have modified this Spartan treatment by using ice instead of the hot iron. Seven neophytes, candidates for Snell Hall, were blindfolded and put through a course of good-natured horse play peculiar to college boys. Then one of them, Cleveland by name, was called forward for the branding process.

Cleveland had been a candidate for the '96 eleven, and was anxious to wear a "C" on his foot ball sweater. He was now told that his desire for athletic fame was to be gratified; that is, he was to have the "C" branded on his chest. The young athlete was stripped, his hands and feet were tied, and then a hot mustard plaster was applied to his breast, so that he might become "accustomed to the heat." Meanwhile he could hear a hot iron sizzling close at hand. When the young man was just in the right condition of terror the branding was begun. His tormentors, taking a piece of ice, inscribed on his bare breast a large, frigid "C," while the poor fellow, with teeth set, writhed in agony. Six other boys were subjected to the same imaginary torture, and they all said that the sensation was painful enough to have been the real thing.—New York Journal

Cautious.

The example of a Scotch baronet of old might be valuable as regards the only safe method of proceeding to arbitration. Sir John Innes, after discussing the preliminaries of an arbitration, was asked:

"But will ye abide by my award?"

"Faith, I would like to ken first what it is," replied Sir John.

WITH THE HUMOREST.

Husband—Do you know, my dear, I never get tired of looking at that photograph of you.

Wife—Why don't you have it framed and hung up in the club.—Life.

"My dear, I think you are a trifle too particular."

"Why?"

"In putting wire screens over the doors and windows so our flies cannot get out and associate with the neighbors' flies."—Chicago Record.

A—How will your wife be dressed at the fancy dress ball?

B—Partly in a lace trimmed fancy costume.

A—And partly—?

B—Partly not at all!—Das Kleine Witzblatt.

Doctor (who has been sent for at 2 a. m.)—Madam, send at once for the clergyman, and, if you want to make your will, also for the lawyer.

"Good gracious, is it so dangerous, doctor?"

"Not a bit of it; but I don't want to be the only one who has been disturbed in his sleep for nothing."—Dumb Animals.

Bobbie—Can't you spare me a shilling out of all you have saved this week?

Uncle Frank (visiting)—How do you know, Bobbie, that I have saved anything?

"Father says you save three pounds a week when you visit us."—Answers.

Inquiring Child—Papa, why do people cry at weddings?

Parent (abstractedly)—Most of them have been married themselves.—Comic Cuts.

A Good Story of Dr. Darwin.

A striking story is told by Darwin in the life of his godfather, Dr. Darwin, of Shrewsbury. One day a patient entered the consulting room of a London physician and detailed the symptoms of his illness. It was an obscure and difficult case, of a kind that was only imperfectly understood, and the London doctor confessed himself fairly puzzled. He could only state that the patient was in a most perilous state.

"There is but one man in England who understands the disease," said the London doctor, "and you should go and consult him. It is Dr. Darwin, of Shrewsbury."

"Alas!" was the answer, "I am that Dr. Darwin."

Japan is Frenchified.

The Empress of Japan has discarded the picturesque costumes of her country. Her Majesty's wardrobe is made in Paris, and she has a decided preference for tight fitting, small-waisted gowns. The royal example is followed by the ladies of the court, and State functions no longer present their former polychromatic appearance. It is a curious coincidence that the discarded Japanese costume combines all the latest ideas on dress reform embodied by its apostles here and in Europe.

The Tramp was Cheeky.

A benevolent lady in a Michigan village undertook to fill a hungry tramp who came begging to her door. The saucy fellow found fault with the victuals, laughed at the "patent leather pie," and ended up by remarking that he never expected to fully recover from the damaging effects of that meal. When the husband came home at night and heard the story he was mad clear through. "You cowardly chump," said the man to his son, "when you heard that critter talking that way to your mother, why didn't you come and tell me. I'd a walloped him."

"I heard him, pa, but I was in the back yard and thought it was you. He went on just the same as you when the grub don't suit. I didn't think anybody else would have the cheek to talk to mother that way."—Detroit Journal.

Epidemic of Paper Pillows.

The latest health fad, according to Good Housekeeping, is paper pillows. The paper is torn into very small pieces and then put into a pillow sack of drilling or light ticking. The pillows are very cooling in hot weather, and are said to be superior to feather ones. Newspapers are not nice to use, as they have a disagreeable odor of printer's ink, but brown or white paper and old letters and envelopes are best. The finer the paper is cut or torn the lighter it makes the pillow.

Relentless.

"Can't you make the front entrance wider?" asked one of the trustees, inspecting the plan of the proposed new church a little closer.

"Not unless you build on a wider lot," answered the architect, decidedly. "If the ladies are afraid of mussing their sleeves in a six-foot doorway they will have to go through edgewise."—Chicago Tribune.

About the Father of Waters.

De Soto, after discovering the Mississippi River, died on its banks May 21, 1542. The mighty river has been flowing ever since, but it was not until about twelve years ago that Capt. Glazier discovered its source. Its length is now stated to be 2,960 miles, although for all practical purposes it may be said to be 3,000.

Consoled.

It is possible to find occasion for thankfulness under the most adverse circumstances. A good story is told of an old organ-blower who was dying. The curate was visiting him.

"Would you mind, sir, asking our organist to play the 'Dead March' over me?" asked the sick man.

"Certainly I will, Chapman," said the curate.

"Thankee, sir; none of that ere tweedledum Beethoven, you know, sir; only Handel's."

"I am sure he will do it," responded the curate.

The old man lay placidly for awhile, and then exclaimed, with fervour:—

"How thankful I be that I shan't have to blow for him when he plays the loud part at the end."—Tid-Bits.

China Passports.

The lines on no two human hands are exactly alike. This fact is utilized in China in an interesting way. When a traveller desires a passport, the palm of his hand is covered with fine oil-paint and an impression is taken on thin, damp paper. This paper, officially sued, is his passport.—Tid-Bits.

Not Safe to be Too Positive.

A cantankerous old farmer who hardly ever agreed with anything his wife said to him, came home one wet day, and placing his back to the fire, stood up to dry.

After some little time his wife turned to him and said:

"John, you'll better watch yourself, or you'll burn your flannels."

To which John replied:

"I think I'll need to burn my trousers first."

"Indeed, John, you'll need to do naething of the kind—they're burned already."

Had Better Consider It.

It is well known, and sorrowfully admitted, by all intelligent persons, of candor, that the social and moral world is being shocked every day by the increasing number of high crimes against person and property, notably against personal and family rights and privileges.

Those dastardly acts of recklessness, butchery and suicide, of which Coroner's juries say that "there was no apparent cause," "no reason could be found," and kindred verdicts, are puzziling the minds of *very many* eminent moralists of the present day.

Undoubtedly one reason for this is that many pulpiteers and moralists study and preach more often upon 'Olympic Games," "Base Ball," "The Bicycle," "Military Schools" "Politics," etc., than upon the subjects of "Angels," (good and bad) and the "Devil"—chief of the evil ones—which are among the most important subjects treated upon in the Bible. They are directly and indirectly mentioned 1,582 times!

The book, "Spiritualism Examined and Refuted," which is admitted to be a wonderful compendium of facts appertaining to the great system of "Spiritual Philosophy," does so treat upon the subject of angels—both good and evil—that their origin, nature, character and office are readily understood in a practical way, even by the common people. Hence, to read the work carefully, is to be forearmed, which is to be informed; insomuch that the otherwise unlearned may escape the calamities often consequent upon ignorance of Human and Demon Magnetism.

Human Magnetism, or Mesmerism, now scientifically called "Hypnotism," is a mental or psychological force which *often is*, and *always can be* a stepping-stone to Demon Magnetism, which is, simply, real "Spiritual Phenomena. *This fact is not now generally known!*

The work clearly shows that the *teachings* of the Bible withstand all criticisms, and, also, that ALL of their enemies quote from them when they wish to say anything *morally grand*, or to formulate any moral criterion for practical reference.

While this book does not mention any church or denomination, it *does prove*, incidentally, that the Almighty God of Bible account is a JUST, rather than an *unjust* Being; and that He is still on the giving hand, even to His worst enemies; and that they may, *if they will*, have eternal life as well as this day of probation.

It would interest more than a million of people in our own country to know that this work is *the first one of its size* to present clear-cut proof that *only* those who accept Christ as their Saviour have *any title* to immortality. The contrary view is the foundation on which Spiritualism rests.

The experience, close study and observations of the author for more than thirty years, and the introduction of 200 quotations, with book and page and paper and date given, makes it a valuable library for reference.

Attention is called to some of the commendations this book has received:—

REVIEW of REVIEWS; "He [the author] considers Spiritualism to be a pernicious force in modern society, hostile to all religious and he defends this view by Biblical argument and by an array of documentary evidence which shows a great expenditure of energy."

REV. H. L. HASTINGS, editor of the *Christian*, "Mr. Dadmun's book contains a large number of facts and extracts which I am very glad to get hold of. I do not doubt the general correctness of his positions."

Philadelphia *Bulletin*:—"Certainly the book is a valuable work of reference, if not for study, by those interested in the questions the author has striven to answer."

OUR HOPE AND LIFE IN CHRIST:—"It is a valuable book for all English reading families, and, also, for preachers, lectures, and debaters against Spiritualism."

MESSIAH'S ADVOCATE:—"The book will well repay the trouble to peruse it, in furnishing them with overwhelming evidence against the false claims of Spiritualism."

CAMDEN POST:—"The greatest questions pertaining to Man, here and hereafter, are discussed with brevity, comprehensiveness and—if pointed evidences from many sources are considered—with considerable ability; thus making it worthy of study by any student of human, superhuman, or Divine forces, the evil as well as the good."

REV. MILES GRANT, the well-known writer, lecturer and debater:—"It is a work for the times. It is comprehensive, abounding in important facts, just such as are needed to form a correct conclusion as to the merit of Spiritualism."

REV. G. F. HAINES, Salem, Mass. said to the author:—"I have read every word in your book. It is a valuable work, especially for reference, and I use it as such."

MESSIAH'S HERALD:—"This work is intended to explain the mystery of Spiritualism. We have no doubt that the position by the author that it is a mixture of false and real phenomena is correct. As to the character of the supernatural element in its workings, we endorse the conclusions he reaches, that the agencies at work are the Devil and his angels. There is no doubt but the scathing denunciations of the false theology of Spiritualism are justified in the premises."

REVIEW and HERALD, Battle Creek, Mich.:—"The author occupies the true position in regard to conditional immorality, and hence holds the only true vantage ground from which the claims of Spiritualism can be successfully refuted.

The author shows that Spiritualism is not a humbug, as so many claim, and are thereby thrown off their guard; that it is not religion; that its claims are false; that its phenomena are beyond human power, and that its teachings are destructive to morality, and utterly blasphemous."

DR. A. F. RANDALL, Port Huron, Mich.:—"I can conscientiously say it is a *grand* book—ought to be read by everybody; then philosophers would no longer go about like Diogenes with lantern in broad daylight."

The NEWS has already said Spiritualism is one of the most important subjects of our time, and this book treats it exhaustively, and it completely. This work has been selected by the Mendota College specially adapted to the Bible School."

This is a regular $1.50 book but to more quickly spread its usefulness this edition has been reduced to $1.25 postpaid. To ministers and teachers $1.00.

Address C. F. SLEEPER.
Palmyra, N. J.

THE MYSTERY EXPLAINED.

The mystery of Clairvoyance, Spiritualism and the Bible accounts of soothsayers and persons possessed with devils, and kindred phenomena, have long puzzled many candid minds.

"Spiritualism Examined and Refuted," by Elder John H. Dadmun, is one of the most important works of our time; it treats the System exhaustively and "refutes" it completely.

This work shows that much of the social and moral evil which news journals say is terribly on the increase, is traceable to the TEACHINGS of Spiritualism. Indeed a large per cent. of mysterious suicides are but results of doctrines taught by evil angels who control persons under favorable conditions and make them *Destroying Mediums.*

It is worthy of study by any student of human, superhuman or divine forces, the evil well as the good.

No church or denomination is mentioned, and nearly every quotation has its date and authority given, making the book valuable for reference.

It has received highest commendation.

The only book that *disproves* the claims of Modern Spiritualism.

468 pp., 8 vo., large type, on fine white paper, excellent portrait of the author, bound in cloth, with stamps and edges of gold. Price, $1.25, post-paid. To ministers and teachers, $1.00.

Address C. F. SLEEPER,
Palmyra, N. J.

C. F. COX,

—DEALER IN—

Fresh Meats, Poultry AND Vegetables,

Broad Street below Delaware Avenue.

NEXT DOOR TO FIRE HOUSE.

PRICES ARE RIGHT....

GUS. MOHRMAN,

PRACTICAL BOOT AND SHOEMAKER,

CUSTOM WORK A SPECIALTY.

REPAIRING. Open Until 10 P. M.

520 LECONEY AVENUE. PALMYRA.

J. W. SHADE,

Contractor & Builder.

PLANS, specifications and estimates furnished. All work strictly first-class in every particular. Jobbing promptly attended to at reasonable rates. Best of reference furnished.

A share of your patronage is respectfully solicited.

J. W. SHADE,

P. O. BOX 866. 411 LECONEY AVENUE PALMYRA

FOR ALL THE LOCAL NEWS READ

THE WEEKLY NEWS.

THE WEEKLY NEWS.

C. F. SLEEPER, Editor and Proprietor. A BRIEF CHRONICLE OF CURRENT EVENTS. PRICE, THREE CENTS.

Vol. XIII.—No. 33. PALMYRA, N. J., SATURDAY, JUNE 12, 1897. $1.00 per annum in advance.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD
LOCAL TIME TABLE.

In effect May 16th, 1897.

EASTWARD.							WESTWARD.					
Philadelphia.	Delair.	W. Palmyra.	Palmyra.	Riverton.	Riverton.	Palmyra.	W. Palmyra.	Pal.	Delair.	Philadelphia.
a.m.	a.m.	a.m.	a.m.	a.m.	a.m.	a.m.	a.m.	a.m.	a.m.	a.m.
6.10	6.33	6.37	6.39	6.42	5.50	5.52	5.53	5.58	5.58	6.20
7.10	7.33	7.37	7.39	7.42	6.44	6.47	6.49	6.55	6.55	7.20
					7.22	7.25		7.30	7.30	7.50
8.20	8.42	8.47	8.49	8.52	7.47	7.50	7.52	7.56	7.56	8.20
10.30	10.50	10.54	10.56	10.58	8.17	8.20				8.40
p.m.	p.m.	p.m.	p.m.	p.m.	8.54	8.57	8.59	9.03		9.20
12.00	12.22	12.27	12.29	12.32	9.07					9.30
*1.00	1.21	1.25	1.27	1.30	10.26	10.29				10.50
1.40	2.03	2.09	2.12	2.15	p.m.	p.m.	p.m	p.m	p.m	p.m.
2.30	2.50		2.55	2.58	12.02	12.04				12.30
3.30	3.52	3.58	4.00	4.03	12.10	12.16	12.02	12.19	12.19	12.40
4.00				4.22	1.31	1.34	1.36	1.40	1.40	2.00
4.30			4.50	4.52	2.10	2.13	2.15	2.19	2.19	2.40
5.00			5.22	5.25	3.30	3.33	3.35	3.39	3.39	4.00
5.10	5.36	5.42	5.44	5.47	3.49	3.51				4.10
5.30			5.53	5.56	5.18	5.21	5.23	5.28	5.28	5.50
6.00	6.18	6.23	6.25	6.28	6.16	6.18				6.40
6.30	6.52	6.59	7.04	7.07	6.51	6.54	6.56	7.00	7.00	7.20
7.30	7.51	7.55	7.57	8.00	8.11	8.14				8.35
9.00	9.22	9.27	9.29	9.32	9.51	9.54	9.56	10.00	10.00	10.20
10.30	10.51	10.57	10.58	11.01	10.54	10.56	10.58	11.00	11.00	11.20
11.45	12.05	12.09	12.11	12.13	12.21	12.24	12.25	12.29	12.29	12.50
SUNDAY TRAINS.										
a.m.	a.m.	a.m.	a.m.	a.m.	a.m.	a.m.	a.m.	a.m.	a.m.	a.m.
8.45	9.09	9.15	9.17	9.20	8.26	8.29	8.31	8.37	8.37	9.05
9.15	9.39	9.45	9.47	9.50	p.m.	p.m.	p.m.	p.m.	p.m.	p.m.
p.m.	p.m.	p.m.	p.m.	p.m.	12.51	12.54	12.56	1.00	1.00	1.20
1.30	1.52	1.57	1.59	2.02	5.16	5.19	5.21	5.27	5.27	5.50
5.45	6.07	6.11	6.13	6.16	7.28	7.31	7.33	7.40	7.40	8.05
10.00	10.21	10.26	10.28	10.31	10.15	10.18	10.20	10.25	10.25	10.50

*Saturday only.

GENERAL TIME TABLE.

Leave Palmyra as follows:

For Trenton, Newark and New York, 6.39, 7.39, 8.49, 10.56 a. m., 12.29 2.55, 4.00, 4.50, 5.53, 7.57 p. m., week-days; 9.47 a. m. 1.59, 6.14 p. m. Sundays.

For Riverside, Delanco, Beverly, Edgewater Park and Burlington, 6.39, 7.39, 8.49, 10.56 a. m., 12.29, 2.12, 2.55, 4.00, 4.50, 5.23, 5.41 5.53, 6.25, 7.04, 7.57, 9. 9, p. m., and 12.11 night, week-days, 9.47 a. m., 1.59, 6.14, 9.17 and 10.28 p. m., Sundays.

For Bordentown, 6.39, 7.39, 8.49, 1.56, a. m., 12.29, 2.55, 4.00, 4.50, 5.22, 5.53, 6.25, 7.57, 9.29, p. m., and 12.11 night, week days, 9.47 a. m., 6.14 9.17 and 10.28 p. m., Sundays.

For Hightstown, Jamesburg, South Amboy, 7.30 a. m., and 4.00 p. m., week days. For tickets and further information apply to agent at the station

J. HUTCHINSON, General Manager. J. R. WOOD, Gen'l Pass'r A't.

BUSINESS CARDS.

Edmund Wilbert. Clarence T. Atkinson.

WILBERT & ATKINSON,
COUNSELLORS - AT - LAW.

Practice in all the Higher Courts.

325 Federal Street, Camden, N. J.

D. H. WRIGHT,
ATTORNEY--AT--LAW,
OFFICE 720 DREXEL BUILDING,
PHILADELPHIA.

Houses for Sale or Rent.
Building Lots for Sale.
Rents collected.

Henry Hollinshed, Jr.,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
AND SOLICITOR,
205 Market Street,
CAMDEN, N. J.
Residence—Delair.

Where You're Blind You'll See

what a mistake you made in not taking care of your eyes when you had them. If they pain you, call on me; I will examine them without charge and tell you how to correct the trouble with the least expense and the greatest certainty.

SPECTACLES AND EYE GLASSES — EYES CAREFULLY TESTED

C. A. LONGSTRETH,
228 Market St. PHILADELPHIA

A RIFF OF ANNUAL WATER RATES OF THE
Riverton and Palmyra Water Co.
PRIVATE HOUSES.

Hydrant in yard or kitchen, ½ in. tap, $6.00
" " " ¾ " " 8.00
No consumer will be charged a less amount than for one hydrant under any circumstancef.
Hydrant in both yard and kitchen, ¾ in. tap, 8.00
Hydrant in both yard and kitchen, ¾ in tap, 10.00
A screw nozzle or other device to attacy hose on hydrants is not permitted except by special arrangement.
Bath tub, 4.00
Water closet, self-acting, pan valve or reservoir, each, 3.00
All other kinds, special rates urinals, each, 2.00
Stationary wash-basins, each, 1.00
" " tubs, each, 1.00
Pavement tap (to be used as pave wash or for sprinkling or both not exceeding 3 hours in any one day, for 50 feet or under)
Each additional foot, 50 to 100 feet, 8 cents per foot or 100 to 200 feet, 4 cents per foot.

THE BURLINGTON CO.
SAFE DEPOSIT & TRUST CO.,
MOORESTOWN, N. J.

CAPITAL.....$200,000.000.

Authorized by law to act as Executor, Administrator, Guadian, Trustee, Assignee, Receiver, Agent, etc., and executes Trusts of every description; receives desposits of money payable by chec and allows three per cent. interest thereon.

OFFICERS.

WILLIAM M. PAUL, President.
DAVID D. GRISCOM, Vice President.
WILLIAM W. STOKES, Treas. and Sec'y.
CHARLES EWAN MERRITT, Solicitor.

William M. Paul,	Moorestown,	N. J.
N. Newlin Stokes, M. D.,	"	"
Alfred H. Burr,	"	"
Henry Doughten,	"	"
John C. Hopkins,	"	"
Josiah Lippincott,	"	"
Mordecai Hunt,	"	"
Chas. Ewan Merritt,	Mount Holly,	"
Isaac Fenimore,	"	"
Howard Parry,	Riverton,	"
Isaac W. Stoes,	Medford,	"
Albert Hansell,	Rancocas,	"
David D. Griscom,	Marlton,	"
William J. Irie,	Vincentown,	"
William R. Lippincott,	Fellowship,	"
David Masters,	Phila.,	Pa.
Clayton Conrow,	Cinnaminson,	N. J

For the convenience of the public business with this company can be transacted through Mr. Howard Parry at his Riverton for Palmyra offices.

BICYCLES.

BICYCLES TO HIRE

No special permit is required to ride a wheel. Call on us at any time you may need one. We will fit you out with either a new or second-hand one. Our stock comprises all the latess makes.

ALL KINDS OF BICYCLE SUNDRIES.

James H. Bowers, Agt.,
S. E. COR. BROAD AND MAIN STS., RIVERTON, N. J.

Repairing a specialty.

ESTABLISHED 1865. TELEPHONE No. 773

BIOREN & CO.,
BANKERS,
No. 136 South Third Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Transact a General Banking Business.
Stocks and Bonds Bought and Sold on Commission.

CAREFUL ATTENTION GIVEN TO INQUIRIES IN RELATION TO INVESTMENTS.

JOHN E. MORTON,
UNDERTAKER,
Broad St. above Maple Avenue, Palmyra.

JOSEPH BISHOP,
CONTRACTOR and BUILDER,
Of Frame, Brick or Stone, Dwellings and Business Houses.
Only the very best materials and lowest prices charged consistent with *First-Class and Reliable Workmanship.*
Numerous building plans may be seen at my office. If desired, Specifications, and estimates will be furnished at short notice.
Call or Address,
JOSEPH BISHOP,
FOURTH ST., AND GARFIELD AVE., PALMYRA, N. J.

HOWARD PARRY, C. E.
RIVERTON AND PALMYRA.
Surveyor, Conveyancer, Notary Public, Commissioner of Deeds.

Deeds, Mortgages, Wills and Legal Documents carefully drawn and executed. Loans negotiated upon most favorable terms. Rents collected, houses for sale and to rent. 6 per cent. mortgages for sale. Fire, life and Accident Insurance. Reliable companies and lowest rates

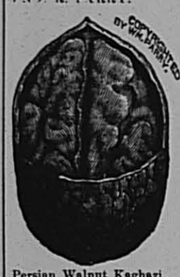
Correspondence Solicited.

JOHN C. BELTON,
UNDERTAKER,
(Formerly with the late Samuel Jones),
MOORESTOWN, N. J.

Branch Offices { Riverside, Riverton, 520 Cinnaminson Ave., Palmyra.

Telephone No. 7. Eighteen years experience in Philadelphia.

I. N. R. PARRY. 300 Acres. 55 Years. WM. PARRY



Persian Walnut Kaghazi.

POMONA NURSERIES.
ESTABLISHED 1838.
A large and complete stock of
Fruit and Shade Trees, Evergreens and Ornamentals, Nut Bearing Trees
In great variety. Flowering shrubbery, climbing vines, hardy oranges, Eleagnus, Longipes, Buffalo Berries, Rock, Mountain Atleberries, and many other valuable novelties. Small Fruit Plants Grape Vines, Etc., Etc., Etc.
Illustrated Descriptive Catalogue Free.
Wm. PARRY, Parry, N. J.

When in Philadelphia, try a cup of the
Home Brand Plantation Java Coffee
of Messrs. Srtawbridge & Clothier's, where it is served free of charge. It is packed, ground, pulverised and whole bean, in one pound non-metalic-boxes and is for sale in Riverton and Palmyra, and by all the leading Philadelphia grocers. 38c a pound.

HENRY A. FRY & CO.,
ROASTERS AND PACKERS, 131 MARKET ST., PHILADELPHIA.
The above Coffee used and recommended by Mrs. S. T. Rorer, Phila.

For Sale by J. M. Roberts, Chas. Loyd and H. Read.

Subscribe for
∴THE WEEKLY NEWS.∴

THE TOYS.

My little son, who look'd from thoughtful eyes
And moved and spoke in quite grown up wise,
Having my law the seventh time disobey'd,
I struck him and dismiss'd
With hard words and unkind—
His mother, who was patient, being dead.
Then, fearing lest his grief should hinder sleep,
I visited his bed,
But found him slumbering deep,
With darken'd eyelids, and their lashes yet
From his late sobbing wet.
And I, with moan,
Kissing away his tears, left others of my own,
For on a table drawn beside his head
He had put within his reach
A box of counters and a red vein'd stone,
A piece of glass abraded by the beach,
And six or seven shells,
A bottle of bluebells,
And two French copper coins, ranged there
with careful art
To comfort his sad heart.
So when that night I prayed
To God, I wept and said:
"Ah, when at last we lie with tranced breath,
Not vexing thee in death,
And thou remembered'st of what toys
We made our joys,
How weakly understood
Thy great compounded good,
Then, fatherly, not less
Than I whom thou has molded from the clay,
Thou'lt leave thy wrath and say,
'I will be sorry for their childishness.'"
—Coventry Patmore, as Originally Printed in Pall Mall Gazette.

HE MARRIED MARY.

Although he had, in addition to a local habitation, a name of his own—Peter Dunn to wit—he was always known as "the man that married Mary." By profession he was a plumber of some repute—that is to say, he knew by heart the meanderings and idiosyncrasies of every drain in the village, and he added to this experience knowledge, for he had the sense to carry about with him such white lead as was necessary to the fulfillment of his calling, instead of expecting the same to grow wild in every well ordered household—a false expectation which obtains among plumbers. For six days of the week he plumbed, but on the seventh (or rather the first) he dressed himself in a little brief authority and a sort of black nightgown, and stood revealed to the eyes of an admiring village as the verger of the parish church. It was impressive to see him conduct to such seats as he deemed meet for them the strangers within his gates, and the way wherein—during the anthem—he distributed the almsbags among the recipients for whom they were reserved was a function in itself. On one memorable occasion, when performing this last mentioned rite, he stumbled over a top hat, placed in the aisle by some unwary stranger, sent it spinning up the church, and staggered after it in hot pursuit. For one awful moment it seemed that the pillars of church and state were alike trembling, then the worthy verger righted himself, restored the stumbling block to its owner, and concluded the function, to the unfeigned delight of the sons of the rector, who longed ever afterward to present a testimonial to the unknown author of the catastrophe. The inhabitants of Cheriton did not wear top hats, and if they had they would have known better than to place such obstacles in the path of the just, so the rector's boys concluded that some alien brow had been, so to speak, the head and front of the offending, and they blessed that brow accordingly, and never forgot the great "kick off at 7 o'clock," as they called it.

But all these paltry honors and dignities paled beside the fact that Peter Dunn ("plumbing verger" or "verging plumber," whichever one was pleased to dub him) was above all things "the man that married Mary." Beside this crowning distinction all meaner honors sank into insignificance. Mary had been the reigning beauty of Cheriton for more years than she would have cared to confess to when she arrived at the conclusion that "leading apes" was not so satisfactory an occupation as marrying plumbers and so decided to espouse her devoted adorer, Peter Dunn, who had regularly proposed to her every Saturday afternoon for—well, at least 250 Saturdays, at the lowest computation. With her office as reigning beauty of Cheriton Mary Mills had combined the duties of village schoolmistress. She was a good girl, and did her work well, but she had no natural love of teaching, and she was very thankful at last to lay her occupation aside and become Mrs. Peter Dunn instead. Mary felt (as indeed did all the village, Peter included) that she had conferred an unspeakable favor upon her husband in marrying him, and to the day of her death she treated him more as a king consort than as a verger and plumber in his own right, which he undoubtedly was, for Mary was what the villagers call "genteel" and founded her ideas of men and women upon the heroes and heroines of such silly and sensational novels as came in her way, and, judged according to that standard, Peter certainly fell short of ideal manhood. As long as she lived Mary measured Peter by these stupid measurements and found him short and plain and commonplace and rough mannered. Afterward she probably learned to measure him according to the measure of a man—that is, of the angel—and discovered that her plain little plumber was more of a hero than all the men of straw she had delighted to read about in the foolish days of her flesh, but of this we have, of course, no record. Poor Mary, however, will not be the only one who will find the standards of this world all wrong in the light of the next one, and there is much comfort in this thought.

But though she looked down upon him on account of his rougher manners and inferior education Mary Dunn was sincerely attached to her good little husband, and succeeded in making the few years she was spared to him years of radiant bliss for Peter. As for him, he simply worshiped the ground on which his wife walked. Mary had a younger sister, of whom she was inordinately proud, who was a governess in a gentleman's family. She was, according to Mary, "quite the lady," and would, so Mary thought, consider it a degradation to visit so humble a home as the Dunns', which showed that poor Mrs. Dunn's standards of good breeding were as erroneous as her standards of other things. Therefore, though Mary sometimes went to see the beloved Amy, Amy never was allowed to come to Cheriton or to be brought into contact with that excellent man, her brother-in-law. Probably had she come Amy would have despised Peter as much as Mary did, for not to every one is it given to see the deeper meanings and to hear the hidden music in the common things of life—least of all to such frivolous little souls as those of the sisters Mills.

After Mary had been dead for some years a general feeling spread through Cheriton that the man that married Mary was becoming a miser. He made a very good income, and as there were no children had only himself to support now that Mary was gone, and yet he saved and screwed at every point, which brought him into disrepute at Cheriton. The charwoman who cleaned his house told thrilling tales of a tin box, securely locked, which had its abode under Peter's chest of drawers, and into this box the imagination of Cheriton transferred all the savings which Peter so carefully boarded.

One day the rector's eldest son, Jack, now at Oxford, rushed into his father's study, crying:

"I say, dad, what do you think? The man that married Mary has been robbed of all his savings."

The rector pushed up his spectacles and gazed benignly at Jack from under them.

"Dear me, dear me, what a sad thing!" he murmured. "How much money has been stolen?"

"Nobody knows, but the tin box out of his bedroom has gone, and the poor man is demented."

"No wonder," said the kind old rector.

"The thief evidently climbed through the window while Dunn was out, as the door was locked."

"Did he take anything besides the tin box?" asked the rector.

"No," answered Jack, "for the very good reason that there was nothing else inside the house worth the carriage. There must be a pretty pot of money in that box, dad, for never a pipe in the whole village bursts without the man that married Mary being well paid for mending it, and he is remunerated for his pew opening duties, too, and yet he hardly has enough to eat, I hear, and there is nothing in his house worth a half crown piece. The savings in that old tin box must tot up to a pretty sum."

"Dear me, dear me! It is very sad, Jack, my boy, when the love of money thus takes hold of a man—very sad indeed."

"Well, the old boy is punished for it now, anyway," said Jack, with the untempered justice of the very young and inexperienced, "and I am glad of it."

"I'm not," sighed the rector. "I suppose punishments do good, but I am always sorry when there is a necessity for them. If poor Mary had lived, Dunn would never have got into these mean ways, she was such a bright, pretty, superior girl."

Which remark showed that the dispensations of Providence are wiser after all than the reasoning of the most charitable old rectors.

Later on in the day Jack Levett caught sight of a dark object lying in a ditch. He pulled it out and found it to be a tin box, with the lock pried open. In it there was nothing but a packet of letters in Mary Dunn's pretty, old fashioned writing and some faded roses, brown and crisp with age. The former he was too much of a gentleman to read, but he concluded they were love letters, as they were addressed to Peter Dunn, but as there was no money in the box he conjectured that the thief had taken what was valuable and thrown the rubbish away. So he took it straight to Dunn, with many condolences.

"I have found this box of yours in a ditch, Dunn," he said, "but I fear all the valuables have been taken out of it."

Peter seized the box and examined its contents.

"No, it's all right, Master Jack," he cried, with excitement. "Fifteen letters and 10 roses and not one missing. Oh, how can I thank you enough, sir, for restoring them to me? I shall never forget your kindness as long as I live."

Jack looked puzzled. "But wasn't there anything else in the box?" he asked.

"No, sir, this is all, and it is all I have on earth that is of any value to me. Fifteen letters that my Mary wrote me while we were courting and 10 roses that she gave me at different times. And to think that they are all safe, and not one missing. I shall never cease to bless you, Master Jack, for what you have done for me this day—never."

"I thought there must have been money in the box, you seemed in such a way about it."

"Bless you, sir, I shouldn't have made all that fuss if it had only been money. But, you see, these letters are all that I have left of my Mary, and I read them over and over again. She was a rare scholar, my Mary was."

"And so pretty, too," said Jack kindly.

"Aye, Master Jack, she was that, and the sweetest way with her. Why, I could tell you the history of each of them ten roses, and where we were standing, and what she said when she gave it to me, only I should feel somehow as Mary mightn't like it. But I say her dear words over and over to myself and never forget them, though it would seem irreverent like to repeat them to another person, even to one of the quality like yourself."

"Of course, of course," said Jack hastily, feeling a queer, uncomfortable lump in his throat, and then they went on to talk of other things. So the man that married Mary was comforted, and the hiding place of his savings remained a mystery.

A year or two after this Jack Levett was traveling in Switzerland and fell in (and out) with some people called Lawson. Mr. Lawson was a flashy young man, with a great many rings and no manners, and his wife was a pretty woman, who falsely imagined herself a lady and reveled in the delusion.

"I think I 'eard you mention you came from Cheriton in Blankshire," said Lawson one day to Jack at the table d'hote.

Now, Jack had never mentioned the fact, but Mr. Lawson had discovered it by a diligent perusal of Jack's luggage labels, whereof Jack was perfectly aware, so he answered shortly:

"Yes, I come from Cheriton."

"Then, p'raps you know a connection of my wife's who lives there—a very wealthy man," continued Lawson in an ingratiating manner.

Jack certainly knew all the wealthy people in or near Cheriton, and he also knew that they belonged to a class which would not have counted the Lawsons among their acquaintances, much less among their relations, so he cautiously inquired the name of Mrs. Lawson's kinsman.

"It's 'er brother-in-law, Mr. Peter Dunn, 'er sister's widower," explained Mr. Lawson. "Since 'er sister's death 'e 'as allowed my wife a 'undred a year, and if 'e's as rich as I imagine I think 'e might increase the allowance."

"Why?" asked Jack dryly.

"Well, you see, my wife's sister married beneath 'er, so I think it is only old Dunn's duty to pay for the privilege of being related to such a genteel family. I gather 'e isn't quite what you'd call a gentleman—not like you and me, you know."

Jack shuddered and felt an unholy desire stirring within him to knock Lawson down; but, stifling his desire, he said quietly:

"Mr. Dunn is an excellent man, and one for whom I entertain a profound respect, but you are mistaken in considering him wealthy."

Lawson's face fell. "Then you don't think 'e could increase the allowance?" he asked.

"I feel sure he could not do so, whatever his wishes might be. It is only by denying himself that he is able to make it as large as it is. Of this I am certain."

"And you don't think 'e'll have much to leave then?" inquired Lawson gloomily.

"I should say nothing. I can assure you he is a man of most limited means, and under the circumstances the allowance you mentioned is princely in its munificence."

"Oh, my word! You 'ave upset me, Mr. Levett. It's 'orrible to 'ave common relations who aren't even rich, don't you think? Riches is the only excuse for commonness, to my mind."

"Pardon me," said Jack stiffly. "You are deluded in thinking that Mr. Dunn was in any way inferior to his wife or her sister. For my part I can only say that I am proud to count him among my friends," and Jack stalked off in high dudgeon.

"Oh, my!" exclaimed Mr. Lawson meditatively. "To think of Amy's old brother-in-law turning out to be not so rich or so common as we thought. 'E must be something particular if that young swell counts 'im among 'is friends, for a more unfriendly, stuck up chap I never met. 'E won't chum with me at any price. But I'm glad to 'ear Amy's people aren't as common as I thought. I despise commonness and 'ave always prided myself on being quite the gentleman, but I can't help feeling a bit 'urt at that young Levett not being more affable with me."

And it was several days before Mr. Lawson's self satisfaction recovered from the bruise Jack had administered to it.

When Jack Levett reached home, he endeavored to persuade Peter to cease to deny himself for the sake of such worthless people as the Lawsons, but in vain.

"Bless you, sir, I don't do it to please them; I do it to please my Mary, and she'd set her heart on Amy bein quite the lady."

"But they are so ungrateful, so unworthy," argued Jack, "and I don't believe the money does them any real good."

Peter laughed. "But that don't matter to me," he said. "I do what Mary wanted, and I don't bother about anything else. If Mary had wanted me to throw my money into the river, into the river my money would ha' gone. I don't want money's worth for my money; I only want to please my Mary. The squire spends his money on hunters, not because he wants to kill foxes for food, but because he loves huntin for its own sake. You spend your time on cricket, not because you are paid for it, but because you love cricket for its own sake, and pleasin Mary is my huntin and cricket, don't you see?"

"That's it, is it?" said Jack quietly.

"The only joy I ever had in my life was Mary, and the only pleasure I have now is doin what I think Mary would wish. And when I meet my Mary again I know she'll be rarely pleased to hear how I have toiled and saved to please her, and as to how the Lawsons spent the money. Why, bless you, Master Jack, do you suppose that when me and my Mary are together once more we'll be worryin our heads about such rubbish as the spendin o' money?"

And Jack Levett felt that he ought to take off his hat in the presence of the man that married Mary.—Young Woman.

Reassured Him.

Office Boy—Dere's a gent outside wot wants t' see yonse on urgent business. Says dat he's frum Phillydelphy.

Editor—Well, say to him that he need have no alarm. Lee has surrendered, peace is restored and confidence regained. But break it to him gently.—New York Journal.

Is Diamond Dust a Poison?

Attention has been drawn lately to the statement in an official work issued by the government of India that "diamond dust is known to be a powerful mechanical poison." This is objected to with an emphasis that should prevent the waste of diamonds hereafter by persons desirous of removing their enemies. Mohammedans in the far east still entertain the belief strongly, but it is said that investigators have never met anybody who, from his own knowledge, could describe the visible effects of administered diamond dust. It may be remembered that the great trial in India of the Gaikwar case brought out the statement of the commissioners who heard the evidence that the dust had no injurious effect on the human body. Here, then, is another superstition exploded, although it still lurks even in official documents.

Pneumatic boxing gloves are an improvement over the old style, as they can be made hard or soft by forcing air into their backs through a valve in the wrist.

A QUEER ADJUTANT.

AN ARMY INCIDENT RELATED BY A RETIRED OFFICER.

The Peculiar Conduct of an Adjutant at a Montana Post While the Commanding Colonel Was Absent—How the Mystery Was Solved Two Years Later.

"It has never been in the newspapers," remarked the retired army officer, referring to something he had been saying as the reporter joined the group.

"It must have happened 1,000 miles from a printing press or a postoffice then," ventured the reporter, who has an idea that everything worth knowing is to be found in the newspapers.

"I was just on the point of telling a story," said the officer, "of a peculiar happening which occurred some twenty odd years ago in Montana. To make it a bit clearer, I may say for the benefit of those not posted on military matters that the country is divided for military purposes into departments and districts, having a major general, let us say, in command of a department and some subordinate in command of the district. In the department are several districts, and in the district are several posts, the post commanders being of still lower rank. In this instance a colonel had been given the district of Montana, and, as was customary, he had appointed the adjutant of his regiment, a West Pointer, by the way, as his acting assistant adjutant general, whose chief duty it was to promulgate the orders of his chief, said orders always being signed, Colonel Blank, district commander; Lieutenant Blank, acting assistant adjutant general, and it was obligatory, of course, upon any one in the jurisdiction of Colonel Blank to obey these orders without question.

"As time moved on under the new commander and his A. A. A. G. we began to notice that the adjutant had queer spells and acted strangely, but it was not quite enough to cause alarm, and we gave it no great amount of thought until one day he left the post with a detail of men, a four mule team hauling their stuff and driving along with them a lot of government horses and mules. The colonel commanding had left the day before for St. Paul to attend a court martial, and the officer in command during his absence had nothing to say, because the adjutant showed him the orders of the district commander to the effect that he take such a detail and the stock and go on an expedition to the south to deliver them at another post. That's all any of us at the post knew, and, whatever we may have thought of it, it was none of our business to question orders which were as plain and regular as apparently were those the adjutant was acting on.

"Nearly three weeks after the adjutant's departure the detail of men and their four mule team returned to the post in command of the sergeant, who reported that he had been ordered by the adjutant to return to the post with the men and team and he would report later. This was the extent of the official report, but some of us concluded we would make some further inquiry, which developed the rather startling fact that the adjutant had proceeded south for two weeks at a very leisurely pace, selling as he went along to any one who would purchase at any price he could get the horses and mules he had with him in his train, and he had kept going as long as his stock lasted. As soon as the supply was exhausted the detail was ordered back to the post.

"On this information the colonel, on his return a few days later, made an investigation of the adjutant's books and papers and of those officers who had furnished him with all he took away with him, and it was discovered that every man who had anything in charge that the adjutant wanted to complete his expedition could show a proper order for the same duly signed by the district commander and by the acting assistant adjutant general. Everything was done regularly, and of course every subordinate who had received any orders from the adjutant had hastened to obey, until all he needed had been turned over to him and the whole had been duly authenticated. Nor was it forgery exactly, for the adjutant was very nearly acting within his powers as far as signing his chief's name was concerned, anyhow.

"Then the colonel and everybody else made an effort to find the adjutant, who had disappeared as completely as if the earth had swallowed him. Nothing came of it, however, and his army and home friends had given the case up in despair, when one day at a post in Arizona, nearly two years afterward, the lieutenant who had just arrived at the post met an enlisted man somewhere about the place who seemed like some one he knew. He watched the man for a few minutes and then went after him. He at once called the soldier by the name of the adjutant, who had been his classmate at the academy, and the adjutant responded, but could only vaguely explain why he had disappeared and, stranger still, why he had gone back into the army as a private soldier. Of course the lieutenant at once had an investigation set on foot, which resulted in a private hearing, which further resulted in the squelching of the case on the ground of mental aberration and the return of the demented man to his home.

"At last accounts, which was two years ago, he was still living, and though not to say crazy, was beyond any question very decidedly off, so that it is probably just as well that a verdict of insanity was returned and Uncle Sam shouldered the loss of his horses and mules in silence."—Washington Star.

Comforting.

The Bride—Why, George! Why did you give the minister so much?

The Bridegroom—Policy, you know, Carrie. May want to employ him again in the same way some day.—Boston Transcript.

According to recently compiled statistics, the Bible is now printed in 381 languages, 52 versions having been added in the last five years. Forty-two of these versions are credited to English and Scotch societies, and 5 to American societies.

Two Women In This Case.

There are two brothers in Detroit who now look the other way when they pass by. This is all the more to be noticed because two boys more affectionate toward each other never grew up together. It is not very long since there was a double wedding in which they participated as principals. They did not take the same wedding trip and did not see much of each other till each was settled under his own vine and fig tree.

"Prince," said Charley when they made their first visit as benedicts, "I congratulate you with all my heart. You have a charming little wife."

"That's right, old man. Same to you. I'm in great luck, getting the sweetest, prettiest, smartest woman in the world."

"I'll acknowledge that she's a good second in the race, Prince, a splendid second, but the superlatives you have used belong to my wife. She is a shade or two the best of any other woman on earth."

"All right. You keep right on thinking that way, but in figure, feature, mind and all the graces of her sex I married the nonpareil. I'm not trying to dispel any of your delusions, but facts are facts."

"You make me weary. I know a score of women that will compare very favorably with your wife, and I'll give you the whole human family in which to find one like mine."

"I don't care to find one like her. Fortunately for me I have the pick of the flock now. Some men have no sense, anyhow, where there is a woman concerned."

Then the argument descended into the calling of names, the saying of much more than was meant and a final agreement that they were eternally done with each other. After awhile the wives will come out of the clouds and make it up.—Detroit Free Press.

Astrology and Horse Racing.

Lord Rosebery's horoscope has been drawn, or cast, or whatever may be the proper term, by the editor of "Zadkiel's Almanac," and not least interesting of the astrologer's statements is his assertion that the computations were made "by permission." As his lordship has not been moved to deny this it may be regarded as true and adds credibility to Augustus J. C. Haro's revelations as to the trend toward supernaturalism which marks the British aristocracy. Most of the so called horoscope is sheer gibberish, but it contains a few amusing sentences and a few prophecies definite enough to be dangerous to the maker. "Zadkiel" says that Mars has dominion over Lord Rosebery's mind, and he quotes Claudius Ptolemy, whoever he may be, as declaring that the "influences of this star render men noble, imperious, versatile, powerful in intellect, acute, self reliant, stern and able in government." Jupiter and Mercury also took a hand in the favored statesman's destiny, and thus "configuration," it appears, makes a person "fit for much business, fond of learning, public orators, temperate, skillful in counsel, politic, beneficent, able in government." The evil influence was Saturn. This star "marred the public career of Lord Rosebery and brought him many sinister and bitter enemies, even among his own party." That was cruel of Saturn, but better days are coming. "His lordship's fifty-third year," says "Zadkiel," "will bring some good directions into operation, promising advancement and success. He has a very good chance of winning the Derby on the 3d of June next with his fine colt Velasquez." Thus is astrology reduced to the giving of racing tips.—New York Times.

Berries That Make Cheese.

"Pursuing my investigations, I crossed over into northern Mexico, and I was for several days the guest of an intelligent Mexican family," says a writer in The American Kitchen Magazine. "One evening they had for supper a not unpalatable dish, to which they gave the Spanish name for cheese, but which was really a cooked curd, made fresh that day. The senora told me it was a common dish in Mexico during the maturity of certain berries the juice of which was used to coagulate the milk. After supper she sent one of the boys with me to show me the plant, and I identified it as a solanum, apparently Solanum carolinense. Of course all fruit acids will curdle milk, but this fruit contains practically no acids, its taste being about the same as that of the fruit of the common potato, a closely related species of solanum.

"I therefore infer that the complete coagulation of the milk in the case referred to was effected by a substance contained in the fruit which acts as rennet does, which action chemists regard as that of a kind of ferment. In eating the curd I could detect no taste of the berries or of any kind of acid. It had much the taste of fresh curds, with which I was familiar in my boyhood days on a New England farm."

John Bull Takes a Look at Himself.

England of today is what Carthage was in times of old. We are ruled by a hungry, greedy aristocracy, which, in its turn, is ruled by loan mongers and by company mongers. Honor and honesty under this regime are derided as old fashioned superstitions. The minister who can steal any territory whose inhabitants are too weak to resist us is acclaimed as a hero. The company promoter who can build a palace by appropriating the savings of his fellow countrymen is worshiped as a divinity. When we mow down Africans with maxims, we glory in this proof of our bravery. When, at the bidding of kings and emperors, we shall Europeans struggling to free themselves from the suzerainty of some wretch who claims their allegiance, we glory in our shame. And while we swagger and boast of our might we are in such abject fear of being attacked that we heap up armaments on armaments, because, no matter what we spend, we still would spend more to make us secure.—London Truth.

The Correct Term.

"Do you know the count actually addresses her in public as his treasure?"

"Treasure? His English is a little off. He means investment."—Indianapolis Journal.

THE WEEKLY NEWS
—AND—
SOUTH JERSEY ADVERTISER,
C. F. SLEEPER,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.
DR. J. J. SLEEPER, Associate Editor.

Terms—$1 PER YEAR IN ADVANCE

JOB WORK of all kinds promptly executed as cheaply and as neatly as any office in the County.

We solicit items of interest from all quarters of the State. Correspondents will please sign their names in full to all communications, not for publication but as a guarantee of correctness. Anonymous communications are not wanted.

Advertisers will find the News a valuable advertising medium. None but clean, respectable advertisements inserted.

A mark against this paragraph indicates that this is a sample copy of the paper, sent to you for your inspection free of charge, and that we should be glad to have you become a subscriber.

Orders by mail promptly attended to.

Address all communications to
NEWS AND ADVERTISER,
Palmyra, N. J.

RESIDENCE.—Corner Fourth and Garfield avenue, Palmyra, N. J.

Entered at the Palmyra Post Office as second class matter.

SATURDAY, JUNE 12, 1897.

FOOD FOR THOUGHT.

"He who neglects the present moment throws away all he has."—SCHILLER.

RIVERTON.

Garibaldy Glancy has a letter in this issue.

Ask the Mayor to show you that piece of poetry he has.

Money is being subscribed for a Fourth of July celebration

Thomas Roberts would like to see Bank avenue macadamized.

Mr. and Mrs. Edw. Showell spent several days this week at St. Davids.

The Burlington County Medical Society will meet at Moorestown on June 15th.

Arrangements of picnics for the Sunday schools is the talk of the officers and teachers

Mr. Thomas does not find his duties as a member of the Borough Council very congenial.

Bowers, the bicycle racer, will ride at Tioga this afternoon and then join the New York circuit next week.

The widows of Grant and Garfield receive from the United States Government pensions of $5000 a year each.

The party that lives in the Houghtaling house is not Hoskins the station. er, but his brother, Chas. R. Hoskins.

Subscribe for and advertise in your home paper and especially give the proprietor a chance at your job work.

Mr. and Mrs. Ezra Lippincott and Miss Bertha Lippincott have returned from a trip to Baltimore and Washington.

The Council proceedings on Thursday evening were more interesting than the report, in another column, would indicate.

Among the guests at the Lawn House are Mr. Sears of the *Philadelphia Evening Telegram* and his two daughters.

The fact that "Abbie" Cook sailed the boat that beat the Sea Gull, his brother, Lee Cook's boat, is not without comment.

The penny collection for the Burlington County Hospital amounted to the neat sum of $91 with several boxes yet to hear from.

The dance recently given by the Misses Frishmuth and others netted the handsome sum of $300, which has been sent to the Children's Home.

The annual excursion of the baggagemasters of the Amboy Division is announced for Sunday, July 4. More details will be published in due time.

"Wheelmen's Rests" promise to become as plentiful as snowball merchants, if the present rate of increase is kept up. No stone road is complete without one.

Despite the report blight of the strawberry crop by the late frosts the berries appear to be very plentiful in this vicinity and good fruit has been selling at four boxes for twenty-five cents.

The Children's Day celebration in the Presbyterian Church will take place on Sunday. A special sermon will be preached in the morning to the little folks and the special services will be held at 2 30 P. M.

A good way, and indeed the best way, to make the business of a street fakir unprofitable is not to patronize him. So sure as you go in and expect to get something for nothing you may depend upon being skinned.

Mrs. A. D. White, of Philadelphia, who moved up to M. M. Reese's house, on Monday for the summer, died on Thursday morning, of congestion of the lungs. She has not been well but her death was entirely unexpected.

Miss Mary Walnut, daughter of Mr and Mrs. Charles J. Walnut, and Miss Laura Hibbs, graduated from the Farnum school, at Beverly, on Thursday night. Quite a number from Riverton attended the Commencement.

The Governor vetoed the bill providing for the payment of a bounty on all beets raised in the State for the manufacture of beet sugar, giving as a reason that such measures have not proved satisfactory in the past.

Mr. Howard Watson and others have removed the turf and constructed a regulation croquet ground on Linden avenue near Broad. It is laid out and made the same as the grounds on which the National games are played at Norwich, Conn. Mr. Watson extends an invitation to friends to share the sport with him.

How's This!

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.
F. J. CHENEY & Co., Props., Toledo, O.

We the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligation made by their firm.
WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggist, Toledo, O.
WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo. O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces, of the system. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.

THE DEBUTANTE VICTORIOUS.

The race between the Debutante, Vice Commodore A. M. Taylor, and the Sea Gull, Captain L. C. Cook, both boats of the Riverton Yacht Club, was sailed on Saturday afternoon. The course was from an imaginary line between a stake boat and the Riverton wharf, thence up and around spar buoy 54, down to a stake boat below Riverton, and back to starting point twice around. Allowed distance about twelve miles.

The race was conducted under the supervision of the Regatta Committee of the Riverton Yacht Club, Messrs. John S. Muckle, Charles W. Davis, and Harvey J. Mitchell.

The squadron of the Philadelphia Yacht Club arrived Friday afternoon and anchored in the harbor, consisting of the flagship Helene, Julnar, Nanon, Mull, Vim, Zulan, Weona and the steamer Manistee.

The start was at 3 P. M. and in the fight for position the Debutante was the better handled and crossed the line first and was never headed by her rival, finishing 4 minutes 33 seconds ahead. The victory was due very much to Abbie Cook who sailed the Debutante.

After the race Commodore Wm. R Ellison received a large number of the visiting yachtsmen and ladies.

PUBLIC SCHOOL ENTERTAINMENT.

The entertainment at the Lyceum on Wednesday evening by Messrs. Bacon and Scott, assisted by the children of the Riverton Public School, was a very successful and pleasing affair and reflects credit upon all who took part in it.

There was one feature of the affair, however, which does not reflect much credit upon Riverton, and that was the unruly behavior of a number of boys who congregated at the back end of the room and succeeded in annoying the performers and audience by loud yells, whistling, stamping their feet, cat calls, hisses, etc., until the patience of everybody present was exhausted.

Strange to say this ruffianism is chargeable mainly to boys who do not attend the public school, (several of them live on the river bank) and as their parents as a rule do not attend the public school entertainments, these boys feeling under no restriant, did their utmost to annoy everybody present. The names of most of the offenders are known but out of the consideration for their parents, many of whom are very worthy people, they are withheld from publication.

BOROUGH BUSINESS.

The regular monthly meeting of the Borough Council was held in the Fire House on Thursday evening.

The Treasurer's report showed a balance of $595 20.

The Highway committee reported the ordinance to number the houses favorably and it was passed. The Committee saw Mr. Gatzmer's lawyer and tried to arrange a meeting to adjust the road matter but had not yet been able to meet him.

Solicitor Beldon gave an opinion that the Borough had no authority over laying out new streets on private land, but the same need not be accepted as public highways.

The committee which audited Treasurer McIlhenny's books reported the same correct.

An ordinance was introduced prohibiting the dumping of ashes, stone or garbage on the street and passed first reading.

An ordinance was introduced and passed first reading, regulating the impounding of animals.

An ordinance was introduced and passed first reading, to repeal the Borough licence ordinance. This will remove one of the contention in the Borough.

Bills were passed as follows:—

George Faust, marshal,	$33.30
Charles Armstrong, salary for May and June	60.00
Standard Oil Co., oil,	16.20
W. H. & G. W. Allen, wheelbarrow,	3.00
C. J. Boswell, printing,	14.50
J. Cunningham, Supt. of fire alarm, 1 year,	50.00
Dr. Marcy, service,	1.50
S. J. Coddington, affadavit,	.25

The report of the Chief Engineer of the Fire Department giving a list of fires and recommending the purchase of a ladder truck and rewiring the alarm system, was referred to the Fire Committee.

Mr. Thomas asked to be relieved from the Highway Committee, which provoked a wordy passage between him and Mr. Brown, chairman of the committe.

The Mayor tried to show Mr. Thomas that it was his duty to the Borough to remain, but upon his refusal he appointed Mr. Hardman in his place.

Council then adjourned until June 18th.

DELAIR.

Rev. Samuel Ward was entertained on Tuesday evening by H. L. Bonsall.

It is rumored that a new house will shortly be erected adjoining the Custer property.

J. E Rossell attended to business on Tuesday for the first time since his accident.

B. F. Rossell has arranged the post office boxes in much better shape in his new store.

The recent cold snap has retarded the growth of corn, and in some cases it has made the leaves yellow.

Overseer of the road Abe Bennett is placing Zimmerman avenue in first class shape. Keep it up, Abe.

Charles Kellom and Harry Hannum are thinking of making a trip to the wilds of Africa to seek their fortune.

Henry Hollinshed, Jr., has procured the cancelled mortgage from the Trust Company against the property of the late G. W. C. Purnell.

The Ladies' Aid Society of the Methodist church will hold their annual Lawn party on the lawn of the church, on Thursday evening, 17th inst.

The decorations at the Methodist church last Sunday were beautiful and the singing and recitations were much enjoyed by the large congregation present and much favorable comment on the designs originated by Messrs. Colfect and Truenier.

RAVERTUN, June 8, 1897.

To the Editor ov the WAKELEE NOOS.

Deer Sor: I recaved your welkim letther whin I wor about packin me kit till raturn till Ravertun, and I wor much edified, though not much shurprized at its contints. I hev thravilled a trifle in me toime, but even in the ould sod where ivery man wud be a king if he cud,—even in thim lond av embryo dimmykrats, I niver found a place whare the paple wor more in hoults wid wan anither, than they are in the turbulint Burrow av Ravertun.

On my arrival here I shtrolled into the squire's offis, thot bein the place where there wor the gratist likability av heerin phwat wos goin on, and who shud I find theer but me ould frind Corney Luker, and along wid him wor Hom Turley, Magden Ottis, Bed Frown (the councilmon) His Honor—the mare—, and Rummy Sadderrun (who they wor callin—"*de facto*") Av coorse they wor all glad till see (at laste they sed they wor) and afther the usual complemints sez I: 'Gintlemin, if I am parmitted till call yez such, I hev raturned amongst ye at a critikal pariod av yer history, polatically spakin, I feel thot distiny hez ordained thot you an mesilf shall be insthrumintal in luftin the scales, frum the eyes av the paple heer and showin thim how much betther it wull be till shtop hagglin and antagonizin aichother, and all pull togither for the common gude av this place.'

"Well shpoken, Garry," sez Hom Turley, "but yez must remimber thot its no small contrackt yez are undhertaken, for unliss we hev a law shuit or a contist in the Burrow, our nabors in Pulmoyra wull think we hev all moved out."

"Gintlemin"—sez his Honor the mare—"I om grately plased till lishten till the discoorse ye are hevin, and I want till say right heer, that I am wid ye in any iffort till bring pace and quiet till the place, and while I shtand befoor ye this noight wid a grater majoritee than I had tin days ago, I wull not allow this till swell up me pride till that extint that I wull forgit me frinds, nayther wull I be undooly harrd upon me enemies!"

Thin up shpoke Bed Frown, and sez ye. "Although I am shtill a councilmon, (notwithstandin theer are sum paple who wud hev bet mouny that I wuddint be wan) and as councilmin are sildom creditid for doin anything gude, yit even I will jine honds wid in an honist endavor till bring ordher out av chaos in the Burrow."

"Wull," sez Magden Ottis, "whoile I om as plased as enny av ye at the pac abuluiss av yer ramarrks, yit I hev luved long snuff heer till know thot we hev sum paple with whom, "saft words wull butther no parshnips," they must rule or they wull ruin, and in my judgemint theer is only wan way till do thim, and that is, whin ye hev thim down, Kape thim down!" As he uttered this ramark he brought his fust down on the table wid grate inergy and almoght knocked over a lot av boiled shuts thot hed jist came in from the Laundhry.

Corney Luker thin woke up from a nap he wor taken and sez he:

"Yer worrds are very knowlidgeable although their manin is not at all plain till me, but I wull say this,—and that is, it wor wan a mortial shame that it rained so harrd on Sattherday lasht. Shure there wor wan av the gratist min in the town who hed planned till take his boys away up the ruver till camp out for a toime, so to shpake, in ordher that he might git away from the excitement av the Boat Race, Moind ye.—him thot used to be so much intheristed in boat races, shure and av he wor the Vice-Commydhore himsilf, he cuddint be moor intheristed thon he wor wance and now till think that he hez so losht harrt in the shoort that he musht run away from the place whiniver a boat race is talked about. But for all that, I say, its a shame it rained."

"Wull," sez Magden Ottis, "hev ye harrd any talk av his contisting the weather Bewrow for giyin him such a rainy day?"

"No," sez Rummy Sadderrow, "he conshulted me about the matther, owin till my shuparior knowlidge av law matthers and owin till the fact that I hev been mishtaken for a lawyer on a foormer occasion, and I adveesed him not till make a contist, for the rayson that the weather clared off befoor noon consequintly it wor only a *de facto* rainy day."

And Rummy winked his other eye and hugged himsilf complacintly, well satisfied that his talints wor not bein wasted on an unappreshiative audji ence.

"It wor a funny soight I saw the day afther the contisted alectshun case wor dacided in favor av *our* party." sez Corney Luker "I wor on me way up till me gravel hole, and who shud I see but Slam Sim, Wammy Seat and anither mon whoose name I wnll not mintion bekase he is prisint here this night. Wull, av coorse I cuddint heer a worrd they wor a sayin, but I knew they wor discoorsin aboot the contist. Till see their long faces and notis the doleful moaner they shook theer heds ivery wance in a while, and thin whin some particularly aggravatin fature an the conversashun wud shtrike thim, till see thim *kickin the sand with theer fate*; Mon deer! it wud hev made a mule laff! –Now, it is a well-known fact that whin a Jerseymon *kicks sand* he is mad!"

Whin Corney sed this eviry wan in the house, except wan, laffed loud and long and that wan wor Rummy Sadderrow, he didn't laff at all—at all. Shure if a shtranger hed came in and looked at Rummy he would think that he musht hev bin lishtenin to a funeral orashun.

As it wor nearin nine o'clock and no wan wor buyin segyars the Squire coukludid till shut up shop, so we all picked our way through the dimly loighted strates to our homes,

Yoors Trooly,
GARIBALDI GLANCEY.

Now Feels Differently.

"I have been troubled with nervous and dizzy spells. After trying a number of medicines without good effect a friend advised me to take Hood's Sarsaparilla. I have now used four bottles and feel like a different woman. Hood's Sarsaparilla has done me so much good that I recommend it to all troubled as I was." Mrs. E. CHAMBERLAIN, Toms River, N. J.

Hood's Pills are the favorite cathartic.

WHEN THE CABINET WAS YOUNG.

Stories of the boyhood of Cabinet officers have been in order for some time. At the McKinley dinner the other day, Judge Hildorn, of California, recounted his experiences with "the boyhood of famous men." Said he:

"When I was a pupil at Hebron Academy, over 40 years ago, there were two boys in the academy to whom I was especially attracted. One came from Turner. He was a bright, spirited little fellow, the best scholar in his classes, very quick to learn, and the sort of boy that everybody said would 'amount to something by and by.' His name was Gene Hale. The other came from Buckfield and was a year or two younger, a little chubby chap, whom everybody liked We all called him 'Johnnie Long. He had read Virgil through, and knew a great deal of it by heart. He was a wonder, too in Latin grammar. After we le't school I went West and lost sight of them. Now I am here, a member of the naval committee in the House. "Gene Hale is at the head of the naval committee in the Senate, and 'Johnnie' Long is Secretary of the Navy.'

Hon. John D. Long is said to be the only member of President McKinley's cabinet who is a total abstainer, all of the other members, including the president himself, are occasional drinkers. We publish this little bit of news in order that our friends, the temperance Republicans, may get what comfort they can out of it.—*N. J. Gazette.*

LIQUOR SALOONS AND TAXATION.

The way in which the rum revenue relieves the people of the burdens of taxation is well illustrated in Iowa. From a table printed in The Iowa State Register, it appears that the tax has been climbing up since the adoption of the mulct law, and in 1896 was $200,000 more than in any year previous to the adoption of that scheme for making the liquor traffic reduce taxation Notwithstanding the contributions of the ginmills, Iowa stands face to face with a possible bonded indebtedness as the only way of getting money to pay its running expenses. This increase in taxation in spite of the rum revenue shows pretty conclusively that the liquor traffic costs more in dollars than it comes to, under any system providing for its continance, no matter at what price. In contrast to this sorry condition following the return of the ginmill to Iowa is Prohibition Kansas, which in two years has reduced its indebtedness more than $2,000,000. The two pictures are suggestive; license means increasing taxation and additional indebtedness; Prohibition the elimination of debt, and that during a period of business stagnation and financial stringency. The indications seem to be that Kansas will increase in prosperity while Iowa will decrease.—The Voice.

THE RESULT IN KANSAS AFTER 14 YEARS OF PROHIBITION

A system which takes the liquor traffic out of the realm of legitimate business, and makes it an alien in the commercial world and a criminal before the law, when once an established fact, more nearly than anything else removes the liquor question from the field of political manipulation. For a time the traffic may fight to repeal the hostile enactment, or it may skirmish in the interest of evasion, but it is unable for any considerable time to get the support of a political party in aid of open or secret lawlessness.

This has been the result in Kansas after 14 years of Prohibition. The Topeka *Capital*, of May 16, says that notwithstanding that the law has been violated, "It has proven itself the best method of dealing with the problem. It has effectually retired the organized saloon interest in politics.

The only place to make a certain connt of the noses of those who oppose the liquor traffic is at the ballot-box.

The political highway may be paved with church temperance resolutions without blocking the road to saloon prosperity.

It is too much to expect even the best qualified advance agent to carry a full load of prosperity and the pauperizing ginmill in the same cargo.

Those who object to the Prohibition Party because of its size could easily make it bigger, and help overcome their objection, by getting into it themselves.

The comfortable feeling of the average temperance Republican in Iowa makes him a candidate for sympathy. He can unload all his torment by geting into the Prohibition Party.

Old-party journalistic wisdom asserts that you can not prohibit men's appetites by law, and then pitches in to help pass a statute to regulate appetite. Wonderful logicians are these ginmill apologists.

Bishop Foster, of the M. E. Church, says: "The Church of God is to-day courting the world." Possibly, and it does not appear to be trying very hard to kill the devil, judged by its conduct on the liquor question.

Many people have made up their minds that the liquor traffic is a bad thing, but they have no method for destroying it. Until there is a union of purpose to kill the traffic, the ginmill will go on corrupting politics and killing men.

Once Tried, Always Used.

If we sell one bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remidy, we seldom fail to sell the same person more, when it is again needed. Indeed, it has become the family medicine of this town, for coughs and colds, and we recommend it because of its established merits——Jos. E. Harned, Prop. Oakland Pharmacy, Oakland, Md. Sold by G. T. Williams Druggist.

As this is the time to hang the hammock it should be hung according to rule which is six and a quarter feet from the ground at the head and three and three quarters above the ground at the foot end. The rope that secures the head end should be less than twelve inches, and that at the foot should measure four and a half feet. Arranged in this way the lower part will swing freely and the head be kept comfortable by being nearly stationary.

WANAMAKER'S.

PHILADELPHIA, Monday, June 7, 1897.

Our Underwear Sale is not Stopping.

The daily crowds are of those who learn from their neighbors what is going on here. Gathering nearly a million of pieces, and saving them for this exposition, has been an event in the business. A daring venture? Not at all, with our standards of goodness. Where these goods are made, what they are made of, and how the work is done, are the bars that the common, careless things cannot get over. Every town is full of "made to sell" stuff. In three cases out of four these so-called cheap lots are what we have refused.

Graduates' Outfittings LOTS to be done before she's ready for the day of heart-throbs and victory — commencement. Our help ulness? Here is a grouping of wearable things and fabrics for the gown—

SILKS—
Dainty White Figured Taffetas, 75c from $1 a yard.
Plain White Taffetas, fine qualities, 75c. and $1 a yard.
White Crepe de Chene, drapes gracefully, $1 a yard.
White Broche Indias, a variety of designs, 55c, 65c, 75c and $1 a yard.
Plain White Habutai, launders well, 30c to $1.65 a yard. The 30c quality is 27 in. wide. The others (six qualities) are all a yard wide.

DRESS FABRICS—cream color—
All-wool Challis, 37½ and 50c.
All-wool Albatross, 37½c.
Plain Mohairs, 50c to $1.50.
Figured Mohairs, 65c.
All-wool Henrietta, 30c to $1.23.
All-wool Serges, 40c to $1.
Silk-and-wool Novellies, 75c and $1.
Silk-and-wool Lansdown, $1.

The above are the standard stuffs for graduates' gowns, but the queen of the tribe is the beautiful silk-and-wool Lansdown—equal to a silk in richness, and more serviceable. We keep the pure white and cream white. $1 is the easy price.

FIGURED GOODS—
Many are buying the elegant French cottons this season. Rich and delicate printings.
French Printed Organdies, 35c.
French Printed Organdie Raye, 37½c.
French Organdies, plain colors, 30c.
French Grenadine Raye, 37½c.
Printed Dotted Swiss, 50c.

HANDKERCHIEFS AND LACES—
Duchesse Lace Handkerchiefs, 65c to $17. Put up in neat boxes.
Pretty Valenciennes Lace Handkerchiefs, trimmed with edging and insertion, 65c to $1.50.
Duchesse Lace Collars, newest shapes and designs, $9 to $25.
Renaissance Bolero Jackets, $7.50 to $16.50.

RIBBONS—
Close to half price and endless choosing. These lots are in the Millinery Show-room. WHITE RIBBONS we're thinking of, for graduates, but these lots include colors as well.
3½ in. Gauze Taffeta Ribbons at 18c a yard that are richly worth 35c.
Taffeta Ribbons, 10c, 15c, 18c, 20c, 22c yd.
Moire Taffeta Ribbons, 15c, 18c, 20c, 22c and 27c a yd.
Louisine Ribbons, 35c a yd.

MISSES' WHITE HOSIERY—

Sizes	8	8½	9
White cotton, plain,	.35	.35	.35
White plated silk, plain,	.85	.90	.95
White spun silk, ribbed,			$1.35
White pure silk, plain,	$2 40	$2 55	$2.70.

WOMEN'S WHITE HOSIERY—
White cotton, plain, 25c, 38c.
White lisle, plain, 38c.
White lisle, open-work clocks, 33c, 50c.
White lisle, open-work clocks and embroidered, 50c.
White lisle, Richelieu ribbed, 50c.
White lisle, all-over lace, 75c.
White lisle, lace instep, 75c, $1, $1.50.
White lisle, lace instep and embroidered, $1.25.
White plated silk, Richelieu ribbed, $1.25.
White pure silk, plain, $2 and $2.50.

GLOVES—
The Diana Mousquetaire Suede—
12-button length, $2.00
16-button length, $2.50
20-button length, $3 00
24-button length, $3.50
The Mignon Mousquetaire Kid—
12-button length, $2.50
16-button length, $2.75
20-button length, $3.50
24-button length, $3.75
4-button white suede, embroidered, $1.
The Princess May—4-button white kid, embroidered, $1.
The Burmont—4-button white kid, embroidered, $1.50.
The Dauphine—4-button white kid, embroidered, $1.75.
The Lavina—8-button length Mousquetaire suede, $1 50.
The Melrose—8-button length Mousquetaire kid, embroidered, $1.50.
Kayser's patent finger-tipped white silk gloves, 6-button length, 50c, 75c, $1.
Keyser's patent finger-tipped white silk gloves, 8-button length, $1.
16-button length white silk gloves, 75c, $1 and $1.25.

SLIPPERS—
The shoe-man has six hundred and fifty pairs of satin and kidskin Slippers that are to be sold at JUST HALF PRICE. The lot is so limited that of course you'll need to choose promptly.
White, pink and blue Satin Slippers that were $3 are now $1.50.
White Kid Slippers that were $2.50 are now $1.25.
Bronze Kid Slippers, some with straps, some plain, that were $3.50 and $3 are now $1.75 and $1.50.

John Wanamaker,

When a cyclist rings his bell he does not mean "get out of my way or I'll run you down." If he is a gentleman he only means to warn you that he is coming and will pass you in safety if you stay where you are. If this was more commonly understood the hard feeling that exists between the man awheel and the pedestrian would not occur.

What Hood's Sarsaparilla has done for others it will also do for you. Hood's Sarsaparilla cures all blood diseases.

The bicycle dog is everywhere upon the roads, and his attack upon wheelmen and wheelwomen are too frequent to be passed over as matters of no moment. It is no joke to be attacked by a vicious dog when riding a bicycle, and he must be a veritable athlete indeed, who can cope with a dog and at the same time maintain his equilibrium with a bicycle; some there are who can do this; but the majority of people, especially women and children, cannot. It is bad enough to have a dog running at and annoying a horse, but this is nothing compared with the dangers which beset a bicycle rider when attacked by a dog. People who keep dogs should be taught to understand that the animals have no right to trespass upon the highways and attack persons who ride by. Bicyclers should add to their outfit an "ammonia spreader." This is a large syringe filled with ammonia, a well directed shot of which effectually squelches the dog, and he soon learns to let bicycles alone. The ammonia is diluted to such an extent that it does not harm the dog.

AN ORDINANCE

FIXING A PLAN FOR THE NUMBERING OF HOUSES AND OTHER BUILDINGS FRONTING ON THE STREETS AND HIGHWAYS IN THE BOROUGH OF RIVERTON AND REQUIRING THE OWNERS THEREOF TO NUMBER THE SAME ACCORDINGLY.

Be it ordained by the Mayor and Council of Riverton:

SECTION 1.—That all houses or other buildings erected on lots fronting on the Streets or Highways within the territorial limits of the Borough of Riverton, shall be numbered according to the following plan: Beginning at Bank avenue and numbering South-east to Borough limits, and beginning at Elm avenue and numbering North-east to Borough limits.

SEC. 2.—That the owners of every house or other building erected or hereafter erected on any lot fronting on any Street or Highway within the Borough shall, within thirty days after receiving notice of the requirements of this ordinance and the number assigned by above plan to his or her house or building, which notice may be given by leaving the same at his or her residence or by mailing the same to him or her, caused to be permanently affixed to such house or other building, in some conspicuous place, the number so assigned to such house or building; the said number shall be in figures not less than two inches in height.

SEC. 3.—That every person who shall violate the provisions of Section Two of this ordinance and shall neglect or refuse to affix to his or her house or building the number assigned to it as provided for in said Section Two, within the time and in the manner directed by said Section Two shall be liable to and shall pay a penalty of five dollars, to be recovered according to law.

SEC. 4.—That this ordinance shall take effect immediately upon due publication thereof.

I hereby certify that the foregoing ordinance was unanimously passed by the Mayor and Council of the Borough of Riverton, at a meeting held at the regular meeting place of the said Mayor and Council in Riverton, N. J., on June 10th, 1897.

ATTEST:—CHARLES S. WALNUT, Borough Clerk.

The foregoing ordinance approved by me. June 10, 1897.

E. C. STOUGHTON, Mayor.

6-12-2t.

WHAT DO YOU NEED?

Diamonds, Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Silver Novelties.

RIGGS & BROTHER.
ESTABLISHED 1818.
310 Market St., 221 Walnut St., Philadelphia.

Our years of experience in the repairs of Watches and Clocks enable us to solicit work requiring judgment and ability. 1-16ly.

Do You Like to Read Good Novels?
Enough for all the Winter Evenings
ALMOST FREE.

TOWN TOPICS, 208 5th Ave., N. Y., will send, on receipt of this adv, and FIFTEEN cents in stamps, any one of the following prize novels (TWO HUNDRED and FIFTY-SIX pages, regular price FIFTY cents); for FIFTY cents any FOUR; for ONE DOLLAR any TEN; for ONE DOLLAR and a HALF the whole library of SIXTEEN Vols.
6—THE SALE OF A SOUL. By C. M. S. McLellan.
7—THE COUSIN OF THE KING. By A. S. Van-Westrum.
8—SIX MONTHS IN HADES. By Clarice I. Clingham.
9—THE SKIRTS OF CHANCE. By Captain Alfred Thompson.
10—ANTHONY KENT. By Charles Stokes Wayne.
11—AN ECLIPSE OF VIRTUE. By Champion Bissell.
12—AN UNSPEAKABLE SIREN. By John Gilliat.
13—THAT DREADFUL WOMAN. By Harold R. Vynne.
14—A DEAL IN DENVER. By Gilmer McKendree.
15—WHY? SAYS GLADYS. By David Christie Murray.
16—A VERY REMARKABLE GIRL. By L. H. Bickford.
17—A MARRIAGE FOR HATE. By Harold R. Vynne.
18—OUT OF THE SULPHUR. By T. C. De Leon.
19—THE WRONG MAN. By Champion Bissell.
20—THE HUNT FOR HAPPINESS. By Anita Wivanti Charires.
21—HER STRANGE EXPERIMENT. By Harold R. Vynne.
Indicate by the numbers the novels you want

ESTABLISHED 1826.

Weekly THE Monthly
Outlook
Published every Saturday.
13 Astor Place, New York.

The OUTLOOK will be in 1897, as it has been during each of its twenty-seven years, a History of Our Own Times. In its various editorial departments THE OUTLOOK gives a compact review of the world's progress; it follows with care all the important philanthropic and industrial movements of the day; has a complete department of religious news; devotes much space to the interests of the home; reviews current literature; furnishes cheerful table-talk about men and things; and, in short, aims to give fresh information, original observation, and reasonable entertainment.

Beginning with the fifty-fifth volume, the paper will assume the regular magazine size, which will add greatly to its convenience and attractiveness. THE OUTLOOK is published every Saturday—fifty-two issues a year. The first issue in each month is an illustrated Magazine Number, containing about twice as many pages as the ordinary issues, together with a large number of pictures.

The price of THE OUTLOOK is three dollars a year in advance, or less than a cent a day.

Send for a specimen copy and illustrated prospectus to THE OUTLOOK, 13 Astor Place, New York City.

Wanted—An Idea Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas; they may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their $1,800 prize offer and new list of one thousand inventions wanted.

WANTED SALESMEN Pushing, trustworthy men to represent us in the sale of our Choice Nursery Stock. Specialties controlled by us. Highest Salary or Commission paid weekly. Steady employment the year round. Outfit free; exclusive territory; experience not necessary; big pay assured workers; special inducements to beginners. Write at once for particulars to

Allen Nursery Co.,
ROCHESTER, N. Y.

NEW ICE CREAM PARLOR,
MAIN STREET, near the STATION.
Only the Best Cream and popular flavors. A fine line of
FANCY - CAKES - AND - CONFECTIONERY.
ORDERS DELIVERED.
R. K. Zisak,
RIVERTON, NEW JERSEY.

ALL GOODS AT PHILADELPHIA PRICES.
DRESSMAKING SUPPLIES
HOSIERY, UNDERWEAR, NECKWEAR, LADIES' COLLARS, NEGILEE and WORKING SHIRTS, laundried and unlaundried. New and pleasing designs, with or without Collars and Cuffs separate. 25c to $1.00.
ALFRED SMITH, Broad St. opposite R. R. Station, Riverton.

The Pathlight '97

lights the way and stays lighted. All brass, nickel-plated—no tin; outside oil-filler; cotton packed oil fount; double convex ground photo-lens; burns kerosene, throws a light 60 ft. and weighs but 12 ounces.
Three years a leader, and three years' improvements now added. Absolutely the handsomest and best bicycle lamp ever made. Sold by all leading dealers.
THE PLACE & TERRY MFG. CO., 247 Centre Street, New York.
See our new, cheaper lamp—the "Scorcher."

THE FEATURES
OF OUR BUSINESS ARE PROMPT AND SATISFACTORY DELIVERY OF THE
BEST LEHIGH COAL,
"EXCLUSIVELY," AND
LUMBER, true to the grade.
THOMAS BROS
Opposite P. R R. Station. Riverton, N. J.

A FULL LINE OF
GROCERIES,
- - AT - -
- - - CITY PRICES - - -
MAC DONALD'S
WEST END STORE.

A. W. SMITH,
(Successor to Harry Campion),
—DEALER IN—
BUTTER AND EGGS.
Agent for the celebrated
BIG ELK AND GOLDEN SWEET BUTTER,
STRICTLY FRESH COUNTRY EGGS.
DELIVERIES.—PALMYRA, TUESDAY AND FRIDAY.
RIVERTON, WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY.

JOHN D. STELLMANN,
Successor to
HEATH'S EXPRESS,
RIVERTON AND PALMYRA
P. O. BOX 32. PALMYRA, N. J
Phila. Office: 7 S. Delaware Avenue.
Goods called for and delivered promptly. — Messages and orders will receive special attention.
RESIDENCE: Highland Avenue.

LOTHROP'S
New Photographic Studio,
COR. FOURTH AND MAIN STREETS,
RIVERTON, N. J.
Having one of the finest skylights in the State, we are now ready to take the very best and most pleasing photographs of every style and finish Only the very best work, will be allowed to go out from this Studio.
☞PLEASE GIVE US A TRIAL.

W. L. BERRY,
WATCHMAKER AND JEWELER
22 South Second Street,
PHILADELPHIA, PA.
Repairing a Specialty.

FOR ALL THE LOCAL NEWS READ
THE WEEKLY NEWS.

SATURDAY, JUNE 12, 1897.

CENT-A-WORD COLUMN.

Long or short notices inserted under this head at the rate of one cent a word, each insertion, cash in advance.

Notice—Assesments for Sidewalk Improvements, due June 18th., will be received at Society Hall on the evenings of Monday, 14th., Wednesday, 16th., and Friday 18th., from 7 to 9 P. M. W. B. STRONG, Collector.

For Sale cart and harness, nearly new, apply to J. Frank Clark.

Cancers cured permanently without the knife, by Mrs. Dr. Lambert, daughter of the late Dr. Dover, 313 Lecony avenue, Palmyra.

For Sale.—Canadian canoe, 15 feet long, good condition, complete, will sell at a sacrifice. Address Chas. Dilworth, 1353 Savery street, Philadelphia.

For Sale.—Hair cloth parlor suit and marble top table. 1002 Parry avenue.

Bicycle in good condition, for sale, $12.00 cash, address Box 456, Palmyra.

Flowers—40 varieties, good seed bed plants, 25 cents per 100. Late tomatoes, same price. Frank M. Holbrook.

For Rent—Cottages at $10, $20 and $30 per month. Furnished at $35 to $200 per month. D. H. Wright.

For Sale.—Cheap, Buck Board and Buggy. Apply P. O Box 51, Riverton, N. J. 5-29-tf.

For Rent—7 room house, Fifth and Maple, heater and bath. Reasonable rent. Rev. S. F. Gaskill

For Sale.—Falling Top buggy, $20. Will exchange for a bicycle. C. F. Killan, 915 Cinnaminson ave. 5-22-4t.

For Rent, corner Fifth and Cinnaminson, $13. Stackhouse. 5-14f

Bicycles to hire; tandem and ladies and gents wheels, by the hour, day or week. L. A Weikman, 5-22-4t.

Wanted.—Washing, 316 West Broad street, West Palmyra, Mrs. Moore.

For Rent.—Dwelling on Horace avenue opposite 4th street. Fruit, town water, etc. Reasonable rent. M. W. Wisham, 332 Horace avenue.

For Rent.—10 room house, corner Highland avenue and Spring Garden street. Modern improvements, rent reasonable. Apply to J. M. Roberts' store, Palmyra. 4-24-tf.

For Rent.—Delaware avenue below Broad, 5 rooms, $7. Apply to John P. Saar.

Pure cider vinegar, 25 cents per gallon. William F. Morgan. 4-27-tf.

New wall papers, 5 cents, why pay more? Stackhouse, Broad and Elm.

For good family washing and laundry work give Owens a trial. P. O. Box, 181.

Go to Saar's for a good shave or hair cut.

William Sawyer, Piano Maker and dealer in Pianos and Organs, 1928 N. Eighth street, Philadelphia, Pa. Tuning and repairing a specialty. Orders by mail promptly attended to.

If you want anything in the real estate line call on F. Blackburn, Commissioner of Deeds and Notary Public, 331 West Broad street, Palmyra.

PALMYRA.

Roses are blooming profusely.

John Stoer has a new Stormer wheel.

Mrs. Thomas P. Dill is at Atlantic City.

The picnic season got a black eye this week.

Miss Flossie Squires spent Sunday at Beverly.

Overcoats took the place of spring suits on Monday.

Alfred Collier expects to sail for England, July 3rd.

Walter Dickerson expects to race at Tioga this afternoon.

Cutworms are doing much damage to farmers' early crops.

Asparagus is excellent for incipient diabetes and Bright's disease.

The usual crop of June weddings are being harvested by clergymen.

A. G. Appel is now in the employ of the Handcock Insurance Co.

Many housewives are engaged in preparing for the summer campaign.

Hammocks are again getting in their work in causing lovers to fall out.

The criminal business of the court will begin on Monday, June 14th.

Miss Pera Stuart, of Philddelphia, was visiting friends here this week.

Wm. Buchanan is home from attending school at Northfield, Mass.

Gus. Weikman arrived home from his ocean voyage on Wednesday night.

Harry W. Herbert and son Henry, spent Sunday with relatives on Morgan avenue.

Fred Schroeffer won the 12 mile bicycle race and $30, at Riverside, last Saturday.

Mrs. Rae Wilbraham *nee* Sterling, of Philadelphia, visited relatives here this week.

John Hendricks, of Philadelphia, spent Sunday with his sister, Mrs. A. Weikman.

The Sunday afternoon 4.15 meeting for men will be discontinued until September.

Wm. Scargle and John Hartley, of Philadelphia, spent Sunday with Grocer Vaughn.

Louis Wallace hes returned from a six weeks' stay at Fariton, greatly improved in health.

William Slocum spent a few days in Atlantic City to take hot water baths for his health.

Mr. and Mrs. Ferguson and daughter, of Philadelphia, spent Sunday with Amos Trueman.

There will not be a meeting of the L. O. R. C. next week, owing to the fire in the lodge room.

Mrs. H. K. Read and Mrs. Charles Hamilton have joined the ever increasing ranks of bicycle riders.

Miss Marie Ely entertained the teachers of the Public school, on last Friday, with a dinner.

Mr. John F. Cline, of Morgan avenue, visited relatives in Philadelphia, several days this week.

Three couples rode up from Philadelphia on their wheels last Sunday to visit H. L. Holbrooke.

Children's Day will be celebrated in the Methodist church on Sunday. The evening service will begin at 8 P. M.

Frank P. Etris will probably be confined to his home for several weeks by his ankle, which was broken last week.

The First Regiment of Knights of the Golden Eagle, will confer the Degree of Chivalry at Camden, June 15th.

Miss Laura Y. Buchanan has accepted the position as organist of the Oak Lane Presbyterian church, Philadelphia.

Washington Camp, No. 23, P. O. S. of A. will meet in Society hall on Monday evening, June 14th at 8 o'clock.

Mrs. Harry Douglas, of Horace avenue, gave a party to her husband on Wednesday evening, in honor of his birthday.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Lippincott attended the golden wedding of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Smith, of Camden, on Monday night.

Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Eastburn and Miss E. Eastburn, of Philadelphia, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. M. W Wisham this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Philip Justus and daughter and Miss Viola Pierce and John Justus, of Philadelphia spent last Sunday with friends here.

Wm B. Powell's little dog, Tip, was hit by the Nellie Bly express train last Saturday and thrown quite a distance but seems no worse for the contact.

Paul, son of Geo. W. Guest, of Philadelphia former residents of Palmyra, has a bad attack of blood poisoning and has been taken to Atlantic City.

The first payment, one tenth and interest, on the new sidewalks is due June 18th. See notice when the collector will be at Society hall to receive same.

The name of Charles Smith, for Assistant Foreman, and Geo. W. Hall for Secretary, should have been given among the nominations of the Independence Fire Co. in our last issue.

Frank Sturicks claims to be the champion strawberry picker of the State. He picked 180 quarts in eight hours on Thursday, at Abe Wallace's fine patch near the West Palmyra station.

Miss Sadie Welsh, of Philadelphia, the soloist in the Y. M. C. A. concert and Miss Mattie Steinmetz, of Philadelphia were entertained by Mrs. J. H. Smith, of Garfield avenue, during the past week.

Miss Boal took her scholars from the public school on a picnic on Thursday. Mr. Shane took them in a shelvings to Moorestown and then back to the Children's Home where he afterwards called for them.

A veteran asks why all flags placed on the soldiers graves on Decoration Day are marked "P. O. S. of A.," in view of the fact that very few of the were dead members of that order, and the flags were paid for by the Township.

A snapper supper was given at Wm. Aspinall's on Thursday. Among those present were: John Hayes and George Middleton, of Philadelphia, Levis Wallace, William Collins, John Saar, James du Moulin, Lawyer Flood and Alfred Collier.

Miss Dover and Miss Ely teachers in the public school took their classes on a ride to Moorestown, on Monday last, and on their return they had a picnic in the pavilion at the base-ball grounds. The children had a very enjoyable time.

Wilber Dilks has completed another year of faithful attendance at the public school, making five years in which he has not missed a session or been late. Such punctuality is highly commendable and is a most excellent record. We challenge another town in the State to show its equal!

A slight frost is said to have visited some places on Tuesday of last week. DeVoe, the whether prophet, of Hackensack, predicts much rain for the present month, and a very cold wave from the 28th to the 30th. He has been predicting very correctly for the past few weeks. He also claims we will have a cool summer.

The meeting in the Central Baptist Church under the auspices of the Y. M. C. A. last Sunday afternoon was very interesting. Rev. Wm. Kemble, of Drew Theological Seminary, made a favorable address to our young people. Revs Thos. Kemble and I. D. Moore also participated. Miss Sallie Thompson presided at the organ.

Winfield Land, who is farming the Joseph Morgan farm has the best prospect for early crops we have seen in this vicinity. Last Monday, 7th inst., he began cutting his crop of cabbage and will send to market quite a quanity during the week. His tomatoes from present appearence will be among the earliest to pick. His farm in general is in fine condition which shows that Winfield is an able and thrifty farmer.

The Convocation of Burlington, of the Protestant Episcopal Church, was held at Bridgeton, on Tuesday. The clergy present included Bishop Scarborough, Rev. Charles M. Perkins, of Salem; Rev. G. M. Murray, of Haddonfield; Rev. Charles E. Betticher, of Beverly; Rev. James O. McIlhenny, of Germantown, Pa.; Rev. C. G. Hannah, curate of St. Andrew's church, in which the convocation was held. Rev. C. G. Hannah was ordained to the priesthood and to the rectorship of St. Andrew's church, Bridgeton. Rev. Charles M. Perkins was reappointed Rural Dean Convocation and Rev. G. M. Murray, of Haddonfield, was reappointed Secretary. The next meeting of the convocation will be in Moorestown, September 22 and 23.

MORE

Curative powder is contained in Hood's Sarsaparilla than in any other similar preparation. It costs the proprietor and manufacturer more. It costs the jobber more and it is worth more to the consumer. More skill is required in its preparation and it combines more remedial qualities than any other medicine. Consequently it has a record of more cures and its sales are more than those of any other preparation. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the best medicine to buy because it is an honest medicine and thousand of testimonials prove that it does actually and permanently cure disease.

CLOSING EXERCISES.

The closing exercises of the Palmyra Schools took place on Friday afternoon, June 4th. The scholars of the four upper rooms assembling in Miss Wilson's, the principal's room, where the exercises were held, consisting of piano solos and duets, singing by the pupils, intercepted by numerous pieces upon the phonograph, which was kindly loaned for the occasion by Master Edw. Langham. F. S. Day, District Clerk, addressed the scholars, after which he presented diplomas to the following pupils of the High School Department: Helene Boehme, Helena Sleeper, Laura Evaul, Bessie Hartley, Frank Holbrook, Isaac Evaul, Frank Stewart.

The following pupils received souveniers for having attained an average of 90 or over: High School Department, Helene Boehme, Frank Holbrook, Helena Sleeper, Laura Evaul, Wilbur Dilks, Bessie Rudduck, Jas. Hartley, Nettie Reeves, Flora Carmen.

First Grammer Department, Mabel Lippincott, Victoria Lawson, Lizzie Wallace, Emma Yost.

Second Grammer Department, Reginald Hamilton, Joseph Gorgas, Edna Shoemaker.

Third Grammer Department' Lizzie Lamb, William Stager, Lester Ayers.

The pupils of the lower grades were consolidated as follows: Miss Fenimore's and Miss Ely's scholars being together in one class room and Miss Willey's and Miss Hillard's scholars being together in another class room, where appropriate exercises were held, consisting of singing and recitations by the scholars; appropriate exercises were also held in Miss Dover's room and at the West Palmyra School by the scholars of Miss Rainier.

BEQUEST TO THE YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.

The will of the late Robert Beckenback, of Philadelphia, was probated before the Register of Wills this week. Among the other bequests was one to the Y M. C. A. of Palmyra and Riverton of a mortgage of seven hundred and fifty dollars, which he held against the lot, corner Broad street and Garfield avenue. By the philanthropic act the association comes into full ownership of the most desirable and valuable lots in Palmyra both for association work and business purposes. The Mrs. James Hartley Memorial Fund, which amounts to one hundred dollars, is deposited to the Building Fund account. It is hoped that our citizens will lend a liberal helping hand to increase this amount to a sum sufficient to warrant the erection, at least, of a temporary building that may be completed in season for the fall and winter months. No towns of our size in New Jersey may boast of a better gymnasium pharapharnalia or equipments for a first-class reading room. Now let us have a building where these and a number of other attractions may be had that will make suburban life still more attractive to young men and women and older ones also. A donation to the WEEKLY NEWS or D. T. Stowell, Treasurer, will be acknowledged.

The tramp nuisance on the railroads and in all towns along the same is now growing to such an extent that concerted plans should be adopted to check it. The railroads and the towns through which they pass should contribute men and money, and the evil is not too small for the State to take a hand. There should be legislation, to attach severe penalties to stealing from the freight trains. Six months' hard labor in a chain gang on the public roads would not be too much.

It is time the tramp and the forest fire and two or three other abominations of careless government were seriously taken up by our Legislatures. Thoughtful dealing with them would be more beneficial to the public than nine-tenths of all the municipal resolutions and political experiments which make up the bulk of our present statutes.

When your bicycle makes a noise it is a sure sign that something is wrong. The perfect running machine is noiseless. A jingling sound usually means that spokes have broken loose from their fastenings at crossing points; a distinct click indicates spokes loosened at the rim; what might be termed a jogging noise is usually caused by a loose crank; loud snapping almost invariably comes from a dry chain, and a loose sprocket will thump. No matter what the noise is or from what part of the machine it eminates, it indicates trouble that should be promptly attended to.

If possible pay promptly all debts, however small. That may enable the person you owe to pay his debts and perhaps save suffering to some one who bears too much already.

If castor oil is applied to a wart once a day for a month the wart will entirely disappear. In many cases it will not require so long a time.

RIVERSIDE.

Freck's Grove was opened with a picnic on Saturday afternoon.

The township committee has decided to have the town lighted with eight arc lights.

Presiding Elder Lake held the first quarterly conference Saturday evening at the M. E. Church.

Rev. John W. Lynch exchanged pulpits with Rev. Geo. W. Ridout, of Delanco, on Sunday morning.

Miss Mable Donovan, who has been attending school at Newtown, Pa., is spending her vacation at home.

On Sunday morning, Rev. John W. Lynch preached a sermon on "The Patriotic Influence of Women" to the Daughters of America.

The Cinnaminson Electric Light and Power Company are preparing to erect a large building here in which their double plant will be placed.

John H. Wilson, who has been principal of the public schools here for the past three years, has been elected principal of schools at Florence.

Rev. William A. Cope was installed as pastor of the Moravian church by the Rev. E. T. Kluge, president of the P. E. C., after which he preached his inaugural sermon.

Another robbery was nipped in the bud on Tuesday morning early by Wm. Mayer, who seeing a light in Ruff's milk depot, and knowing that Mr. Ruff was not in, started to investigate. He captured the robber, who was undoubtedly a tramp, in the act of leaving the building with his booty. Mr. Mayer grabbed the man and held him until Mr. Ruff returned, when he was turned over to Officer Donovan. In the morning he was take before 'Squire Rhodes, and committed to Mount Holly jail to await the action of the grand jury.

FARNUM SCHOOL COMMENCEMENT.

The closing exercises, of the graduating class of 1897, were held in the hall of Farnum school, Thursday evening at eight o'clock. The patrons and friends of the school gathered in large numbers to do honor to the occasion.

The Hall tastefully decorated with the class colors, the potted palms, foliage plants, bouquets and baskets of cut flowers scattered in profusion about the platform and the bright and expectant faces of the graduates all contributed to the beauty and attractiveness of the scene.

The excercises opened with an instrumental selection by Miss Mabel Denniston; prayer was offered by Mr. Mudge; which was followed by singing by the school.

Miss L. Ella Nickelson read an essay, subject: "The Poet." This was well written and was favorably received by the audience.

Miss Caroline B. Read spoke on "The Tyranny of Fashion." She ridiculed the devotion of both men and women to many of the absurd customs of former times as well as of the present.

After a chorus by the school, J. Fletcher Street gave some interesting facts in connection with slavery as it formerly existed in New Jersey, and mentioned some familiar places as evidence of its former presence even in Beverly and vicinity.

"The Stoner Sensation" was a humorous recitation by Miss Mabel Price.

Miss Grace Wilson gave a very pleasing essay on the "Gift of Euterpe." The subject seemed well adapted to the tastes of this young lady as she is herself a good exemplification of the power of this wonderful gift.

"The Search for the Unknown," by Miss Laura Hibbs, showed great depth of thought and a remarkable familiarity with the study of the old religion.

Recitation, "Kentucky Belle," by Miss Jean Gray was well rendered and was highly appreciated by the audience. "Turk in Europe," by Miss Roberta Knodle evidenced not only a knowledge of history but great familiarity with current affairs, showing this the work of the school is not confined simply to the study of the text book but thus pupils are encouraged to keep in touch of the passing events of the day.

The essays were all of high grade and gave evidence of close attention to study and research on the part of the pupils and great pains-taking on the part of the teachers who prepared them for these closing exercises.

The singing by the school was spirited and lively, and gave a pleasing variety to the exercises.

After an instrumental solo by Miss Grace Wilson, Prof. Dilks gave some facts in connection with the class and presented the graduates to Dr. Green as properly qualified to receive the diploma of the State.

On these gala Commencement occassion, the query will arise where are the boys of Beverly and why do so many leave the school before they reach Graduation Day?

For the sake of the boys themselves we wish this state of affairs might be changed, for unless they are very careful, "the coming woman" is destined to outshine them, for she will have a better preparation for the activities and responsibilities of life.

Dr. Green in behalf of the State, conferred diplomas upon the following persons: Isabel N. Atkinson Ella S. Carter, Jean G. Gray, Laura Gerhard Hibbs, E. Roberta Knodle, Seigmund H. Levin, Lydia Ella Nickelson, Mable Florence Price, Caroline B. Read, Emily Elizabeth Rockhill, J. Fletcher Street, Frances E. Vansciver, Mary P. Walnut, Grace McIlvaine Wilson, Mary L. Wood.

By request the class song was sung. The ushers distributed the floral gifts to the graduates and the large audience dispersed. From the words of commendation and appreciation heard upon all sides, we may safely conclude, that the entertainment was a great success and to graduates, teachers and friends we offer our hearty and sincere congratulations.

"Where do the flies come from?" is what bothers the housekeeper at present. Door and window screens seem to be of no use—the flies seem to get in with ease, and they stay in. There is an easy, cheap and neat way of keeping clear of these pests. Get a few cent's worth of oil of lavender, sprinkle it on the curtains, cushions, piano cover, or anywhere that it will rest, and the room can be kept clear of flies. They dislike the smell and avoid the place while the lavender affords a delicate perfume to the human olfactories.

MARRIED.

ALCOTT—KEELER—June 2, at Bordentown, by Rev. James Lisk, Howard Emory Alcott, of Mt. Holly, and Miss Gertrude Corinne Keeler, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Franklin R. Keeler, of Bordentown.

PHARO—TAYLOR.—June 5, in Mt. Holly, by R. J. B. Slack, Esquire, Nathan Pharo and Hannah E. Taylor, of Mt. Holly.

DIED.

CHEESMAN.—At Beverly, June 3rd, Charles H., Jr., son of Charles H., and Harriette P. Cheesman aged 9 months, and 1 day.

FRECH.—June 9, at Maple Shade, Christian Frech, in his 62d year.

PANCOAST.—June 3, near Moorestown, Howard N., son of Nathan D. and Meribah Pancoast, in his 34th year.

ROSE.—June 4, at Riverside, Ella May Gilbert eldest daughter of Mary M. and the late Henry Rose, in her 21st year.

SHREVE.—June 3, at Mt. Laurel, Samuel H. Shreve, in his 73d year.

THEY DO THE WORK

BRONCHO

HOMŒOPATHIC Remedies 10c

Relieve and Cure

Head Troubles
Stomach Disorders
System Irregularities

87 formulas of noted physicians

"For every ill, a special pill."

If not at Drug Stores, write

BRONX CHEMICAL CO., YONKERS, N. Y.

Health Book Mailed Free.

WHY PAY

10 Cents when you can get the same for 5 Cents?

WALL PAPERS,

ALL NEW STOCK.

For 5 cents apiece. Same elsewhere for 10 cents.

9 inch Borders, one cent a yard, all new.

Only first-class paper-hanging done.

STACKHOUSE

56 NORTH FOURTH ST., PHILA., and BROAD AND ELM STS., RIVERTON.

OUR MILLINERY has pleased our customers, judging from the amount of business we have done.

All the new shapes in

HATS AND BONNETS,

and the new fads in

TRIMMINGS AND FLOWERS.

We are positively below Philadelphia Prices.

DRESS TRIMMINGS, MUSLINS, NOTIONS, CORSETS.

MEN AND WOMEN'S FURNISHINGS.

MRS. M. D. PRICKETT,

OPP. THE STA., PALMYRA, N. J.

DELANCO.

Alfred G. Wright has secured a patent on a new kind of cutting machine.

Miss Lee Paravicini, of Philadelphia, was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Ridgway last Sunday.

Mrs. S. Moody and her daughters left this week for Maine, where they will spend the summer.

Washington Camp, No. 35, P. O. S. of A, will hold a strawberry festival, this Saturday evening in the Town Hall.

The fourth anniversary of the pastorate of Rev. H. W. Haring, at the Presbyterian Church, was celebrated at the church on Sunday evening, with appropriate exercises.

Howard Russ surprised a burglar who was attempting to gain admission to his house late one night last week. The man, who it is thought was a tramp, succeeded in escaping.

Next Sunday will be Children's Day in our churches here. In the morning Rev. G. W. Ridout will preach in the M. E. Church a sermon to the children and will have baptism service in the afternoon. The Sunday School will attend the exercises in the Presbyterian Church in the evening. The M. E. Sunday School will hold their exercises and the Presbyterian Sunday School will attend in a body.

Mr. and Mrs. Theodore B. Palmer, Mr. and Mrs. Johnathan B. Nightingale, of 51st street and Baltimore avenue, West Philadelphia and Mr. Jacob Catterall, of Riverton, and Mr. Earnest Heisler, of this place, spent Thursday evening at Mr. and Mrs. S. C. Deacon's, Jr. Mr. Palmer rendered some very fine music and sang several beautiful solos. A pleasant evening was spent, after which the guests left by the late train.

A Pentecortal convention and Home camp meeting to begin Friday, June 18th, in connection with the Delanco M. E. church is being arrange by Rev. George W. Ridout the pastor. The Convention will be in charge of Rev. W. B. Osborn of world-wide camp meeting and missionary fame assisted by the Singing Evangelist Heath widely known as "Black Sankey." Convention to continue three days with preaching at 10.30 A. M., 3 and 8 P. M Lunch will be provided for friends from a distance. Friday and Saturday, June 18 and 19th, the Convention will be follow by a Home camp-meeting with Evangelists Dolbow and Heath to the front until July 4th.

During the summer of 1891, Mr. Chas. P. Johnson, a well known attorney of Louisville, Ky., had a very sever attack of summer complaint. Quite a number of different remidies were tried, but failed to afford any relief. A friend who knew what was needed procured him a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remidy, which quickly cured him and he thinks, saved his life. He says that there has not been a day since that time that he has not had this remidy in his household. He speaks of it in the highest praise and takes much pleasure in recommending it when ever an opportunity is offered. For sale by G. T. Williams Druggest.

DOWN WITH FANCY PRICES

A good Carriage for $4, worth $6.

A fine Reed Carriage for $7, worth $10.

The new fad our Go Carts, $2.50 up.

Velocipedes best make, $1.50.

JOHN WESTNEY,

214 DOCK ST. 145 NORTH EIGHTH ST.

Free delivery in Palmyra and Riverton.

ELMER SHANE,

Movings to and from the City promptly attended to.

PRICES REASONABLE.

Care in hauling goods a specialty.

Residence—Horace Avenue near Fourth Palmyra. P. O. box 134.

CHARLES S. VOORHIS,

DENTIST,

Morgan Avenue and Fourth Street,

PALMYRA, N. J.

NOTICE.

We hold a meeting every Thursday evening, at 8 o'clock, for the promotion of Scriptural Holiness and the Salvation of Souls. To which we kindly invite people of all denominations.

CARL A. PETERSON,
MRS. H. D. PETERSON,
223 Horsce Avenue.

Wanted—An Idea Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas; they may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their $1,800 prize offer and list of one hundred inventions wanted.

HOW TO HAVE A HEALTHY GARDEN, A GREEN LAWN AND FREE BLOOMING FLOWERS,

by using

The J. E. Tygert Co's SPECIAL FERTILIZERS.

They will be found surely useful wherever highest fertility is desired.

It combines the patent qualities of guano and with the permanency of Bone Phosphate and is a real root nourisher. Put up in bags of 10, 25 and 50 pounds each. For sale by

A. H. Thompson,
Palmyra, N. J.

STATIONERY
MAGAZINES,
WEEKLY PAPERS
CANDIES
ETC., ETC.
AT

SEYBERT'S,

5 West Broad Street
PALMYRA.

ICE CERAM PARLOR

Opened for the Season

P. MUELLER

BROAD ST., BELOW LECONEY AVE

PALMYRA, N. J.

Fresh Bread and Cake constantly on hand.

Parties and Wedding Cakes made to order at the shortest possible notice and prompt delivery.

ICE CREAM.

All The Popular Flavors,

HAAS' ICE CREAM PARLORS,

Next to the Post Office.

Orders for Families a Specialty.

Also a fine line of Fancy Cakes.

C. A. HAAS

PALMYRA, NEW JERSEY.

Removed

I have removed my

MILK . . DEPOT

—TO—

LECONEY AVE., ABOVE FOURTH ST.,

where will be kept a supply of

- MILK AND CREAM, -

John Schroepfer.

N. B.—My wagon will make deliveries as usual.

CARL A. PETERSON, of 223 Horace Av.,

takes pleasure in announcing to his friends and the public in general that he is now in the

Merchant Tailoring Business

at the S. W. Cor. 11th and Sansom Streets, Phila., where he carries a full line of seasonable goods at most reasonable prices.

PETERSON & CO.,

TAILORS,

S. W. COR. 11th AND SANSOM STS.,

PHILADELPHIA, PA.

HARNESS

Collars, Hames, Saddles, Robes, Horse Clothing and Stable Goods, at Philadelphia Prices.

SUMMER SHEETS and LAP DUSTERS.

Howard B. Neff, Harness Maker.

105 W Broad St., Palmyra, N. J.

Repairing done neat and strong.

WHAT'S THE USE

of going to Philadelphia for

Dressmaking Trimmings, Hosiery, Notions, Bric-A-Brac, Glassware, Etc.,

when you can buy them of us at STRICTLY PHILA. PRICES.

Sole Agents for Butterick Patterns. Dr. D. Jayne & Sons' Family Medicines

TROTH & CO., Broad St., opp. Station, Palmyra.

Examine the Novelty Blue Flame Oil Stove—absolutely safe—burns head-light oil.

GET FLAVOR WITH YOUR FISH.

SHAD FRESH FROM THE DELAWARE.

My delivery wagon runs daily (except Sunday), in Palmyra, in charge of Mrs. Horner. No one else sells fish that I catch.

ALBERT V. HORNER.

PALMYRA, NEW JERSEY.

SANITARY PLUMBER,

Steam, Hot Water and Hot Air Heating, Tin Roofing and Spouting.

All kinds of Repairing in Heaters, Ranges and Oil Stoves, and Tinware promptly attended to at reasonable rates. All work guaranteed. Estimates cheerfully furnished.

P. O. Box 402. **A. D. READ,** 722 PARRY AVENUE. Shop, opp. P. R. R. Sta.

TAILORING

616 GARFIELD AVENUE, PALMYRA.

Suits from $12 up, Pants from $3 up, Bicycle Suits and Uniforms made to order from $7.50 up. Linen and Crash Suits made at low prices. . . . . .

NOW is the time to get your new spring suit, and you cannot do better than to patronize your home tailor. I have all the latest styles and novelties for spring and summer.

ALFRED COLLIER, CLEANING AND REPAIRING.

FIRE! FIRE!

SOME DAMAGED GOODS, BY WATER, NOT BY FIRE OR SMOKE.

WILL SELL AT 1-4, 1-3, 1-2 PRICE

Muslins, Wrappers, Hats, Shoes, Shirts, Linings, Crockery ware, Lamps, Etc.

Best White Potatoes, 30cts a basket, Best Creamery Print Butter, 25cts a lb, XX Fine Strawberries, Fresh Produce, all kinds, Home Brand Plantation Java Coffee, Jelly Glasses, Fruit Jars, Low Prices, Best Brands Flour.

J. M. ROBERTS, Family Grocer General Merchandise

Palmyra and Riverton, N. J.

Ask for **WILLIAM RUDDUCK,**

WANAMAKER & BROWN,

OAK HALL, PHILADELPHIA.

Free delivery in Palmyra. Residence, Morgan Avenue, Palmyra.

Clothing made to order, also ready made. Samples shown on request.

MILK!

FOR PURE MILK AND CREAM

CALL AT

717 MORGAN AVENUE,

Where milk can be had at any time except Sunday, but delivered daily. A share of your patronage is respectfully solicited.

J. FRANK CLARK.

GET YOUR **COAL** FROM

THE PEOPLE'S COAL & ICE CO.,

PALMYRA, N. J.

Prices for Ice 1897, are as follows:

8	POUNDS DAILY,	5	CENTS OR	35	CENTS PER WEEK.		
12	" "	6	"	45	"	"	"
16	" "	8	"	55	"	"	"
20	" "	10	"	63	"	"	"
25	" "	13	"	70	"	"	"

40 to 100 Pounds, at rate of Forty Cents per hundred.

Also hauling of all kinds. Particular care and attention given to movings. Prices moderate.

HENRY KERSWILL, Prop.

Subscribe for

∴THE WEEKLY NEWS.∴

Nervous

People often wonder why their nerves are so weak; why they get tired so easily; why they start at every slight but sudden sound; why they do not sleep naturally; why they have frequent headaches, indigestion and nervous

Dyspepsia

The explanation is simple. It is found in that impure blood which is continually feeding the nerves upon refuse instead of the elements of strength and vigor. In such condition opiate and nerve compounds simply deaden and do not cure. Hood's Sarsaparilla feeds the nerves pure, rich, red blood; gives natural sleep, perfect digestion, is the true remedy for all nervous troubles.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. $1 per bottle. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills cure Liver Ills; easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.

ONE GIVES RELIEF.

R·I·P·A·N·S

The modern standard Family Medicine: **Cures** the common every-day ills of humanity.

TRADE RIPANS MARK

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILL

Cleanse the Bowels and Purify the Blood! Cure Diarrhœa, Dysentery and Dyspepsia and give healthy action to the entire system

FRAZER AXLE GREASE

BEST IN THE WORLD.

Its wearing qualities are unsurpassed, actually outlasting two boxes of any other brand. Not affected by heat. GET THE GENUINE.

FOR SALE BY DEALERS GENERALLY. 1ST

TRUSSES, ELASTIC STOCKINGS, SUSPENSORIES, ETC.

859—E. B. SEELEY—1894.

The only "SEELEY" ever known in the trade.

Original Promoter, Manufacturer and Introducer of Hard Rubber Trusses. Correct Adaptation, Skillful Adjustment—Reliable Results. Favorable Prices. Authentic Methods for the Successful Treatment of Hernia or Rupture. Specimen and Advice sent free. Can be seen only at his New Establishment, 923 Broadway, Palais Royal Building, Opposite Arch Street. CAUTION.

PILES OR HEMORRHOIDS

CURED BY PAINLESS METHODS

Responsible persons need not pay until they are well.

Send for pamphlet containing testimonials and references of people you are acquainted with.

R. REED, M. D.,

249 S. 13th St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Peirce School

32nd Year.

A representative American Business School for both sexes, founded by THOMAS MAY PEIRCE, A. M., Ph. D. Couples **systematic business training** with a practical, sound and useful English education. It offers three full courses:—Business, Shorthand and Typewriting, English; the whole constituting an ideal combination.

Graduates are cheerfully assisted to positions.

Both Day and Night Sessions are now running. Students received at any time.

PEIRCE SCHOOL, 917-919 Chestnut St., Philada. Record Building.

Weight 12 oz.

All Brass, Nickel Plated and Burns Kerosene Oil.

The Pathlight

A beautiful, thoroughly made and finely finished Bicycle Lamp, jolt and cyclone proof.

Sent to any part of the country (express prepaid) on receipt of price, $1.50. (Maybe you can buy it of your local dealer for a little less; ask him.)

THE PLACE & TERRY MFG. CO., 247 Centre St., New York.

$1800.00 GIVEN AWAY TO INVENTORS.

$450.00 every month given away to any one who applies through us for the most meritorious patent during the month preceding.

We secure the best patents for our clients, and the object of this offer is to encourage inventors to keep track of their bright ideas. At the same time we wish to impress upon the public the fact that

IT'S THE SIMPLE, TRIVIAL INVENTIONS THAT YIELD FORTUNES,

such as the "car-window" which can be easily slid up and down without breaking the passenger's back, "sauce-pan," "collar-button," "nut-lock," "bottle-stopper," and a thousand other little things that most any one can find a way of improving; and these simple inventions are the ones that bring largest returns to the author. Try to think of something to invent.

IT IS NOT SO HARD AS IT SEEMS.

Patents taken out through us receive special notice in the "National Recorder," published at Washington, D. C., which is the best newspaper published in America in the interests of inventors. We furnish a year's subscription to this journal, free of cost, to all our clients. We also advertise, free of cost, the invention each month which wins our $150 prize, and hundreds of thousands of copies of the "National Recorder," containing a sketch of the winner, and a description of his invention, will be scattered throughout the United States among capitalists and manufacturers, thus bringing to their attention the merits of the invention.

All communications regarded strictly confidential. Address

JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Solicitors of American and Foreign Patents, 618 F Street, N. W., Box 385. Washington. D. C.

Reference—editor of this paper. Write for our 50-page pamphlet. FREE

THIS PAPER is on file in Philadelphia at the Newspaper Advertising Agency of Messrs. N. W. AYER & SON, our authorized agents

MUSIC FOR THE EMPEROR.

A Pathetic Bit of History Concerning Frederick William of Germany.

A charming and pathetic bit of history concerning the Emperor Frederick William of Germany, who died in 1888, was once written by Mr. R. von Hagen, and entitled "The First and Last Adagio." In substance the story ran as follows:

In 1844 the future emperor of Germany was a lad of 13. One day as Reichardt, his music master, was about to leave him at the close of a lesson, the young prince asked him to wait a moment.

"Herr Reichardt," said he, "my father's birthday, the 22d of March, will soon be here, and Dr. Curtius thinks it would be very nice if I were to learn a new piece as a surprise for him on that day. Will you kindly choose something that you think might do? Only, mind, it must be very difficult, so that papa shall see I have taken great pains, as that will please him more than anything else. What he likes best is one of those soft, slow pieces with a great deal of expression in it."

Herr Reichardt turned over his music, and by and by paused a moment as if considering whether a certain piece would answer the purpose.

"Have you found me something?" asked the prince.

"I am afraid your royal highness is hardly far enough advanced," replied Reichardt. "This is so very difficult. It is the adagio from Schumann's sonata in F sharp minor, but it won't do, I fear. There is so little time in which to learn it."

"Ah, but Herr Reichardt," broke in the prince, "I will work so hard! Do please let me have it. It must do—it shall do."

By dint of great trouble and perseverance the task was finally accomplished, and on the 22d of March the young prince played Schumann's grand movement quite correctly and with much feeling, to his father's great surprise and pleasure.

As a reward for his industry Prince Frederick William received a turning lathe fitted up with every necessary implement, and great was his excitement and delight.

Forty-four years later the beloved Emperor Frederick lay dying in the castle of Friedrichskron. During the last few days of his life he was unable to speak, but his family and those around him interpreted his signs, so that he was almost entirely spared the trouble of writing.

Four days before he died, when the empress inquired if there were anything he wished, he waited a moment and then, with both hands, imitated the movement of a pianist.

"Will it not be too much for you?" asked the empress. The emperor shook his head and then wrote on his tablet: "I should so like to hear some music. Could not Rufer, Victoria's master, come and play something?"

A message was sent, and the composer of "Merlin" came at once and seated himself at the piano in the room next to the emperor's, the folding doors having been opened. He played piece after piece, to the emperor's evident pleasure, till at last the empress said to the invalid gently:

"Are you sure this does not tire you? I am so afraid the excitement may do you harm."

The emperor smiled and wrote on his tablet: "Just one more. I should like an adagio from one of the sonatas. That shall really be the very last."

The musician received the message and again began to play. The sick man beckoned to the empress and wrote these words with feverish haste: "Forty-four years ago I learned this very adagio and played it to my father on his birthday, of course not so well as he plays it. It is out of the sonata in F sharp minor. Very beautiful! Please thank Rufer. This is the last. Now I will go to sleep."

It was indeed the last earthly music to which he ever listened—a tender farewell from the art he loved most dearly.—Youth's Companion.

A Singing Squirrel.

It was several years ago that, while gunning one day in the woods near Dover, N. H., my attention was drawn to what seemed the singing of a bird somewhere among the branches at a little distance away. The note was so peculiar that I turned my steps toward the sound to see what species of bird was making it. It was some time before I could trace the note to its source. Then I found out that it came from a red squirrel sitting upright on a bough, singing away as if in love with his own melody. At sight of me he stopped, but as I remained perfectly still he presently piped up again.

As to the quality of his melody, I should compare it to the single note of a canary unusually prolonged, with no variations except in rising or falling and increase or decrease of volume. It may have been a call to a mate. It certainly had nothing in it of the scolding character associated with the chittering of the northern red squirrel. There was no movement of the throat that I could discover in the production of the sound. From time to time he would stop his singing, and presently, after three or four minutes, would start up again, always in the beginning with a low note which increased in volume until shortly before the next pause. I remained on the spot a half hour listening, and went away leaving the squirrel singing away with as vigorous a note as ever.—New York Sun.

At Waterloo.

It was just previous to the battle of Waterloo. The Duke of Wellington was eating. Before he finished his repast he remarked: "I enjoyed that meat, especially the Bonaparte, and now of Corsican go some pastry. Bring me a Napoleon."

After the battle was over he said of the opposing general, "Waterlooser he was."—Twinkles.

Hawaiian Lava Tunnels.

In these volcanoes the orifice through which the lava flows is made high up on the mountain side, and in its gradual flow down the slope a long cylindrical mass is formed, the outside of which cools and hardens. This mass separates into branches, so that the whole formation may be compared to a tree with its trunk and branches, its head lying down the mountain side. As the exterior cools a tube is formed, from out of which the melted lava flows, and when the whole mass is cooled great tubes, some of them 10 or 15 feet in diameter, remain, into which the explorer may venture. Were it not for the fact that the sides and top of the tubes become crushed, they might be followed for miles in some cases. The interior of the tubes is ornamented with stalactites of lava, but of course not like the stalactites of limestone caves.—Lecture by G. H. Barton.

RISKED HIS LIFE TO KEEP HIS WORD.

An Oregon Embezzler Who Swam Torrents to Surrender to Justice.

"You need not send an officer for me. I will come when I am wanted."

Vincent Sutton, Postmaster at Oretown, Tillamook County, was wanted for embezzlement by the United States authorities. A plain tale, truly, and one which smacks of the vulgar commonplace, but mark the difference.

This Sutton is a man of simple mind, and to him it seemed no harm would be done if he eked out the pittance of his office of postmaster by adding the sums paid in for the purchase of money orders, a matter of some $355 when all was counted. He would make it good in his own time, and in truth he thought it no wrong. But the United States does not do business that way, and in due time there came an indictment, found by the Oregon Grand Jury. Sutton heard. He realized that he had done wrong. He was ready to meet his punishment. Nay, he was ready to go to meet it at the peril of his life. Nothing prevented if he chose to leave the state. None could find him in the bitter weather did he prefer to hide in the fastness of his own trackless mountains, but it came home to him, what he had not realized when he took the money, that he had done wrong, and he alone must bear the burden.

Now, this was not a matter of walking downtown to give yourself up to the police or the marshal.

So it came that the simple-minded man of primitive mold sat down and wrote a leter to Marshal Grady in Portland, that he would come himself to the nearest station on the railroad, Sheridan, and there surrender to an officer of the law. Let the officer come to Sheridan by a certain day and he would be there. He kept his word, albeit more than once it nearly cost him his life.

Sutton has a wife. He kissed her good-bye and stuffed his pockets with the food which she, poor woman, had put up for him with loving care, enough to last him two days, it might be, on the way to Sheridan. The Three Rivers, triple thunderer in south, was booming with sullen, hungry roar, turbid with swirling mud, carrying on its angry breast sweeping logs and jagged roots, torn from their sockets by the searching flood. Five times it had to be crossed by Sutton on his way, swimming or wading, or chancing his life on a treacherous log. Once he was nearly smothered in a bottomless pit of mud as dangerous as the quiet, remorseless suck of a quicksand that never gives up its dead. It was bitter cold and he must keep afoot or perish. But there is iron in this man's blood. He had pledged his word and he got there.

Now, when this simple tale was told to Judge Bellinger, sitting in Portland as the representative of Federal law, he, being a man, was troubled in mind, for here was one who had set his life at the value of a pin fee that the law might have its way, and yet justice must be done and punishment meted as is set down in the books. Nevertheless there are degrees, and Judge Bellinger resolved that this was a case where it would not strain the quality of justice were it softened with mercy. Therefore he imposed the lowest penalty, which is imprisonment for six months and a fine equal to the sum which Sutton appropriated.—Correspondent San Francisco Examiner.

He Required Kansas Excitement.

William Allen White tells a story of a Kansas man who left the state, but soon returned to it because he missed the excitement. "Why, man," said White, "what do you mean? What excitement can there be in living where there isn't a piece of vegetation higher than a sunflower, and where human beings are as few as summer showers?" "Well, you see, it's like this," he replied. "You put in a crop and from the moment the seed's in the ground until the last day of harvest it's a gamble whether or not you'll get a full crop or barely enough to feed a mule. The sustained excitement consists to what you would get out of a four months' poker game in which you had staked everything. Oh, there's plenty of excitement about it and I've become so accustomed to the excitement of it that I'm lost without it. This farmer was a Greek letter fraternity man, and, ludicrous as it may seem, he unquestionably spoke with the utmost seriousness.—New York Tribune.

A Peculiar Request.

Dresden owns a singular piece of property. It is a morning newspaper, the "Dresdener Anzeiger." This daily, at the death of its last proprietor, was willed to the city, upon the condition that all profits arising therefrom should be spent upon the public parks. This year a large playground of nearly 1,000 acres was purchased from Prince George, the King's brother and heir-apparent, and it will be ready for use next spring. The paper continues to hold the respect of all citizens, for the trust has been carried out in its broadest spirit, and the power has never been employed to foster any school of opinions.—Fourth Estate.

Silly Sentimentalism.

The late C. Jerome Cary, of Milwaukee, directed that his body should be burned, that the ashes should be used to nourish a certain rosebush, and that the blossoms should be distributed among his friends.—New York Sun.

One of the severest penalties to which criminals in Holland were in ancient times condemned was to be deprived of the use of salt.

Asked Too Much of Friendship.

A neat little correspondence took place between David Roberts, the artist, and a friendly art critic with whom he was in the habit of bobnobbing. Roberts had painted a number of pictures into which he put all his genius, and upon placing them on exhibition, much to his surprise and mortification his friend the critic severely attacked them. In due time, however, a note arrived, addressed:

"My Dear Roberts,—You have doubtless read my remarks upon your pictures. I hope they will make no difference in our friendship.

Yours, etc., ——."

This had a tendency to slightly increase the painter's wrath, and he couched the following:

"My Dear ——,—The next time I meet you I shall pull your nose. I hope it will make no difference in our friendship. Yours, etc., D. ROBERTS.

It is not recorded whether they met afterwards, but it is safe to say those erstwhile friends bobnobbed no more.

Civilized Dress.

That lively Frenchman Jules Lemaitre has lately published a sweeping screed against the dress of civilized people, and especially of civilized women. What is the object of dress? It is, says Lemaitre, primarily to protect the body against cold and after that to ornament it. It is to be presumed, therefore, that M. Lemaitre would have little clothing on the body in hot weather, almost none at all in extremely hot. The idea is terrible. What would tailors, dressmakers and dry goods men do? Was not the human body created primarily that it might show off the new fashions? What rank heresy is this Lemaitre doctrine? It is true that men and women would be much healthier and happier if they only wore upon the body sufficient clothing to protect them from weather and climate, but who cares for health in such a cause as this? Down with Lemaitre and his unholy crusade against the cornerstone of our modern civilization, clothes!

The French iconoclast points to the costume of the beautiful Greeks in the classic age. Then no attempt was made to accentuate sex in the dress of men and women. Sex was not ignored in dress, but it was a mere aside. The garb of men and women was the same, except that of the men was shorter in the skirt. Men ornamented their costumes as much as women did, and the garments of both were draped and flowing.

But now? In scorn M. Lemaitre points to the raiment of the modern woman. It has been fashioned so as to become solely expressive of sex. Every artifice is resorted to to make a woman look large above and below the waist and cut her in two in the middle. Bah! Disgusting! exclaims Lemaitre.

The skirts spread out over artificial and proportionless contours; the waist is inclosed in a rigid, unnatural framework. The waist of woman is no longer large and supple, as in the classic model, but is a mere deformation inclosed in a disarranged thoracic cage.

Harvard Rowboat.

The eight oared racing shell in which the Harvard rowing champions expect to pull themselves to victory this summer is of English make. It was constructed on the Thames river and shipped by steamer to Boston.

The man who constructed the shell is an English boatbuilder who for many years has fashioned the craft used in their rowing contests by Oxford and Cambridge oarsmen. The Harvard boat has seats in the middle, instead of at the side like, the English boats. The seat in the middle is the one preferred by American crews. Except for this difference, the shell is the same as that used by the British university crews.

The Harvard boat is 62 feet long and 23 inches wide at the center. It is as long and slim proportionally as the insect called the devil's darning needle. The 23 inch width is the greatest, however, it must be remembered. The thing tapers each way fore and aft from the middle till at the long, knifelike ends, both bow and stern, it is less than an inch in width. The oarsman who can squeeze his body into the space allotted him and keep his balance, at the same time pulling an oar like a giant, must be as expert as a wild Indian in his canoe.

The question is, however, this: If the Harvard eight win every contest with their new British shell, will it be a victory for England or America?

The regatta of the National Association of Amateur Oarsmen will take place on the Schuylkill river at Philadelphia Aug. 13 and 14. The present rules of the association require that competing boats shall be rowed a mile and a half. The boats must row a certain distance, then show the skill of the oarsmen by turning in midstream and going back to the place of starting. In a river so swift as the Schuylkill this turning will not be an easy matter with so many boats, and many interested are in favor of changing the rules and letting the boats row a straightaway course from start to finish. The question is being earnestly discussed at present. A majority of the opinions are on the side of the straightaway or course without the turn.

The present secretary of the interior is right in refusing to revoke the Cleveland order withdrawing large bodies of land from settlement in order that they may preserve the sources of water courses throughout the west. The interests of a few mining and railway companies may suffer a little by their not being allowed free swing in cutting public timber, but what is this compared to preserving the fertility of millions of acres of land? The plan of having the forest lands embraced in the order surveyed and then allowing under proper superintendence the old and dead timber to be cut out and used is the right one.

Between Secretary Sherman and Assistant Secretary Day the state department at Washington this term will be run according to the Ohio idea.

We may have American opals from our own country on the market soon. Opal mines in Idaho have been staked off and will soon be worked.

The heathen Turk considers his religion before his money. The Christian of Europe considers his money before his religion.

Subscribe for the NEWS.

Constipation

Causes fully half the sickness in the world. It retains the digested food too long in the bowels and produces biliousness, torpid liver, indigestion, bad taste, coated tongue, sick headache, insomnia, etc. Hood's Pills cure constipation and all its results, easily and thoroughly. 25c. All druggists. Prepared by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass. The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Hood's Pills

FRAZER AXLE GREASE BEST IN THE WORLD.

Its wearing qualities are unsurpassed, actually outlasting three boxes of any other brand. Not affected by heat. GET THE Genuine.

FOR SALE BY ALL DEALERS.

AN AMPHIBIOUS CRIMINAL.

His Mysterious Method of Escape Revealed by Accident.

The railroad detective said: "One of the hardest chaps to run down I ever came across was one I had something to do with when I was on the London police force, many years ago. He was an all round thief, ready and willing to crib anything he could get his hands on, from a house and lot to a hot stove, and he never let anybody get their hands on him if he could help it, and he always did, while I was on the force. For the five years I was working along the dock district the fellow kept at his work, and we couldn't catch him. One night he cracked a safe and got away with $1,000 or more, and a reward was offered for him. This put us all on our mettle, and I was keen to make a reputation and had everything and everybody spotted.

"Not a hair of him, though, showed for as much as three months, and then one night I flushed him and gave chase. He went for the dock, and I was sure I had him, for there was only one way to get out of that, and that was by the water, and in this particular place he couldn't sneak under the flooring, but had to take to the open water. I wasn't ten yards behind him as he went out the dock on a run, and I saw him go over and heard the splash. It couldn't have been a second till I was in sight of all the water where he went in, but when I got there there wasn't any sign of my man, and the whole place was well lighted with lamps.

"I made a thorough search, going all around under the docks beyond the only place where he could get under, but there wasn't any man there. I was sure then that he had been drowned, and we dragged the place, but could find nothing in the shape of a man, though we did fish out a dead woman, who had evidently been in the water for a month. His body had floated off; that was all there was to it, and we congratulated ourselves on getting rid of him, even if we had lost the reward. However, six weeks later, a detective 'detected' him one night on a boat on the Thames, and just as he was going to take him in he went overboard and disappeared in the dark waters of the river. Every effort was made to find him again, but without success, and this time we were sure he had been drowned.

"For a year afterward nothing was seen of him, and then we heard of him in Liverpool, and one of the Scotland Yarders went there to take him if possible. He spotted him as usual, down about the docks, where he seemed to be careless, and again he took to the water and escaped. By this time we felt that he wasn't born to be drowned and that he would turn up again. He did, several times, and each time he got away. At last, about five years after I had been in America, I received a letter from a friend of mine at Scotland Yard to the effect that the 'water dog,' as we called him, had been captured by an accident. He had been seen near the docks by a roundsman and chased, and as he went toward the water across the dock he tripped on a rope and fell, striking his head on a stanchion, and falling into the water in an unconscious condition. He was fished out and resuscitated, but before they brought him around they discovered his amphibiousness, so to speak. Fastened about his neck was a rubber tube, 10 feet or so long, with a mouthpiece ready handy at one end, and the other end fastened into a small cork float, so that when he went into the water he staid there, either swimming away or holding to a dock pile, but never coming to the surface for air, as he got all he wanted through the tube, with its open end in the float, which wouldn't be noticed one time in a thousand in the dark in such nasty water as is about the docks. Of course they would have got on to him after awhile, but the accidental falling saved time and explained a mystery, which he no doubt guarded secretly, even from men of his class, for I know none of the thieves we ever caught could give him away."—Washington Star.

A Grafted Snake.

Dr. G. A. Countryman of Mallette, S. D., possesses a combination snake. It is half garter and half sand snake, and this peculiar composition was made possible by a surgical operation performed by the doctor. His attention was directed to snakes from observing that when a snake is killed its tail appears to live until the sun goes down, when life ceases. It is thought by many that this is owing to the nerves, but the doctor was somewhat skeptical on this point. Being a surgeon he dissected several and made some interesting discoveries. He found that in both the sand and garter snakes the spinal column extended little more than half the length of the body. Knowing that it was possible to graft flesh, this led him to chloroform them and try splicing them, making the splice, of course, below the end of the spinal column. He made four unsuccessful attempts, but succeeded in the fifth. The grafted snake he has now is apparently in good health, and the joined parts are perfectly knitted together. Its body is of the sand snake and its tail is a garter snake's.—San Francisco Chronicle.

Tennyson.

That Tennyson hadn't good manners is the contention of Mr. Sherrard, and this young man, in support of his statement, tells the story of a visit paid by his mother in her youth to the laureate's wife. Tennyson came into the room, looked very gloomy and, in fact, snubbed the assembled company, if one may believe Mr. Sherrard.

Commenting on this tale, The New Budget says: "The absurdity of attempting to trick out Tennyson as a drawing room hero is palpable to all who knew him. It is, moreover, a species of fawning upon him which he would have been the first to resent. His manner to men and women was frankly boorish. He did not mean unkindness, but so it was that he protected or merely amused himself."

A Curious Playbill Phrase.

The Teatro Nuovo, at Naples, added, our correspondent says, a curious sentence to the bills of performance a few nights ago. The piece to be performed was "Il Catenaccia" ("The Chain"), by Blum and Toche, which had not before been performed at Naples. The sentence was as follows, "The manager considers it his duty to advise the public that this comedy, because of its rather licentious character, is not an entertainment fit for young ladies."—London News.

Immense Forests.

A faint idea of the vastness of our forests in the Willapa valley, Washington, says the Frances News, can be formed by the fact that by building a short spur of from 1¼ to 3¼ miles of track a body of timber can be tapped which contains about 80,000,000 feet. This is the estimate made by two men of sound judgment on the timber business.

Equivocation, a word now applied to any evasion, was once understood to mean the calling of diverse things by the same name.

AS OTHERS SEE US.

The Tale of an American, Two Japanese, and a Dish of Potatoes.

Even those who desire to be strictly accurate sometimes erect their story from a single instance. The fallacy of so doing is well illustrated by the following story told to the writer by one of the participants:

A few years ago two Japanese gentlemen of high standing were traveling in the United States, and, among other places, visited a large and widely known manufactory. They were afterward invited by the senior member of the firm to lunch with him. Colonel M. was also of the party. It happened that the first food placed on the table was a dish of fried potatoes, and as the manufacturer enthusiastically explained his business to his guests he unthinkingly took a piece of potato from the dish with his fingers and ate it. A second and third piece followed. The Japanese listened politely, but Colonel M. observed that they were closely watching their host's method of eating. The Colonel has a keen sense of humor, and he at once decided that he would follow his friend's example and see what the others would do. He did so, and instantly both Japanese made a dive for the dish, and thus they sat eating potatoes with their fingers, presenting, it is to be feared, the appearance of four men who had had nothing to eat for a long while, and expected never to get anything again.

Will it be surprising if in a future Japanese book on America this breach of good manners shall find a place as an American custom?—American Kitchen Magazine.

WIT AND HUMOR.

Johnny—"I didn't know until today, that you were caned at school last week." "Didn't you, pa? I knew it last week."

Miss Pert: "Is Miss Strait Lace circumspect?" Miss Caustic: "Circumspect! Why, she won't accompany a young man on the piano without a chaperon!"

At the Boot Shop—"I want a pair of shoes for my little boy here." "Yes, mum; French kid, mum?" "French kid, indeed!" No; he's my own son—born and bred in London."

Rough on Jones—"I say, Jones, is Wiggins a man to be trusted?" "Decidedly; why, I'd trust him with my life." "Oh, but I mean with anything of value?"

Stranger (to Bridget, scrubbing the front steps). "While your on your knees, Biddy, pray for me."

Bridget: Oh Lord, make this fellow a gintlemon!"

"So yon've lost all your marbles, eh? Well, it serves you right. Boys always lose who play on Sundays."

"But how about the other fellow, who won all my marbles?"—Penny Illustrater.

Bildad—What do you think of my wife?

Ichabod—I think she's a poem; yes, sir, a poem."

Bildad—Um! A magazine poem, I guess. I can't understand her.—Manchester News.

"Johnnie," called his mother, "stop using that bad language.'

"Why," replied the boy, "Shakespeare said what I just did."

"Well," replied the mother, growing infuriated, "you should stop going with him—he's no fit company for you."—Tid-Bits.

Mamma—"Have you washed your face, Johnny?"

Johnny—"Yes, 'm."

Mamma—"And your hands?"

Johnny—"Yep."

Mamma—"And your neck?"

Johnny—"Aw, see here, ma, I ain't a angel."

A Diving Horse.

There is a horse which has been trained to perform diving feats at Seattle, Washington, U. S. From a platform which has been constructed on the edge of the wharf the horse leaps into the waters of Lake Washington, 30 feet below, and is apparently proud of his accomplishment. At the word "Go" from his master down it goes, and the crowd of onlookers hold their breath as it descends and disappears in the water—quickly followed by a cheer, however, as it reappears and strikes out for the shore.—Tid-Bits.

An Elephant Sanctuary.

The English Government has just established a sanctuary for the African elephant in the coast area of Somaliland. Within the reserve shooting of elephants is strictly forbidden, and the observance of this rule will be an essential condition to the shooting of other animals within the prescribed area.—Chicago Record.

An Apparently Easy Task.

Odious Oliver—Ef I had de right sort of job I'd go to work.

Mouldy Mike—You s'prise me, Ollie. Wot sort o' job would you work at?

Odious Oliver—I'd like to be in one o' dem places where dey "do de rest" for ammytoor photographers.—New York World.

The Longest Train on a Dress.

The train of the dress worn by Catherine de Medici, on her marriage, in 1533, with Henri, second son of Francis I., King of France, was 48 yards in length, and was carried by ten pairs of pages.—Tid-Bits.

"De man dat likes 'is own conversation too well," said a negro philosopher, "generally gits er chance soonah or later ter m'nopolise de listenin'."—Answers.

A wave of anti-expectoration ordinances is sweeping over the country. In most cases, however, the enforcement of the same is waived.

Illinois has two United States Senators, neither of whom can ride a bicycle. Yet Illinois is always vociferously declaring that she is keeping pace with the progress of the nation.

King Oscar has at least the satisfaction of knowing that the mention of his name in connection with the arbitration treaty has made him known to millions of people who never heard of him before.

Germany, by the last census, has 52,279,001 inhabitants, an increase in five years of 2,851,431. France's population has increased in the same time only 133,819, being now 38,228,069. Thirty-five years ago the population of the two countries was nearly equal.

Had Better Consider It.

It is well known, and sorrowfully admitted, by all intelligent persons, of candor, that the social and moral world is being shocked every day by the increasing number of high crimes against person and property, notably against personal and family rights and privileges.

Those dastardly acts of recklessness, butchery and suicide, of which Coroner's juries say that "there was no apparent cause," "no reason could be found," and kindred verdicts, are puzziling the minds of *very many* eminent moralists of the present day.

Undoubtedly one reason for this is that many pulpiteers and moralists study and preach more often upon "Olympic Games," "Base Ball," "The Bicycle," "Military Schools" "Politics," etc., than upon the subjects of "Angels," (good and bad) and the "Devil"—chief of the evil ones—which are among the most important subjects treated upon in the Bible. They are directly and indirectly mentioned 1,582 times!

The book, "Spiritualism Examined and Refuted," which is admitted to be a wonderful compendium of facts appertaining to the great system of "Spiritual Philosophy," does so treat upon the subject of angels—both good and evil—that their origin, nature, character and office are readily understood in a practical way, even by the common people. Hence, to read the work carefully, is to be forearmed, which is to be informed; insomuch that the otherwise unlearned may escape the calamities often consequent upon ignorance of Human and Demon Magnetism.

Human Magnetism, or Mesmerism, now scientifically called "Hypnotism," is a mental or psycological force which *often is*, and *always can be* a stepping-stone to Demon Magnetism, which is, simply, real "Spiritual Phenomena. *This fact is not now generally known!*

The work clearly shows that the *teachings* of the Bible withstand all criticisms, and, also, that ALL of their enemies quote from them when they wish to say anything *morally grand*, or to formulate any moral criterion for practical reference.

While this book does not mention any church or denomination, it *does prove*, incidentally, that the Almighty God of Bible account is a JUST, rather than an *unjust* Being; and that He is still on the giving hand, even to His worst enemies; and that they may, *if they will*, have eternal life as well as this day of probation.

It would interest more than a million of people in our own country to know that this work is *the first one of its size* to present clear-cut proof that *only* those who accept Christ as their Saviour have *any title* to immortality. The contrary view is the foundation on which Spiritualism rests.

The experience, close study and observations of the author for more than thirty years, and the introduction of 200 quotations, with book and page and paper and date given, makes it a valuable library for reference.

Attention is called to some of the commendations this book has received:—

REVIEW OF REVIEWS; "He [the author] considers Spiritualism to be a pernicious force in modern society, hostile to all religious and he defends this view by Biblical argument and by an array of documentary evidence which shows a great expenditure of energy."

REV. H. L. HASTINGS, editor of the *Christian*, "Mr. Dadmun's book contains a large number of facts and extracts which I am very glad to get hold of. I do not doubt the general correctness of his positions."

Philadelphia *Bulletin*:—"Certainly the book is a valuable work of reference, if not for study, by those interested in the questions the author has striven to answer."

OUR HOPE AND LIFE IN CHRIST:—"It is a valuable book for all English reading families, and, also, for preachers, lectures, and debaters against Spiritualism."

MESSIAH'S ADVOCATE:—"The book will well repay the trouble to peruse it, in furnishing them with overwhelming evidence against the false claims of Spiritualism."

CAMDEN POST:—"The greatest questions pertaining to Man, here and hereafter, are discussed with brevity, comprehensiveness and—if pointed evidences from many sources are considered—with considerable ability; thus making it worthy of study by any student of human, superhuman, or Divine forces, the evil as well as the good."

REV. MILES GRANT, the well-known writer, lecturer and debater:—"It is a work for the times. It is comprehensive, abounding in important facts, just such as are needed to form a correct conclusion as to the merit of Spiritualism."

REV. G. F. HAINES, Salem, Mass. said to the author:—"I have read every word in your book. It is a valuable work, especially for reference, and I use it as such."

MESSIAH'S HERALD:—"This work is intended to explain the mystery of Spiritualism. We have no doubt that the position by the author that it is a mixture of false and real phenomena is correct. As to the character of the supernatural element in its workings, we endorse the conclusions he reaches, that the agencies at work are the Devil and his angels. There is no doubt but the scathing denunciations of the false theology of Spiritualism are justified in the premises."

REVIEW and HERALD, Battle Creek, Mich.:—"The author occupies the true position in regard to conditional immorality, and hence holds the only true vantage ground from which the claims of Spiritualism can be successfully refuted.

The author shows that Spiritualism is not a humbug, as so many claim, and are thereby thrown off their guard; that it is not religion; that its claims are false; that its phenomena are beyond human power, and that its teachings are destructive to morality, and utterly blasphemous."

DR. A. F. RANDALL, Port Huron, Mich.:—"I can conscientiously say it is a *grand* book—ought to be read by everybody; then philosophers would no longer go about like Diogenes with a lantern in broad daylight."

The NEWS has already said that Spiritualism is one of the most important subjects of our time, and that this book treats it exhaustively, and refutes it completely. This work has been selected by the Mendota College as "specially adapted to the Bible Training School."

This is a regular $1.50 book but to more quickly spread its usefulness this edition has been reduced to $1.25 postpaid. To ministers and teachers $1.00.

Address C. F. SLEEPER.
Palmyra, N. J.

THE MYSTERY EXPLAINED.

The mystery of Clairvoyance, Spiritualism and the Bible accounts of soothsayers and persons possessed with devils, and kindred phenomena, have long puzzled many candid minds.

"Spiritualism Examined and Refuted," by Elder John H Dadmun, is one of the most important works of our time; it treats the System exhaustively and "refutes" it completely.

This work shows that much of the social and moral evil which news journals say is terribly on the increase, is traceable to the TEACHINGS of Spiritualism. Indeed a large per cent. of mysterious suicides are but results of doctrines taught by evil angels who control persons under favorable conditions and make them *Destroying Methems*.

It is worthy of study by any student of human, superhuman or divine forces, the evil well as the good.

No church or denomination is mentioned, and nearly every quotation has its date and authority given, making the book valuable for reference.

It has received highest commendation.

The only book that *disproves* the claims of Modern Spiritualism.

468 pp., 8 vo., large type, on fine white paper, excellent postrait of the author, bound in cloth, with stamps and edges of gold. Price $1.25, post-paid. To ministers and teachers, $1.00.

Address C. F. SLEEPER,
Palmyra, N. J.

C. F. COX,

—DEALER IN—

Fresh Meats, Poultry AND Vegetables,

Broad Street below Delaware Avenue.

NEXT DOOR TO FIRE HOUSE.

PRICES ARE RIGHT. . . .

GUS. MOHRMAN,

PRACTICAL BOOT AND SHOEMAKER,

CUSTOM WORK A SPECIALTY.

REPAIRING. Open Until 10 P. M

520 LECONEY AVENUE. PALMYRA.

J. W. SHADE,

Contractor & Builder.

PLANS, specifications and estimates furnished. All work strictly first-class in every particular. Jobbing promptly attended to at reasonable rates. Best of reference furnished.

A share of your patronage is respectfully solicited.

J. W. SHADE,

P. O. BOX 866. 411 LECONEY AVENUE PALMYRA

FOR ALL THE LOCAL NEWS READ

THE WEEKLY NEWS.

THE WEEKLY NEWS.

C. F. SLEEPER, Editor and Proprietor. A BRIEF CHRONICLE OF CURRENT EVENTS. PRICE, THREE CENTS.

Vol. XIII.—No. 34. PALMYRA, N. J., SATURDAY, JUNE 19, 1897. $1.00 per annum in advance.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD
LOCAL TIME TABLE.
In effect May 16th, 1897.

EASTWARD.						WESTWARD.				
Philadelphia,	Delair.	W. Palmyra	Palmyra	River-ton.	River-ton.	Palmyra	W. Palmyra	Delair.	Philadelphia.
a. m.	a. m.	a. m.	a. m.	a. m.	a. m.	a. m.	a. m.	a. m.	a. m.
6.10	6.33	6.37	6.39	6.42	5.50	5.52	5.53	5.55	6.20
7.10	7.31	7.37	7.39	7.42	6.44	6.47	6.49	6.55	7.20
					7.27	7.25		7.30	7.50
8.20	8.42	8.47	8.49	8.52	7.47	7.50	7.52	7.56	8.20
10.30	10.50	10.54	10.56	10.58	8.17	8.20			8.40
p. m.	p. m.	p. m.	p. m.	p. m.	8.54	8.57	8.59	9.03	9.20
12.00	12.22	12.27	12.29	12.32	9.07				9.30
*1.00	1.21	1.25	1.27	1.30	10.20	10.29			10.50
1.40	2.03	2.09	2.12	2.15	p. m.	p. m.	p. m.	p. m.	p. m.
2.30	2.50		2.55	2.58	12.02	12.04			12.30
3.30	3.52	3.58	4.00	4.02	12.30	12.37	12.39	12.43	12.49
4.00			4.27		1.31	1.34	1.36	1.40	2.00
4.30			4.50	4.53	2.10	2.13	2.15	2.19	2.40
5.00			5.22	5.25	3.30	3.33	3.35	3.39	4.00
5.00	5.36	5.42	5.44	5.47	3.49	3.51			4.10
5.30			5.51	5.56	5.15	5.21	5.23	5.28	5.50
6.00	6.18	6.23	6.25	6.28	6.16	6.18			6.40
6.30	6.57	6.59	7.04	7.07	6.51	6.54	6.56	7.00	7.20
7.30	7.51	7.55	7.57	8.00	8.11	8.14			8.35
9.00	9.22	9.27	9.29	9.32	9.51	9.54	9.56	10.00	10.20
10.30	10.51	10.56	10.58	11.01	10.54	10.56	10.58	11.00	11.20
11.45	12.06	12.09	12.11	12.13	12.21	12.24	12.25	12.29	12.50
SUNDAY.						TRAINS.				
a. m.	a. m.	a. m.	a. m.	a. m.	a. m.	a. m.	a. m.	a. m.	a. m.	a. m.
8.45	9.09	9.15	9.17	9.20	8.26	8.29	8.31	8.37	9.05
9.15	9.39	9.45	9.47	9.50	p. m.	p. m.	p. m.	p. m.	p. m.
p. m.	p. m.	p. m.	p. m.	p. m.	12.51	12.54	12.56	1.00	1.20
1.30	1.52	1.57	1.59	2.02	5.16	5.19	5.21	5.27	5.50
5.45	6.07	6.11	6.13	6.17	7.28	7.31	7.33	7.40	8.05
10.00	10.21	10.26	10.28	10.31	10.15	10.18	10.20	10.25	10.50

*Saturday only.

GENERAL TIME TABLE.
Leave Palmyra as follows:

For Trenton, Newark and New York, 6.39, 7.39, 8.49, 10.56 a. m., 12.29 2.55, 4.00, 4.50, 5.54, 7.57 p. m., week-days; 9.47 a. m. 1.56, 6.14 p. m. Sundays.

For Riverside, Delanco, Beverly, Edgewater Park and Burlington, 6.39, 7.39, 8.49, 10.56 a. m., 12.29, 2.12, 2.55, 4.00, 4.50, 5.54, 5.44 5.54, 6.25, 7.04, 7.57, 9.?9, p. m., and 12.11 night, week-days, 9.47 a. m., 1.56, 6.14, 9.17 and 10.28 p. m., Sundays.

For Bordentown, 6.39, 7.39, 8 49, 1.56, a. m., 12.29, 2.55, 4.00, 4.50, 5.22, 5.54, 6.25, 7.57, 9.29, p. m., and 12.11 night, week days. 9.47 a. m., 1.59, 6.14 9.17 and 10.28 p. m., Sundays.

For Hightstown, Jamesburg, South Amboy, ..30 a. m., and 4.00 p. m., week days.

For tickets and further information apply to Agent at the station

J. B. HUTCHINSON, General Manager. J. R. WOOD, Gen'l Pass'r A't.

BUSINESS CARDS.

George Gilbert. Clarence T. Atkinson.

GILBERT & ATKINSON,
COUNSELLORS - AT - LAW.

Practice in all the Higher Courts.

325 *Federal Street, Camden, N. J.*

D. H. WRIGHT,
ATTORNEY--AT--LAW,
OFFICE 720 DREXEL BUILDING.
PHILADELPHIA.

Houses for Sale or Rent.
Building Lots for Sale.
Rents collected.

Henry Hollinshed, Jr.,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
AND SOLICITOR,
205 Market Street,
CAMDEN, N. J.
Residence—Delair.

Where You're Blind You'll See

what a mistake you made in not taking care of your eyes when you had them. If they pain you, call on me; I will examine them without charge and tell you how to correct the trouble with the least expense and the greatest certainty.

SPECTACLES AND EYE GLASSES — EYES CAREFULLY TESTED

C. A. LONGSTRETH,
228 Market St., PHILADELPHIA

TARIFF OF ANNUAL WATER RATES OF THE

Riverton and Palmyra Water Co.
PRIVATE HOUSES.

Hydrant in yard or kitchen, ½ in. tap,	$6.00
" " " ¾ " "	8.00

No consumer will be charged a less amount than for one hydrant under any circumstancef.

Hydrant in both yard and kitchen, ½ in. tap,	8.00
Hydrant in both yard and kitchen, ¾ in tap,	10.00

A screw nozzle or other device to attacy hose on hydrants is not permitted except by special arrangement.

Bath tub,	4.00
Water closet, self-acting, pan valve or reservoir, each,	3.00
All other kinds, special rates urinals, each,	2.00
Stationary wash-basins, each,	1.00
" " ti'"s, each,	1.00

Pavement tap [to be used as pave wash or for sprinkling or both not exceeding 3 hours in any one day, for 50 feet or under]

Each additional foot, 50 to 100 feet, 8 cents per oot or 100 to 200 feet, 4 cents per foot.

THE BURLINGTON CO.
SAFE DEPOSIT & TRUST CO.,
MOORESTOWN, N. J.

CAPITAL.....$200,000.000.

Authcrized by law to act as Executor, Administrator, Guadian, Trustee, Assignee, Receiver, Agent, etc., and executes Trusts of every description; receives despesits of money payable by chee and allows three per cent. interest thereon.

OFFICERS.

WILLIAM M. PAUL, President.
DAVID D. GRISCOM, Vice President.
WILLIAM W. STOKES, Treas. and Sec'y.
CHARLES EWAN MERRITT, Solicitor.

William M. Paul,	Moorestown, N. J.
N. Newlin Stokes, M. D.,	" "
Alfred H. Burr,	" "
Henry Doughten,	" "
John C. Hopkins,	" "
Josiah Lippincott,	" "
Mordecai Hunt,	" "
Chas. Ewau Merritt,	Mount Holly, "
Isaac Fenimore,	" "
Howard Parry,	Riverton, "
Isaac W. Stoes,	Medford, "
Albert Hansell,	Rancocas, "
David D. Griscom,	Marlton, "
Witliam J. Irie,	Vincentown, "
William R. Lippincott,	Fellowship, "
David Masters,	Phila., Pa.
Clayton Conrow,	Clnnaminson, N. J

For the convenience of the public business with this company can be transacted through Mr. Howard Parry at his Riverton or Palmyra offices.

BICYCLES.

BICYCLES TO HIRE

No special permit is required to ride a wheel. Call on us at any time you may need one. We will fit you out with either a new or second-hand one. Our stock comprises all the latess makes.

ALL KINDS OF BICYCLE SUNDRIES.

James H. Bowers, Agt.,
S. E. COR. BROAD AND MAIN STS., RIVERTON, N. J.

Repairing a specialty.

ESTABLISHED 1865. TELEPHONE No. 773

BIOREN & CO.,
BANKERS,
No. 136 South Third Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Transact a General Banking Business.
Stocks and Bonds Bought and Sold on Commission.

CAREFUL ATTENTION GIVEN TO INQUIRIES IN RELATION TO INVESTMENTS.

JOHN E. MORTON,
UNDERTAKER,
Broad St. above Maple Avenue, Palmyra.

JOSEPH BISHOP,
CONTRACTOR and BUILDER,
Of Frame, Brick or Stone, Dwellings and Business Houses.

Only the very best materials and lowest prices charged consistent with *First-Class and Reliable Workmanship.*

Numerous building plans may be seen at my office. If desired, Specifications, and estimates will be furnished at short notice. Call or Address,

JOSEPH BISHOP.
FOURTH ST., AND GARFIELD AVE., PALMYRA, N. J.

HOWARD PARRY, C. E.
RIVERTON AND PALMYRA.
Surveyor, Conveyancer, Notary Public, Commissioner of Deeds.

Deeds, Mortgages, Wills and Legal Documents carefully drawn and executed. Loans negotiated upon most favorable terms. Rents collceted, houses for sale and to rent. 6 per cent. mortgages for sale. Fire, life and Accident Insurance. Reliable companies and lowest rates

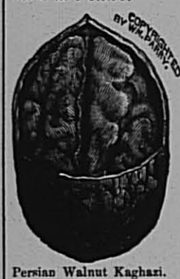
☞Correspondence Solicited.

JOHN C. BELTON,
UNDERTAKER,
(Formerly with the late Samuel Jones),
MOORESTOWN, N. J.

Branch Offices { Riverside, Riverton, 520 Cinnaminson Ave., Palmyra.

Telephone No. 7. Eighteen years experience in Philadelphia.

IN). R. PARRY. 300 Acres. 55 Years. WM. PARRY



Persian Walnut Kaghazi.

POMONA NURSERIES.
ESTABLISHED 1838.
A large and complete stock of
Fruit and Shade Trees, Evergreens and Ornamentals, Nut Bearing Trees
In great variety. Flowering shrubbery, climbing vines, hardy oranges, Eleagnus, Longipes, Buffalo Berries, Rock, Mountain Atleberries, and many other valuable novelties. Small Fruit Plants Grape Vines, Etc., Etc., Etc.
Illustrated Descriptive Catalogue Free.

Wm. PARRY, Parry, N. J.

When in Philadelphia, try a cup of the

Home Brand Plantation Java Coffee

of Messrs. Srtawbridge & Clothier's, where it is served free of charge. It is packed, ground, pulverised and whole bean, in one pound non-metalic-boxes and is for sale in Riverton and Palmyra, and by all the leading Philadelphia grocers. 38c a pound.

HENRY A. FRY & CO.,
ROASTERS AND PACKERS, 131 MARKET ST., PHILADELPHIA.
The above Coffee used and recommended by Mrs. S. T. Rorer, Phila.

For Sale by J. M. Roberts, Chas. Loyd and H. Read.

Subscribe for THE WEEKLY NEWS.

THE KING'S ENTRANCE.

"Lift up your heads, ye gates!
Ye cross, uplifted be."
The King's entrance waits;
A King of Glory, He.

Who is this glorious King?
The questioning challenge came;
Then shouts triumphant ring,
"The Lord of Hosts, His name."

The Lord, in battle strong,
The mighty Lord of Lords:
Victorious over wrong,
And Satan's hellish hordes.

On earth the victor's wreath;
The crown of thorns, on cross:
Obedience unto death
Meant love, to save us loss.

Through faith in His shed blood,
We have God's pardon free;
Our inheritance made good,
Our share in victory.

Through everlasting doors,
Through gates of pearl, pass we,
And fairest sight on Heavenly shores
Shall King in His beauty, see.

H. B. B.

A Love Chase.

"To-morrow on the Paris?" cried Carter, dropping his cane on the pavement with a resounding thud.

"Yes, to-morrow," said I, gazing with astonishment on my friend, for my commonplace gossip had apparently perturbed him greatly. "The whole family are going to sail, and they will fly away for a year. It's very sudden."

"Sudden! I should say so!" he exclaimed. He looked thoughtfully up the avenue for a moment, then stammered, "Miss Margaret too?

"Yes."

Thereupon he hailed a passing cab, and before I could get another word with him dived into the vehicle and quickly disappeared with it.

Carter is not a bad fellow. He is exceedingly modest. This is a most unusual characteristic for a young man who is spending a fortune gathered by another's talents, but to so great a degree does he possess it that it seemed to him impossible that Margaret Walcott should look upon him with other than indifference or even repugnance.

"Why, Vandergust," he said to me one Sunday afternoon, when he had dropped in on his way to her house. "it's ridiculous to suppose that a bright girl like that could care for a fellow like me—a fellow who doesn't know anything, who has not a striking point except money—when there are so many men with brains about."

But, acting on my advice, he actually started to propose that very afternoon.

"Miss Walcott," he began as they sat by the fireplace in the drawing room talking commonplace, "I'm in love."

"Really! How interesting!" cried the girl, calmly leaning toward him and gazing at him awaiting the rest of his revelations.

There was a long silence, during which Carter carefully drew his left glove on his right hand. Having recovered his courage, he continued naively: "I know who it's with. Do you know who it's with?"

"Yourself," she cried, clapping her hand as though she had made a wonderful discovery.

"Oh, dear, no! Never!" he stammered, "Positively not. You really don't think so, do you?"

"I was just guessing," she replied soothingly.

"Guess again," said he quickly.

"With Livia Vandergust," ventured Miss Walcott after she had given the matter due consideration, gazing meditatively into the fire thus unconsciously showing to Carter the fine profile of her face, which glowed in the red light of the coals.

"Don't accuse me of it," cried my friend in a deprecating tone that was most uncomplimentary to my charming cousin. "Guess somebody near home."

And the foolish fellow kept her guessing the name of every girl in town but the right one until the maid brought in Denby's card.

Was it a wonder that, knowing these facts, I smiled when I saw Carter dash away in a cab after I had imparted to him the news? It was sufficient to send him up the steps of the Walcott house in three bounds when his cab drew up there. Miss Walcott was out. "At teas?" he ventured to inquire of the maid. "Yes." Here arose a predicament. He knew of no less than five that afternoon. But he heard that she was to be at the Trumpton's dinner that night, and his sole chance of seeing her lay in finding her that very afternoon or following her over Europe.

So he started in at Mrs. J. Anderson Oglesby's and most perfunctorily paid his respects to that energetic woman and her extremely plain daughter. Then he searched every corner of the crowded drawing rooms and even took surreptitious glance into butler's pantry.

"Isn't that Miss Walcott yonder?" he said to the young girl who was pouring tea, indicating a mass of black hair that was conspicuous in the crush.

"Why, no," she cried, gazing at him in astonishment. "She has light hair. And, besides, she left hours ago. I should think"—

The rest of the remark was lost on my friend, who dashed from the room and the house and was off in his cab once more.

He searched in vain for her at the Partridges', the Joneses' and the Van Blunders' and at length reached the house of my aunt, who was on that afternoon performing the arduous physical labor of introducing her daughter to society. Great, indeed, was my cousin's astonishment when Bennington Carter was announced, for she knew that he abhorred teas. But greater still was her amazement when he let fall the hand she held out to him, turned suddenly, craned his neck so as to see over the knot of women about the door and dashed madly from the room.

Carter had seen her at last, but it was only a glimpse as the door closed upon her. He rushed up the stairs to the dressing room and bounded down again to his cab.

"Which way did Miss Walcott's carriage go?" he cried to the man who called his conveyance for him.

"Up Fifth avenue, sir," replied that astonished man.

"After it!" exclaimed Carter, jumping in and slamming the door.

The bewildered Jehu swung his vehicle around the corner and dashed up the avenue, crowded with carriages. Eight blocks, however, told on the beast, and the driver found it expedient to draw up at the curb and hold a colloquy with his fare.

"So you have lost it, eh?" cried Carter angrily.

"Yes, sir," replied the cabby. He tipped his hat most respectfully in the hope of molifying the angry man.

Carter threw himself moodily back in the seat and for a time was silent. It was already dark. The pavement was filled with people hurrying home after the day's work. He had visited every place where he could have hoped to find her, yet lost her. Of a sudden he leaned through the window and to the cabby said, "Do you see any awnings about here?"

The man pierced the gloom with his eyes and at length pointed meaningly with his whip down a side street to a residence in front of which a score of carriages were gathered an awning stretched from curb to curb.

"At it!" cried the fare.

Carter quickly ascended the steps of the strange house, boldly passed the servants in the hall, left his coat and hat upstairs and returned to the drawing room.

"Carter, Carter, Carter?" muttered the lover-dressed but kindly looking woman who greeted him there, tapping him on the arm with her fan and giving him a hearty shake of the hand.

"I'm delighted to see you, Mr. Carter."

"It was awfully kind of you to come," said the slender young girl at her side as he formally greeted her. And when he passed on she whispered to her mother: "I'm sure I didn't send him cards. Why, it's Bennington Carter!"

My friend forced his way through a crowd of people he did not know and muttered imprecations on himself for wasting precious time at such a place. She would never be here. He would slip out at once. What! Could he believe his eyes? Yonder she sat in a cozy corner of the dining room, a tall young man bending over her.

"Why, Mr. Carter?" she cried as he rushed breathlessly up to her.

"How in the world did you happen to come here?" he exclaimed.

"S-sh!" The young man moved away, and she whispered apologetically: "Close business friends of my father's. But pray what brought you here?"

"I followed you."

"Shadowed me! That was very polite of you."

"But I wanted you to guess some more," he stammered.

"Oh!" The girl blushed deeply and fixed her eyes on the carpet.

"Be quick," he said.

"Ethel Van Blunder," said she in a scarcely audible voice. She half arose from her chair.

Carter glanced behind him and saw Denby pushing his way through the crush at the tea table. "Oh hurry," he blurted out "You must guess before you sail, or I'll never be hap"—

"I've guessed," she said demurely. "I'm very glad to see you, Mr. Denby."

"I've followed you all over town," exclaimed Denby totally oblivious of the presence of his despised rival. "But at last"—

"I'm so sorry," she said, moving toward the drawing room. "I'm so late now that really I must be going. But, Mr. Carter, I really forgot. Let me remind you that we expect you to dinner at seven. You can tell me all about it then."—*New York Sun*

A MATTER OF COURTESY.

An irascible man entered the substation exactly at four o'clock and approaching the money order desk, politely requested the presiding genius to issue him an order for $50, says the New York *Advertiser*.

"Too late," said the damsel, curtly, pointing with an inkstained finger to the clock. The indignant man stormed, raved and finaly challenged the correctness of the timepiece. The imperturbable lady smiled. The following afternoon, two minutes before the closing hour, he again presented himself and calmly asked:

"Am I too late?"

"Only just in time," remarked the damsel crossly.

"Thank you. Now, miss, I must trouble you to issue me 50 orders for one dollars each."

"F-i-f-t-y!" grasped the horor-stricken woman. Her tea had just arrived and was standing on a table behind the screen. "Surely you are joking!"

"Madam," said the man, rasing his hat politely, "courtesy begets courtesy."

I would do what I pleased, and doing what I pleased, I should have my will, and, having my will, I should be contented; and, when one is contented, there is no more to be desired; and when there is no more to be desired, there is an end of it.

AN EVIDENT MISTAKE.

"I'm looking for a man named Jones," he said, as the door was opened to him by a woman almost six feet high, weighing nearly 200 pounds.

"Cy Jones?" she queried.

"Yes, I think that is the man. I'm a White Capper and have come to give him warning."

"What's Cy Jones been doing?"

"Licking his wife, and he's got to stop it or we'll take him out and switch him."

"Did you ever see Cy Jones?" asked the woman, after she drew herself up.

"Not that I know of."

She went back to the sitting room, was gone a moment, and when she returned she was carrying a man about 4 feet, 10 inches long under her arm. She gave him a twist and put him on his feet and said:

"This is Cy Jones."

"Your husband?" stammered the White Capper.

"The same, and I am Cy Jones' wife!"

"Great Scott! There must be a mistake here, madam!"

"Yes, I think so," she dryly replied, as she tossed the little man in her arms.

"Sorry to have disturbed you, ma'am, but you see"—

"Yes, I see, and let me help you over the fence."

And placing the little man carefully on his feet she picked up the caller and tossed him over the gate and went back to her work in the kitchen.

SHE JUDGED ALL BY HER HUSBAND.

He was smoking and musing over the ways of the world.

"Odd, isn't it," he said at last, "how few people attain their ideals in this world?"

"In what way?" inquired his wife suspiciously, for she was not a woman to be caught off her guard.

"Well," he replied slowly, "I was thinking of Jones when I spoke. He had an ideal woman that he was always talking about when he was in college. She was tall and stately in his dreams, and he seemed to have no place in his heart for a small woman. And yet—"

"Well?"

"Why, he finally married a little thing who hardly comes to his shoulder. I wonder why it was?"

"Perhaps, John," she said very slowly and distinctly, "he is like the majority of other men, and was afraid to take any one of his size!"

When he spoke again he changed the subject.

HOW TO MAKE LIFE HAPPY.

Take time. It is no use to fume or fret, or do as the angry housekeeper who has got hold of the wrong key, and pushes, shakes and rattles it about the lock until both are broken and the door is still unopened.

The chief secret of comfort lies in not suffering trifles to vex us, and in cultivating our undergrowth of small pleasures.

Try to regard present vexations as you will regard them a month hence.

Since we cannot get what we like, let us like what we can get.

It is not riches, it is not poverty; it is human nature that is the trouble.

The world is like a looking glass. Laugh at it and it laughs back; frown at it and its frowns back.

Angry thoughts canker the mind and dispose it to the worst temper in the world—that of fixed malice and revenge. It is while in this temper that most men become criminals.

ALGER BOUGHT THE COW.

There are too many millionaires among President McKinley's cabinet selection to suit some people. And yet, from the head of the long table down to the foot of it, every Secretary was a boy who began with no capital but brain and muscle.

Gage clerked for $100 a year and saved money. He drove a lumber wagon and added to his assets. Alger was a lad without a cent and with only one coat, when he went to a doctor in the town and begged to be allowed to do the chores and attend school. The doctor had no need of a boy, but Alger's earnestness won his interest, and he took him and gave him the opportunity for an education. Many years after, when Mr. Alger had more hundreds of thousand than the supernuated physician had dollars, the millionaire went to his benefactor, who was in straits, and told him he wanted to pay that debt.

"You don't owe me anything," said the doctor.

"I owe you my education," argued the rich man.

"Bosh!" returned the doctor. "You owe that to yourself."

"I must have caused you trouble and expense, and I want to make it good," Alger urged.

"Well," replied the old man, grimly, "if there was any trouble, I have forgotten it. The only expense I can recall was the loss of a fine cow. When you came to live with me, Alger, I had the best cow in these parts. You completely spoiled her with your awkwardness. It wasn't three week until you had her so skittish nobdoy could go near her. I had to sell her for beef."

"There," said Alger, I certainly owe for that cow. I have a right to put my own price on her and there is about forty years' interest due on the debt I'm going to pay it."

The old doctor finally yield. It is said that animal brought a higher price than any cow which has been sold in Michigan since the time of Lewis Cass.

MANNERS IN COMPANY.

Always, if a lady, be identified with a visiting card of delicate texture and moderate dimensions. The commonest paste-board is no longer a la mode, and painted placards are only in vogue among the Chinese.

Always aim at a degree of elegant simplicity. The use of highly colored trade marks from the boxes of perfumery, soap packages, etc., for this purpose is not to be encouraged.

Always, if unmarried, avoid the use of any other prefix than plain Miss. You will, indeed, miss it, should you playfully masquerade as a married woman, or even as an interesting widow.

Always believe a not-at-home's servant even if you know she lies. To prod her with your parasol while forcing your way past her, and screaming that you will see her mistress or die in the attempt, is a form now happily obsolete.

Always sustain from leaving your card if you are received by the person you wish to see. To insist on leaving it then would have an air of ostentatious regardlessness of expense.

Always, if accompanied by another, and there is but one card between you (your own), write his or her name in conjunction with yours in lead pencil.

Always leave your own card, instead of some one else's. Neither will your grocer's card nor an advertiser's chromo properly represent you.

Always send your card by a decently attired messenger, if you can't afford a postage stamp. Improvised Mercuries, in the shape of tramps, bootblacks and hand-cartmen will smack of eccentricity rather than of haut ton.

Always have some elegant bit of bric-a-brac as a receptacle for your visitors' cards. Neither a market basket nor a dinner tray will be the best form.

Always have it on view in the hall or in the reception room. To set it at the edge of the curbstone, with a dog to watch it, might suggest lordly pretensions.

THEN SHE LEFT.

One of the dwellers in woman's club land, whose views of the hereafter are somewhat pronounced, recently expounded them with saddening result to her maid, who was bewailing the loss of a friend.

"Death," said she, "is nothing but transition. There is no occasion for so much grief and tear."

"Yes ma'am," agreed the maid, in a fresh outburst.

"When we die," continued her mistress smoothly, "it is only part of the process of evolution. We wake up to another life; that's all."

"It's in heaven we'll be waking up," sobbed the bereft one, "with angels and harps and"—

"What nonsense!" corrected the club woman, with a pitying smile. The next life will be just like this one.

All things prove it. You and I will be doing there all the things we do here."

But the maid had dropped the apron from her tear-stained visage and was gazing at her comforter with every sign of righteous indignation.

"Is it working out in service you think I'll be?" she demanded.

"Precisely," rejoined the evolutionist "but you'll probably be doing it rather better, you know."

"Well if you think I'm going to heaven to wait on you, you'll find yourself mighlty mistaken," gasped the irate handmaiden "I'd rather stay out of it. So you'd better supply yourself with another girl to train up for the next world."—N. Y. *World*.

THE WAY TO RECOGNIZE HIM.

Such a reputation as that of the late Sir Bartle Frere is well worth having. Once when his wife had to meet him at a railway station, she took with her a servant who had never seen his master.

"You must go and look for Sir Bartle," she ordered.

"But," answered the nonplussed servant, "how shall I know him?"

"Oh," said Lady Frere," "look for a tall gentleman helping somebody."

The description was sufficient for the quick-witted man.

He went and found Sir Bartle Frere helping and old lady out of a railway carriage an knew him at once by the description.

AT THE END.—She was a bright girl and they were at the season's last game of base ball. She had won his euthusiastic heart by understanding the game right off, and he loved her even more than if she had been only his sister.

"It reminds me of the household," he said' "the plate, the batter, the fouls and the flies."

"And it reminds me of marriage," she added. First, the diamond, where they are engaged, then the struggles and the hits, then the men going out, and finally the difficulty they have in getting home!"

And he sat and thought and thought.

When you get into a tight place and everything goes against you, till it seems as if you could not hold out a minute longer, never give up then, for that's just the place and time the tide will turn.

VRIETIES.

Where there's a will there's a lawyer.

We cannot do evil to others without doing it to ourselves.

Teach your children to respect their elders and themselves.

It is astonishing how little one feels poverty when one loves.

Now or Never.—He that resolves to mend hereafter, resolves not to mend now.

Have a supply of wooden wedges in every room with which to tighten rattling windows.

Liberty, that best gift dealt out by the impartial hand of nature even to the brute creation.

He that does good for good's sake seeks neither praise nor reward, though sure of both at last.

Jinks—"Was his father a great man?" Binks—"I guess so, he dosen't seem to amount to much himself."

Ella—"Is Belle happily married?" Stella—"I guess so; her husband is a sailor, and is away three years at a time."

The tall man angrily—"I'll get even with you, sir." The short man, easily—"You will have to get down on your knees to do it."

Madge—"I always select tragic stories for hot weather reading!" Mable—"On what principle, dear?" Madge—"They always make my blood run cold."

"Do you think the government should own the railways?" "Well, I think it would be a better plan than the present one of having the railways own the government.

Mrs. Wellmeant—"But why don't you argue with your lover about his drinking habits, Norah?" Norah—"Arrah, mum, Oi hate t' spholle his face before marriage."

"Who ever brought you up, Walter?" demanded his aunt, after some bit of rudeness on his part. "Never was brought up," said Walter. "I've been taken down all my life."

"It's a shame," cried the young wife "Not a thing in the house to eat. I'm going right home to papa!" "If you don't mind, dear," said the husband, reaching for his hat, "I'll go with you."

"Lampton and his wife always make calls on their wheels." "Yes, and it's a very good trick." "How is it a good trick?" "It saves cloths—any old thing will do to wear on a bicycle."

When a man is hanging by his toes from the corner of a high building and expects momentarily to drop, nothing so thoroughly satisfies him as the sudden discovery that he is safe at home in bed

Appropriate—"What sign do you think I ought to put up in front of my place of business?" asked the man who opened a morgue. "Remains to be seen," suggested the friend who had dropped in.

Philanthropy—"Dolan" said Rafferty, "ye're gettin' too savin'. Did yes nivver hear thot money is the root av all evil?" "Oi hov. An' I'm doin' the little Oi kin to pull it up by the roots an' spare the rest av yez."

Here is another Sunday school text, says the *Congregationalist*, a revised version, as recited by a little girl in the immediate vicinity of Boston: "Her ways are ways of pleasantness, and all her pants are pieced."

"Does your wife take any interest in current politics?" asked the earnest woman. "Naw," replied the husband, "She don't. But if its current jelly or current pie, why I allow she could tell you more things about 'em 'n you ever drempt of."

Little Meg came into her Sunday school class one morning, her eyes filled with tears, and looking up into her teacher's face, said: "Our dog's dead, and I guess the angels were scared when they saw him coming up the path, for he's awfully cross to strangers."

"I have heard a great deal about the servant girl problem, but I call the servant girl a blessing." "You do?" "Yes. Before we could afford to hire a servant girl my wife kept me in hot water. Now she has a servant girl who keeps her in hot water and she hasn't time to attend to me."

A belle of Dawson county, Texas, after waiting half-an hour in the office of a justice of the peace for the man she was to marry, got impatient, borrowed the justice's revolver and started to look for her intended. At the end of twenty minutes, she returned, driving the laggard before her and the ceremony was performed.

Miss Pompadour—"What are all those horrid drunken men yelling for out there on the street? They ought to be ashamed of themselves." Miss Grace—"Those are not drunken men. They're college boys out for an airing." Miss Pompadour—"O, the splendid fellows! Isn't it beautiful, the good fellowship and gayety of young college men?"

WHY SHE DID NOT LAUGH.—A small girl, three years old—mind you, they are brilliant in Boston at three years—went to a children's party the other afternoon. After she had returned home she said to her parents:

"At the party a little girl fell from a chair to the floor. All the other girls laughed, but I didn't."

"Well, why didn't you laugh?"

"'Cause I was the one that fell."

THE WEEKLY NEWS
—AND—
SOUTH JERSEY ADVERTISER,
C. F. SLEEPER,

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

DR. J. J. SLEEPER, Associate Editor.

Terms—$1 PER YEAR IN ADVANCE

JOB WORK of all kinds promptly executed as cheaply and as neatly as any office in the County.

We solicit items of interest from all quarters of the State. Correspondents will please sign their names in full to all communications, not for publication but as a guarantee of correctness. Anonymous communications are not wanted.

Advertisers will find the News a valuable advertising medium. None but clean, respectable advertisements inserted.

A mark against this paragraph indicates that this is a sample copy of the paper, sent to you for your inspection free of charge, and that we should be glad to have you become a subscriber.

Orders by mail promptly attended to.

Address all communications to

NEWS AND ADVERTISER,
Palmyra, N. J.

RESIDENCE.—Corner Fourth and Garfield avenue, Palmyra, N. J.

Entered at the Palmyra Post Office as second class matter.

SATURDAY, JUNE 19, 1897.

FOOD FOR THOUGHT.

Character is higher than intellect. A great soul will be strong to live, as well as strong to think.—EMERSON.

Over exertion while riding bicycles, particularly when the heart is weak, is dangerous. There is a medium in everything, in bicycle riding as well as walking and eating and sleeping.

Camping out is a delightful way of spending the summer vacation, however brief. Man naturally belongs outdoors. The camp in a measure permits him to revert to his original wildness.

There has been three or four cases within the last two or three weeks in New Jersey alone, of fools handling guns that they did not know were loaded, and causing the death or maiming of their victims. The latest has just occurred in Newark and lends the "Advertiser" to say that "this fatal folly should be treated as crime, and punished as such, without mercy. The only corrective for fools who point pistols and guns at people is the State Prison."

RIVERTON.

The strawberry season is about over.

Mr. Wm. Dreer visited the nurseries here this week.

Miss Poey is a guest at her aunt's, Mrs. C. N. Davis.

The yacht Nautlius will arrive next week for a sojourn here.

Mrs. Mary Lind, of Main street, intends to break up housekeeping.

Lewis Johnson, of New York, is visiting his aunt, Mrs. Chas. Leek.

Charles E. Price sailed for England on Thursday to be absent two months.

Mr. Lou Flanagan visited his mother, Mrs. Stephen Flanagan on Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. C. P. Bush were at Trenton over Sunday visiting relatives.

"Corney Luker" and his friend will spend Saturday and Sunday at the shore.

Mr. and Mrs. Ogden are making arrangements to go to their Newport home.

Mrs. Stephen Flanagan will spend the summer here with Mr. Charley Davis.

Mrs. Runk and family are with us again this week and we hope for the summer.

The second race of the mosquito yachts will take place this Saturday afternoon.

Miss Nettie Campbell is one of the prominent and most recent converts on the wheel.

Mr. and Mrs. Mercer Baird were the guests of Miss Mary Meyers on Wednesday last.

Mr. and Mrs. Nathan Meyers were guests of Mrs. E. H. Fitler, Jr., on Wednesday last.

Mr. and Mrs. Stacy Pancoast, who now reside at Delanco, contemplate moving back here.

The Launch "Nadjy" is now securely fastened to her new moorings in front of E. B. Showell's home.

Miss Helen Wolcott, is very sick at the home of her brother W. O. Wolcott, on Thomas avenue.

The absence of Mr. Thomas from the council meeting on Thursday night was not without comment.

It looks as if the present Borough Council was more in favor of improvements than any previous one.

Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Starn, Jr., of Camden, moved into their residence on West Broad street on Tuesday.

On Monday evening the Misses Solmon gave a bicycle party to Moorestown, chaperon by Mrs. Grice.

Miss Bertha Lippincott leaves on the 19th for a trip. She will go with Dean Bond of Swarthmore College.

Mr. S. W. White expresses himself as deeply grateful for the kindness of the people here in his recent affliction.

A special meeting of the Borough Council was held on Thursday evening. See proceedings in another column.

Builder Joseph Bishop is pushing the work on the Children's Home. The building is now enclosed and being plastered.

The yacht "Irex" arrived here in port on Sunday evening last with her owner and captain on board, Mr. Marshall Runk.

C. F. Sleeper will make collections for this paper in Riverton next week. Will those who are owing please be ready to pay him?

Rev. Dewees Roberts, of Boston, visited his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Roberts, on Friday, at their residence on the Delaware.

A lad by the name of Devinney, from Philadelphia, was drowned while swimming off College Park wharf, on Monday afternoon. His body was recovered.

Mrs. F. G. Brown and children expect to go to the northern part of New York State, about the first of July to spend a month for the benefit of her health.

The continued reckless riding and disregard of the rights of pedestrians by bicycle riders will necessitate action by the authorities to prohibit riders on the sidewalks.

Mrs. Stephen White, who died on the 10th was taken to Norristown, Pa., by a special train on Tuesday, for interment. Mr. White is Secretary of the Northern Central R. R., a part of the Pennsylvanin R. R. system.

"Bob white" is a very frequent whistle heard along the country roads, and the indications are that there will be plenty of quail this season. Favorable reports have been received from the English pheasants recently liberated in this section.

A public hearing will be given the property owners along Main street at the fire house on May 30th if they desire to protest against the proposed cement sidewalks which have been petitioned for. It will take 50 per cent of the frontage to defeat it.

The employment of tramps to gather strawberries and peas on the farms about Delanco, Edgewater Park and Beverly is making life unpleasant for the residents of this vicinity. The tramps camp on the shores of the Delaware and the Rancocas and make it dangerous for women and girls to seek the pretty walks and drives which abound there.

The Episcopal church chancel is being handsomely tiled at a cost of about $500. Part of the money was raised by a few members of the church but the major portion was left for this purpose by the late Miss Henop, an aunt of Rector Shepherd, who was a frequent visitor here. While the improvement is being done the regular Sunday services will be held in the Parish house, at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M.

BOROUGH BUSINESS.

The Borough Council met in special meeting at the fire house on Thursday evening.

A petition was read from fourteen property owners asking for a cement walk five feet wide with flag stone crubing and flag and Belgian block streets crossings from 8th street to the River front, both sides of Main street. The petition was referred to the Highway Committee.

Mr. Ellsworth made a motion that the report of the Committee which reported in favor of a reduction in the salaries of the Assessor and Clerk be reconsidered and stated his reason for so doing was because he believed he had made a mistake in supporting the reduction. He had also been spoken to by a number of citizens in favor of restoring the old salaries. Mr. Smith who also formerly favored the decrease, second the motion. Mr. James explained his position that while he personally would like to favor the old salaries yet he could not see why Riverton should pay more than Palmyra for the same work. The motion of Mr. Ellsworth was then agreed to, Mr. James' being the only negative vote The original report reducing the salaries was then reconsidered. An ordinance was then passed first reading restoring the former salaries.

General Jrmes moved to change the By-Laws so that Council could meet at their pleasures instead of at 8 P. M. which was adopted.

Bills of W. J. McIlhenny treasurer, 3 months' salary $62.50 and NEWS for printing ordinance, $5.40 were passed.

General James called attention to the boys carrying slingshots and pistols on the streets. The matter was referred to the Highway Committee to abate the nuisance.

A report of the Board of Health covering a period of two years was received and accepted. As the terms of the Board had expired the same gentlemen except C. C. Rianhard in place of Chas. A. Wright were re-elected. Mr. Wright could not serve owing to his business.

Council then adjourned to meet June 30th at 7.30 P. M.

DELAIR.

C. B. Yardly and wife spent Sunday at Atlantic City.

Dorothy Shaw is home again after a pleasant visit to Pottsville, Pa.

Norris Hannum was quite ill on Tuesday from eating mushrooms.

Mr. and Mrs. Mont Shinn spent Sunday visiting their many friends in town.

Miss Emma Fellenbaum has been re-appointed teacher of our school for the coming term.

Abe Bennett shot Arthur Coles' dog on Tuesday, it having bit a man passing his residence.

Mrs. Kline, aunt of Mrs. Killem Bennett, returned to her New York home on Thursday.

Picnic at the Mohicon Club house on Wednesday night is expected to be an enjoyable affair.

The Brotherhood of the Union on Tuesday agreed to meet hereafter in their lodge room in the hall.

The Township Committee have appointed several policemen for the season. John Burke will look after Delair.

The lawn party by the Methodist Church, on Thursday evening, was a social event long to be remembered. As usual Bro. Daniel Evaul was much interested in the success of the party which realized a neat sum.

Quite a disturbance occured at Kepler's on Monday evening by a drunken domestic who was full of fight. It was first intended to arrest her and afterwards she was allowed to depart on the 10 P. M. train.

Wise Men Know

It is folly to build upon a poor foundation, either in architecture or in health. A foundation of sand is insecure, and to deaden symptoms by narcotics or nerve compounds is equally dangerous and deceptive. The true way to build up health is to make your blood pure, rich and nourishing by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Hood's Pills act easily and promptly on the bowels. Cure sick headache.

(From our regular correspondent.)

WASHINGTON LETTER.

June 14th, 1897.

The events of the past week have made it as certain as any political event in the future can be that the tariff will not figure as an issue in the next National Campaign, and perhaps never again. The cause of this is the adoption of the Republican policy of protection by a considerable portion of the Democratic party, while many populist have always believed in it.

True, the Democratic Senators who have voted for protection do not all call it by that name, but that is immaterial. They have voted to put a protective duty upon the products of their states, and they have done so because of the wishes of their constitutents. In those states there can be no tariff issue, when everybody favors protection under some name or in some form. The silver men have seen the thing coming for some time and have encouraged it, because they think it will have a tendency to make the money question the overshadowing issue of the next campaign, and they say that it is what they want.

There is much comment upon an amendment to the sugar schedule of the tariff bill, offered by Senator Hoar, because it is regarded as an acknowledgement that the criticisms of the new sugar schedule, which only got a majority of two, although it was voted for by the two Nevada Senators and by Senator McEnery, of Louisiana, have not been without effect. Senator Hoar's amendment provides for the appointment of a Commission to investigate the conditions of the sugar growing and refining business of the United States, and report to the next regular session of Congress what the duty on sugar ought to be to enable the sugar men to make a reasonable profit and at the same time to make sugar raise its share of revenue. One trouble about Mr. Hoar's amendment, even if it was adopted, would be the doubt as to whether a commission would be any more successful in getting accurate information about the sugar trust, which practically does all the sugar refining in this country, than members of Congressional Committees have been. Upon this entire sugar schedule of the tariff bill hangs. If the figures presented by the framers of the schedule were correct, the protection for the trust would not be extortionately large but it was openly stated by the opposition, and not denied, that the figures were prepared by the sugar trust, and other estimates prepared by outside experts showing the protection to be three times greater than it is claimed to be, were presented to the Senate. The trouble is in getting at exactly how much raw sugar it takes to make a pound of refined sugar and what the cost of the process is. The process used by the sugar trust is a secret one, said to be know only to a few of its most trusted employees.

If it were not for the republican caucus agreement to vote only for such tarriff amendments as are reported from the republican steering Committee, the amendment drawn up by the minority of the Finance Committee, to impose an internal revenue tax of 2% upon all inheritances exceeding $5,000 in value, except those devised to religious, charitable, educational, and like institutions, could probably easily get the necessary votes for its adoption, and if the democrats, and the populists, who are not affected by the caucus agreement, will all vote for it, it will go through anyway.

Whenever things get a little quiet around the Capitol, Senator Stewart can be depended upon to spring a stratling discovery of some sort. His latest is the existence of a scheme to buy Cuba from Spain with Cuban bonds guaranteed by the United States, which he declares is being pushed by speculators who will try to take advantage of the sympathy for the Cubans to secure the necessary Congressional legislation There is little belief in the existence of such a scheme, and none that it could possibly succeed.

If Congress intends to do even a small part of what current gossip gives as the probable program, the extra session will run into the regular session next December, but Washington dog days have upset many Congressional programs of the past. According to gossip, the tariff bill is to be followed by a bill authorizing the appointment of a currency Commission, and a treaty for the annexation of Hawaii, not to mention legislation that may be made necessary by the new Cuban policy of the administration. Up to this time Washington has had no disagreeable summer weather this season. By the time the first real sizzard gets in a few days work at the Capitol, the principle anxiety of every member of both branches of Congress will be to adjourn.

Once Tried, Always Used.

If we sell one bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remidy, we seldom fail to sell the same person more, when it is again needed. Indeed, it has become the family medicine of this town, for coughs and colds, and we recommend it because of its established merits—JOS. E. Harned, Prop. Oakland Pharmacy, Oakland, Md. Sold by G. T. Williams Druggist.

The confidence of the people in Hood's Sarsaparilla is due to its unequalled record of wonderful cures.

How's This!

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & Co.,
Props., Toledo, O.

We the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligation made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggist, Toledo, O.
WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo. O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces, of the system. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.

White perch have commenced to bite.

There are 45,699 children in this State who attend private schools and 1,415 children who are unable to read.

It is said the reduction to be made in the assessed valuations of farm lands in Burlington county this year will aggregate to one million dollars.

REFORM COLUMN.

The convict population of the Ohio penitentiary reacht the highest mark in its history Monday, 2,354, which is two greater than on July 9 and 10 last year.—*Ohio State Record (liquor organ).*

The Dow retail liquor tax in Ohio is also higher at any time in "its history." Keep on "regulating" the liquor business, and you will soon need another penitentiary.

For the first time since the Prohibition law went into effect in 1881, a saloon was opened in Topeka [Kans] on the 4th ult. Several others have followed, and as a result there is a loud outcry against the authorities by the Prohibitionists.—*The Brewers' Journal (June 1).*

So this is the first saloon in Topeka for 16 years, is it? Let us inform you further that so great was this "loud outcry," that that saloon kept open exactly two days. Here is a text for some sniveling rum apologist who groans out between jags that "Prohibition is a failure in Kansas."

A DOCTOR'S ADVICE TO ELECTORS.

Dr. J. W. Grosvenor, of Buffalo, N. Y., read a paper before the American Academy of Medicine, in Philadelphia, May 31, on "The Relation of Alcohol to Preventive Medicine." In this paper, among other things, he said:

"If a board of health, for the safety of the community, can rightly kill the butchers, diseased cattle, on what ground can it be forbidden to destroy the saloon-keepers' liquor poison? It may be objected that such an act infringement of personal liberty, but it is not so.

"All right methods should be used for elevating to a higher plane his physical, mental, and moral nature, and to accomplish this noble object due recognition should be given to the part played by alcohol as an antagonist of preventive medicine.

"The American saloon is not only a crime-producer, but a disease-breeder. The person who drinks in the alcoholic saloon will oftentimes drink accident, suicide' murder, epilepsy, insanity, disease, degeneracy, death. If it is a good law to close the shop that sells diseased meat or poisoned cheese, or decaying vegetables, is it not good law to close the saloon that sells the poison of alcohol? It is not only good law, but common sense. As a sanitary measure, the drinking saloon should be suppresst."

Single Fare for the Round Trip to Philadelphia via Pennsylvania Railroad on Account of the National Saengerfest.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company announces that for the Eighteenth National Saengerfest, to be held in Philadelphia, June 21st to 24th, 1897, it will sell excursion tickets to Philadelphia, from all points on its line June 19th to 23d inclusive, good to return until June 26th, 1897, inclusive, at a single fare for the round trip. No rate, however will be reduced to less than fifty cents.

Reduced Rates to Milwaukee via Pennsylvania Railroad on Account of the National Educational Association.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company announces that on account of the meeting of the National Educational Association, at Milwaukee, Wis., July 6 to 9, it will sell continuous passage tickets from all points on its line east of Pittsburg and Erie to Milwaukee at rate of single fare for the round trip, plus $2.00 membership fee. Tickets will be sold and will be good going only on July 2, 3, and 4, and will be good to return, leaving Milwaukee on or before July 12, and on payment of fifty cents, an extension of return limit may be obtained to leave Milwaukee until August 31, 1897, inclusive.

WANAMAKER'S.

PHILADELPHIA, Monday, June 14, 1897.

He was something of a philosopher who said that this store proved itself most necessary when times were hard. Expenditures then must be carefully guarded—a serious thing to buy where there is risk of goods being unworthy or where there is evasion of responsibility. Here every saleslip that is made out is equal in force to a legally drawn and signed guarantee. We do not sell valueless stuff; we do not intend that any customer shall keep goods, if after getting them home and giving them a leisurely examination there is any reason for wanting to trade back.

Black and Colored Dress Goods REDUCTIONS of prices on goods we owned; reductions in price of goods held by importers. The advantages are apparent. Here are the lists—

COLORED DRESS GOODS

20c—All-wool and part-wool Checked Suiting. Reduced from 25c.

25c—All-wool fancy Checked Suiting. Reduced from 37½c.

25c—Fancy Figured Mohairs. Reduced from 37½c.

25c—All-wool French Melange Suiting. Reduced from 37½c.

37½c—44 in. All-wool French Jacquard Suiting. Reduced from 50c.

37½c—44 in. All-wool Melange Etamine. Reduced from 50c.

37½c—48 in. Tweed Suiting. Reduced from 50c.

50c—50 in. Bicycle Cheviot. Reduced from 85c.

50c—44 in. French Covert Cloth. Reduced from 65c.

BLACK DRESS GOODS

25c—Figured All-wool Canvas. Never less than 50c.

37c½—Plain All-wool Etamine. Reduced from 50c.

50c—Lupin's Open-mesh Etamine. Never less than $1.25.

50c—Lupin's Silk-and-wool Crinkle Crepe. Reduced from $1.

60c—Lupin's All-wool Sail Cloth. Never less than $1.25.

65c—Lupin's All-wool Etamine. Never less than $1.50.

65c—Lupin's Fancy Wool Etamine. Never less than $1.75.

75c—Imported Mohair and Wool Novelties. Never less than $1.25.

$1—Lupin's Silk-and-wool Hernani. Never less than $2.

Cotton Dress Goods IF goods could be made in a hurry you'd not get decisive reductions on summer stuffs until September—makers would hold off for full prices. But production runs a

season ahead—has to, for designs must be conjured; calculations made; looms harnessed and run; presses put on the flowers and finishers put on the final prettiness before selling starts. You'd turn up your nose at finest stuffs to see them in the loom.

So clearing of mills starts at the end of the first flush of selling and almost at the start of wearing time we get great lots—though insignificant lots to the mills—to sell at half or thereabouts.

That's the story of these pretty fabrics—cotton and linen; one lot with a touch of silk.

Several selling places—clearly indicated—

10c Corded Lawns, 5c.
8c Dress Ginghams, 5c.
12½c Printed Lawn, 6c.
12½c Printed Etamines, 8c.
25c Gauze Ginghams, 12½c.
10c Dress Ginghams, 6¼c.
10c Printed Dimities, 6¼c.
18c Fancy Printed Dimities, 12½c.
25c Lace-striped Linens, 12½c.
25c Silk-striped Linens, 12½c.

Matting THERE are several sorts of stores—young stores that simply buy as best they can in the home markets; take-chance stores that buy anything and keep at it until they are found out, and one store that doesn't take chances, isn't confined to any one market, and which is always willing to forego profits on individual lots or lines of goods, if necessary to protect its public.

We are thinking of Mattings. First productions for this year were not good. We wouldn't take the goods. They were sold, though, far and wide.

A tedious wait for new and right sorts—same patterns in many cases as the rejected lots, but right in straw and making. This lost time from selling. We must force a season's business into a few weeks. It won't be a profitable season to us, but it shall be to you—

because the goods are better than ever

because we must sell at too little prices to move quickly our great lots.

Three hundred and thirty-five rolls of China Matting, ten styles—8 seamless, 2 jointed. Value by any fair standard, $7. Today, $4.50 a roll.

Nineteen styles Japan and China Matting at $8 a roll—a material saving.

Twenty-three styles China Matting, small figures, closely-woven, seamless. $10 a roll.

John Wanamaker

AN ORDINANCE

FIXING A PLAN FOR THE NUMBERING OF HOUSES AND OTHER BUILDINGS FRONTING ON THE STREETS AND HIGHWAYS IN THE BOROUGH OF RIVERTON AND REQUIRING THE OWNERS THEREOF TO NUMBER THE SAME ACCORDINGLY.

Be it ordained by the Mayor and Council of Riverton:

SECTION 1.—That all houses or other buildings erected on lots fronting on the Streets or Highways within the territorial limits of the Borough of Riverton, shall be numbered according to the following plan: Beginning at Bank avenue and numbering South-east to Borough limits, and beginning at Elm avenue and numbering North-east to Borough limits.

SEC. 2.—That the owners of every house or other building erected or hereafter erected on any lot fronting on any Street or Highway within the Borough shall, within thirty days after receiving notice of the requirements of this ordinance and the number assigned by above plan to his or her house or building, which notice may be given by leaving the same at his or her residence or by mailing the same to him or her, caused to be permanently affixed to such house or other building, in some conspicuous place, the number so assigned to such house or building; the said number shall be in figures not less than two inches in height.

SEC. 3.—That every person who shall violate the provisions of Section Two of this ordinance and shall neglect or refuse to affix to his or her house or building the number assigned to it as provided for in said Section Two, within the time and in the manner directed by said Section Two shall be liable to and shall pay a penalty of five dollars, to be recovered according to law.

SEC. 4.—That this ordinance shall take effect immediately upon due publication thereof.

I hereby certify that the foregoing ordinance was unanimously passed by the Mayor and Council of the Borough of Riverton, at a meeting held at the regular meeting place of the said Mayor and Council in Riverton, N. J., on June 10th, 1897.

ATTEST:—CHARLES S. WALNUT,
Borough Clerk.

The foregoing ordinance approved by me. June 10, 1897.

E. C. STOUGHTON, Mayor.

6-12-2t.

WHAT DO YOU NEED?

Diamonds
Watches,
Clocks,
Jewelry,
Silver
Novelties.

RIGGS & BROTHER.
ESTABLISHED 1818.

310 Market St.,
221 Walnut St., *Philadelphia.*

Our years of experience in the repairs of Watches and Clocks enable us to solicit work requiring judgment and ability. 1-16ly.

Do You Like to Read Good Novels?

Enough for all the Winter Ev'ngs

ALMOST FREE.

TOWN TOPICS, 208 5th Ave., N. Y., will send, on receipt of this adv. and FIFTEEN cents in stamps, any one of the following prize novels (TWO HUNDRED and FIFTY-SIX pages, regular price FIFTY cents); for FIFTY cents any FOUR; for ONE DOLLAR any TEN; for ONE DOLLAR and a HALF the whole library of SIXTEEN Vols.

6—THE SALE OF A SOUL. By C. M. S. McLellan.
7—THE COUSIN OF THE KING. By A. S. Vanwestrum.
8—SIX MONTHS IN HADES. By Clarice I. Clingham.
9—THE SKIRTS OF CHANCE. By Captain Alfred Thompson.
10—ANTHONY KENT. By Charles Stokes Wayne.
11—AN ECLIPSE OF VIRTUE. By Champion Bissell.
12—AN UNSPEAKABLE SIREN. By John Gillat.
13—THAT DREADFUL WOMAN. By Harold R. Vynne.
14—A DEAL IN DENVER. By Gilmer McKendree.
15—WHY? SAYS GLADYS. By David Christie Murray.
16—A VERY REMARKABLE GIRL. By L. H. Bickford.
17—A MARRIAGE FOR HATE. By Harold R. Vynne.
18—OUT OF THE SULPHUR. By T. C. De Leon.
19—THE WRONG MAN. By Champion Bissell.
20—THE HUNT FOR HAPPINESS. By Anita Wivanti Chartres.
21—HER STRANGE EXPERIMENT. By Harold R. Vynne.

☞Indicate by the numbers the novels you want

ESTABLISHED 1876.

Weekly THE Monthly

Outlook

Published every Saturday.

13 Astor Place, New York.

The OUTLOOK will be in 1897, as it has been during each of its twenty-seven years, a History of Our Own Times. In its various editorial departments THE OUTLOOK gives a compact review of the world's progress; it follows with care all the important philanthropic and industrial movements of the day; has a complete department of religious news; devotes much space to the interests of the home; reviews current literature; furnishes cheerful table-talk about men and things; and, in short, aims to give fresh information, original observation, and reasonable entertainment.

Beginning with the fifty-fifth volume, the paper will assume the regular magazine size, which will add greatly to its convenience and attractiveness. THE OUTLOOK is published every Saturday—fifty-two issues a year. The first issue in each month is an illustrated Magazine Number, containing about twice as many pages as the ordinary issues, together with a large number of pictures.

The price of THE OUTLOOK is three dollars a year in advance, or less than a cent a day.

Send for a specimen copy and illustrated prospectus to THE OUTLOOK, 13 Astor Place, New York City.

WANTED SALESMEN Pushing, trustworthy men to represent us in the sale of our Choice Nursery Stock. Specialties controlled by us. Highest Salary or Commission paid weekly. Steady employment the year round. Outfit free; exclusive territory; experience not necessary; big pay assured workers; special inducements to beginners. Write at once for particulars to

Allen Nursery Co.,
ROCHESTER, N. Y.

Wanted—An Idea Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas; they may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their $1,800 prize offer and new list of one hundred inventions wanted.

NEW ICE CREAM PARLOR;

MAIN STREET, near the STATION.

Only the Best Cream and popular flavors. A fine line of

FANCY - CAKES - AND - CONFECTIONERY.

ORDERS DELIVERED.

R. K. Zisak,

RIVERTON, NEW JERSEY.

ALL GOODS AT PHILADELPHIA PRICES.

DRESSMAKING SUPPLIES

HOSIERY, UNDERWEAR, NECKWEAR, LADIES' COLLARS, NEGLIEE and WORKING SHIRTS, laundried and unlaundried. New and pleasing designs, with or without Collars and Cuffs separate. 25c to $1.00.

ALFRED SMITH, Broad St. opposite R. R. Station, Riverton.

The Pathlight '97

lights the way and stays lighted. All brass, nickel-plated—no tin; outside oil-filler; cotton packed oil fount; double convex ground photo-lens; burns kerosene, throws a light 60 ft. and weighs but 12 ounces.

Three years a leader, and three years' improvements now added. Absolutely the handsomest and best bicycle lamp ever made. Sold by all leading dealers.

THE PLACE & TERRY MFG. CO.,
247 Centre Street, New York.

See our new, cheaper lamp—the "Scorcher."

THE FEATURES

OF OUR BUSINESS ARE PROMPT AND SATISFACTORY DELIVERY OF THE

BEST LEHIGH COAL,

"EXCLUSIVELY," AND

LUMBER, true to the grade.

THOMAS BROS.,

Opposite P. R R. Station, Riverton, N. J.

A FULL LINE OF

GROCERIES,

- - AT - -

- - - CITY PRICES - - -

MAC DONALD'S

WEST END STORE.

A. W. SMITH,

(Successor to Harry Campion),

—DEALER IN—

BUTTER AND EGGS.

Agent for the celebrated

BIG ELK AND GOLDEN SWEET BUTTER,

STRICTLY FRESH COUNTRY EGGS.

DELIVERIES.—PALMYRA, TUESDAY AND FRIDAY.
RIVERTON, WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY.

JOHN D. STELLMANN,

Successor to

HEATH'S EXPRESS,

RIVERTON AND PALMYRA

P. O. BOX 32. PALMYRA, N. J

Phila. Office: 7 S. Delaware Avenue.

Goods called for and delivered promptly. Messages and orders will receive special attention.

RESIDENCE: Highland Avenue.

LOTHROP'S

New Photographic Studio,

COR. FOURTH AND MAIN STREETS,

RIVERTON, N. J.

Having one of the finest skylights in the State, we are now ready to take the very best and most pleasing photographs of every style and finish Only the very best work, will be allowed to go out from this Studio.

☞PLEASE GIVE US A TRIAL.

W. L. BERRY,

WATCHMAKER AND JEWELER

22 South Second Street,

PHILADELPHIA, PA.

Repairing a Specialty.

FOR ALL THE LOCAL NEWS READ

THE WEEKLY NEWS.

SATURDAY, JUNE 19, 1897.

CENT-A-WORD COLUMN.

Long or short notices inserted under this head at the rate of one cent a word, each insertion, cash in advance.

CANCERS cured permanently without the knife, by Mrs. Dr. Lambert, daughter of the late Dr. Dover, 313 Lecony avenue, Palmyra.

Will receive car of clipped oats on about July 1st. Will sell lower than you can buy *anywhere*. Call and see sample. Louis A. Weikman.

Wanted.—Board for lady, gentleman and two children. Two rooms. State price and location, Box 408, Palmyra.

For Sale.—Pie cherries. Mrs. Smith Wallace, Cor. Cinnaminson and Wallace street. 2t

Wanted.—To buy a house in Palmyra, price not over $2,000. Specify lowest price, location and number of rooms. Address P. O. Box 187, Palmyra.

For Sale cart and harness, nearly new, apply to J. Frank Clark.

For Sale.—Hair cloth parlor suit and marble top table. 1002 Parry avenue.

Bicycle in good condition, for sale, $12.00 cash, address Box 456, Palmyra.

Flowers—40 varieties, good seed bed plants, 25 cents per 100. Late tomatoes, same price. Frank M. Holbrook.

For Rent—Cottages at $10, $20 and $30 per month. Furnished at $35 to $200 per month. D. H. Wright.

For Rent—7 room house, Fifth and Maple, heater and bath. Reasonable rent. Rev. S. F. Gaskill

For Rent, corner Fifth and Cinnaminson, $12. Stackhouse. 5 1tf

Wanted.—Washing. 316 West Broad street, West Palmyra, Mrs. Moore.

For Rent.—Dwelling on Horace avenue opposite 4th street. Fruit, town water, etc. Reasonable rent. M. W. Wisham, 332 Horace avenue.

For Rent.—10 room house, corner Highland avenue and Spring Garden street. Modern improvements, rent reasonable. Apply to J. M. Roberts' store, Palmyra. 4-24-tf.

For Rent.—Delaware avenue below Broad, 5 rooms, $7. Apply to John P. Saar.

Pure cider vinegar, 25 cents per gallon. William F. Morgan. 4-27-tf.

New wall papers, 5 cents, why pay more? Stackhouse, Broad and Elm.

For good family washing and laundry work give Owens a trial. P. O. Box, 181.

Go to Saar's for a good shave or hair cut.

William Sawyer, Piano Maker and dealer in Pianos and Organs, 1928 N. Eighth street, Philadelphia, Pa. Tuning and repairing a specialty. Orders by mail promptly attended to.

If you want anything in the real estate line call on F. Blackburn, Commissioner of Deeds and Notary Public, 331 West Broad street, Palmyra.

PALMYRA.

John M. Huff has a new Spalding wheel.

Wm. Sawn rides a new Winner bicycle.

John Shade has moved into his own house, on Garfield avenue.

Near at hand Independence day—are you going to celebrate?

Miss Mattie Miller visited friends in Philadelphia on Tuesday last.

Mrs. M. W. Wisham is visiting at Newark, Del., for several weeks.

Alfred Collier does not expect to sail for England until July 17th.

The arbitrators of the fire loss to Morgan hall have agreed upon $902.40.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Stewart were at Atlantic City a couple of days last week.

Mrs. Ida Shaw, of Philadelphia, spent Tuesday with her father, John White.

Geo. Roden's house on Morgan avenue, has been painted by Nathan Nixon.

Horace Smith graduated from the Drexel Institute, commercial course, on Monday.

Mrs. Chas. K. Dewees and children, of Tioga, visited Mrs. W. S. Vaughn on Wednesday.

Mrs. A. V. Horner gave a crab supper to a number of friends on Saturday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Adon Lewis, of New York, spent Sunday with his sister, Mrs. M. L. Faunce.

Mr. and Mrs. Antone Sackarnd started on Tuesday for Island Heights to spend a few days.

Arthur Greenwood was in town on Monday. He is working in a barber shop at Cramer Hill.

The Palmyra Euchre Club expect to go on a trolly party to Willow Grove this afternoon.

The P. O. S. of A. have a communication in this issue relating to the flags used on Decoration Day.

Mrs. Geo. Zane, of Garfield avenue, has gone to Gettysburg, Pa., where they expect to move about July 1st.

One of Harry Beck's children fell off the porch of their house on Horace avenue, on Tuesday and fractured its arm.

Mrs. B. J. Scott and son, of Baltimore, are spending two weeks with her brother, Frank Mathews, of Horace avenue.

Frank Stewart's daughter was taken with diphtheria on Wednesday and the house has been quarantined by the Board of Health.

C. F. Sleeper will make his annual collection of money due for subscriptions next week. Will those owing kindly take notice.

Mrs. J. Franklin Cline and son, Franklin, visited relatives in Burlington on Wednesday, and attended the picnic of the Burlington M. E. Sunday school.

Mrs. C. A. Haas and children were released from quarantine for Scarlet fever on Sunday, little Mamie having recovered, and no other cases having developed.

On June 22nd the wedding of Miss Mabel Llewellyn, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Lewis R. Hibbard, of Edgewater Park, to Frank H. McClellan, of Boston, is announced to take place.

Pastor Owens is making a personal canvass to meet the second mortgage on the M. E. Church, which is due in Septemper and is meeting with gratifying success.

A petition was presented to Riverton Council on Thursday evening for a cement walk on Main street like we have in Palmyra, except that it is to be five feet wide.

Harry Kemmerle's tuck-up the "Millie" won the race in its class at the Shackamaxon yacht race on Monday. She was sailed by the veteran Ben Wilson.

Mrs. Ida Vannort, of Philadelphia, was here over Sunday with Mrs. T. J. Dewees. She expects to go to the Christian Endeavor excursion to California on the 28th.

MARRIED.—On June 5th, 1897, by Rev. John Handley of the First Methadist Church, Camden, N. J., Wilbert Shinn, of Eayrstown, N. J., and Clara M. Ellis, of Palmyra.

Washington Camp No. 23, P. O. S. of A., will meet at the Independence Fire Co House on Monday evening, June 21st. Nominations for officers will be held at this meeting.

It is reported that Captain Charles Hall recieved the whole of the $30 appropriated by the town meeting for Decoration Day but such is not the case. He only recieved $7.50, the actual cost.

Constable Tomes and Special Officer Saar arrested three drunken tramps on Thursday, who were disturbing the peace and Justice Hires gave them ten days each in Hotel de Fleetwood at Mount Holly.

Mrs. A. V. Horner takes pleasure in thanking the people for their patronage during the shad season and hopes to have a continuance of the same as she has decided to continue to serve other kinds of fish.

Miss Mary Shelon, who formerly lived with James McGuire in West Palmyra, was taken from South Dennesville, where she has been living, to the Trenton Insane Asylum, on Monday, being hopelessly insane.

Builder Joseph Bishop had Eli Brown, of Riverton, arrested on Thursday morning for threatening him bodily harm and Brown was taken before Justice Hires who put him under bonds to keep the peace.

Theodore B Sage, a former resident of Garfield avenue, was burned so that he had to be taken to a hospital in Philadelphia on Monday. The naptha that had been used to clean his clothes took fire when he went to light a cigar.

Several families had a picnic on the river shore on Saturday afternoon. Among them were Mrs. Gilbert Taylor and children, Miss Rainier, Mrs. Kenney and children, Mrs. Geo. Sack and children, Mrs. Andrew Wilkins and others.

The Township Committee declared in favor of stopping the bicycle riding on the sidewalks, at the meeting on Tuesday night. They have hesitated to do this, in view of the streets, but the continued insolence of many of the riders has forced prohibitive action.

Paul Ondente, of Philadelphia, one of a party who are camping near the bridge over Pensaukin nearly broke his neck and cut a big gash in his head by diving into shallow water in the creek while in bathing on Wednesday evening. His wound was dressed by Dr. Sharp.

The following have been elected as officers of Chaater 8504, Epworth League: president, M. W. Wisham, 1st vice-president, W. H. Libe; 2nd vice-president, Mrs. J. C. Wilson; 3rd vice-president, Mrs. W. W. Dye; 4th vice-president, J. E. Baker; secretary, S. H. Evaul; treasurer, Miss L. Stowell.

The Board of Education of Palmyra Township have re-engaged the following teachers: Miss Mary Wilson, principal; Misses Wilbraham, Rainear, Eckhardt, Boal, Ely, Dover and Fenimore, and have engaged the following teachers: Annie E. Maars, Ella L. Hartley, Mary A. Conover and Anna Wriede.

J. M. Roberts reports the Insurance Companies represented by E. H. Pancoast, R. L. Temple and Silas Walton have settled and adjusted the losses by the fire on May 28th in Morgan Hall, in a very prompt and fair manner. While the loss is not fully paid it has been fairly done to the best of his knowledge.

Geo. P. Spear, who robbed grocer Vaughn while clerking for him a few weeks ago, was brought from Philadelphia on requisition and given a hearing before Justice Hires on Tuesday. He plead guilty and was remanded to Mt. Holly jail for trial. Mr. Vaughn claims he has traced about $30 that Spear pilfered.

On Thursday afternoon two drunken tramps disturbed the usually quiet neighborhood of Morgan avenue and Fifth street by cursing Christian people generally and threatening to burn the Epworth M. E. church because they were refused food. Squire Scheidell caught one of them and sent him up to Mount Holly jail, to afford his ardor an opportunity to cool off.

On June 15th a very pretty home wedding occurred in Merchantville. The officiating clergyman was Rev. I. D. Moore, of Palmyra. The bridegroom was Adolph William Schramm, instructor of Mechanical Engineering and Electricity in the Pennsylvania University, Philadelphia, and the bride was Miss Orpha Irene Verts. Besides the relatives and friends were instructors and proffessors of the University were present. The newly wedded couple will reside in West Philadelphia.

A French physician says that the juice of the poppy plant gives immediate relief in cases of bee stings. This is important for the small boy to know. Hereafter when he caresses the business end of a bee and the bee resents the familiarity, all he will have to do is to hunt around for some poppy plant and apply the juice thereof to the impression made by the indignant bee. He will then appreciate Shakespeare's play of "All's Well that Ends Well."

The deadly toy pistol will shortly have its inning.

Last Tuesday night at about half-past eleven, Charles Heisler who lives on the Budd Heisler farm on the Burlington stone road was awakened to find his barns and out building all in a blaze. By the time he got down stairs there was no chance to save anything but one horse which was very badly burned before getting out. He loses all his farming implements and wagons, harness, one horse and some chickens. The dwelling caught fire several times, but was extinguished with but slight loss. It is not known from what cause the fire started. There was no persons in the buildings as far as known. He carried no insurance, and in consequence the loss to Mr. Heisler is doubly severe. The neighbors started a subscription paper and have met with very good success.

W. C. T. U.

An interesting meeting of the W. C. T. U. was held on Wednesday and was well attended.

Meeting for next week will be a Bible Reading, entitled, "Treasurs committed to our care."

The L T. L closed on Monday for the summer.

A Gospel Temperance Meeting will be held in Society Hall, on Monday evening led by the Epworth League. All are cordially welcome.

PRESS SUPT.

BOARD OF HEALTH.

The Township Board of Health met in Society Hall on Tuesday evening.

Inspector Blackburn reported that that Job Wilkins and wife had violated the quarantine which had been placed on their house for scarlet fever and had torn down the placard, claiming the child only had the German measles. A constable was placed in charge of the house on Monday with orders to maintain the quarantine until the doctor in charge orders it removed.

The Inspector also stated he had supplied the family with groceries.

It was stated that the action of Mr. and Mrs. Wilkins will result in their arrest for violating the health code, as soon as the danger of spreading the disease is over

FLAGS PAID FOR BY P. O. S. of A.

MR. C. F. SLEEPER,

Dear Sir:—In reply to the Veteran's query about the flags placed on the graves of the patriot dead and why said flags were marked P. O. S. of A., will say that the Camden Division of the G. A. R. used to supply the members of the G. A. R., of Palmyra, with flags for decorations, but have for the past two years stopped the supply, and as the Camp paid for the flags used on May 29th and had no authority to have the same marked G. A. R. or even Palmyra Township, the Camp accepted the issue as it stood and planted the flags with P. O. S. of A. on, to show that the dead had not been forgotten by us. Respectfully,

WASHINGTON CAMP, No. 23.

Attest: C. H. CROWELL, Prest.
J. A. FAUNCE, Sec'y. P. O. S. of A.

WEDDING ANNIVERSARY.

Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Brooks celebrated the tenth anniversary of there marriage at their home on LeConey avenue, on Wednesday evening.

About 85 persons from Palmyra, Riverton, Camden, Philadelphia and Haddonfield were present, filling the house to over flowing. The floral decorations were very beautiful, through the kindness of J. O. Thilow.

Miss Lena Swane sang two solos and the Baptist church choir rendered a very fine selection, accompanied by Miss Ella Harper on the organ and J. O. Thilow on his violin. Roland Adams gave a flute solo and Dr. Voorhis a cornet solo, and Miss Florence Randolf gave a recitation.

The presents were numerous and useful as well as ornamental. A fine collation was served and departing guests wished the host and hostess all the anniversaries possible.

TOWNSHIP BUSINESS.

The Township Committee met in Society Hall on Tuesday evening.

Chairman Temple stated that The Vulcanite Paving Co. had filed their bond and the contract had been signed. Work will probably be started on Spring Garden street next week.

Bills were ordered paid as follows:

James Ryan, work on roads,	$20.21
J. O. Singer, hauling ashes,	4.70
Mrs. Addie Horner, for hauling ladder truck to fire,	2.00
Wm. Haines, burying dogs,	1.00
J. P. Saar feeding prisoners,	12.35
M. P. McDowell, groceries, on order of Board of Health,	2.48
For stone road,	26.20
Thos. E. French, Solicitor, Salary for 1895 and 1896,	100.00
Richard Lacy, hauling ashes,	2.00
Chas. Hall, cost of Decoration Day,	7.30
Wm. H. Dole, Assessor's book,	12.05

The bills of Joseph M. Roberts for $12, for storing lumber and etc., by Krause & Co. was returned without approval.

The bill of Justice Scheidell for $5.25 and A. V. Horner Overseer of the Poor, $7.70 in the Frank Haines' case, was returned without approval, it being considered a private matter.

A communication from John G. Horner, Esq., representing Chas. Toy, was received, asking for a settlement from the Township for the crushed stone that was on his sidewalk before the cement pavement was laid, amounting to $66 24, for which settlement was refused at a previous meeting. The claim was referred to the Solicitor for legal advice as to payment.

A communication was received from the Borough of Riverton regarding the fire alarm system and asking a conference. Same were granted.

An ordinance was ordered drawn to regulate trimming of trees.

The Solicitor was ordered to prepare an ordinance prohibiting bicycle riding on the sidewalks.

A cesspool was ordered constructed at the fire house. Adjourned to meet June 22nd.

K. G. E.

Nomination for officers will be held at the next stated meeting of Palmyra Castle No. 22, K. G. E., on Wednesday evening, June 23rd.

Grub worms are reported as destroying tomato plants.

CHILDREN'S DAY.

The exercises of Children's Day, last Sunday were somewhat interfered with by the rain in the morning.

METHODIST.

The services in the Methodist Church in the evening were attended by a very large audience. Several songs were sung by the Anchor Band and recitations by the scholars were given.

The principal feature was a piece entitled "The Young People's Republic," which was participated in by six of the larger scholars. The collection amounted to $45, which is $30 more than last year.

At the conclusion Pastor Owens presented the following scholars with large hymn books for committing to memory the number of hymns following each name: Helen Saar, 78; Leona Ingling, 75; Ethel Bramell, 75; Carrie Sherman, 72; William Aspinall, 34; Ethel Griscom, 33; Hazel Windish, 25; Emma Windish, 24; Charles Hamilton, 16. Forest Buck was also given a hymn book and Olive Evaul a doll, for repeating the names of the books of the Bible.

BAPTIST.

Children's Day at the Central Baptist Church was a delightful occasion. The church was well filled with the scholars, their parents and friends. The programme rendered was of the nature of Echoes. First, "Echoes from the World of Nature," second, "Echoes from the Great Field." Those taking part did themselves and those drilling them, much credit. Perhaps the most effective parts were, A Children's Sermon by eight girls, and the dialogue, 'How Eddie preached." Appropriate Scripture was read responsively by the School. The pastor spoke of the work done by the American Baptist Publication Society, for the children of our land, and made special mention of the Chapel cars as agencies for establishing Sunday Schools in the far West and along the frontiers. The decoration formed no small part in the evenings enjoyment and profit. They consisted chiefly in cut flowers, furnished by the generous superintendent. The platform was literally banked with many kinds of flowers. At the close of the exercises the flowers were distributed among the scholars and teachers. The pastor and wife receiving the beautiful bouquet that adorned the rostrum.

BRIDGBOROGH.

There is talk of organizing a Law and Order Society here.

Pastor Hutchinson officiated at Masonville, on Sunday afternoon.

Mrs. Repture, of Bridgeboro, has been visiting her son-in-law T. S. Borden for a few days.

Miss Ettie Stockton, of Burlington, has been spending a few days with Mr. and Mrs. I. H. Bishop.

Several of our people attended the Pentecostal Class Meeting, at Riverside, on Friday evening.

The Epworth League propose to create an organ fund into which the proceeds of entertainments will go, to purchase a new organ for the school.

On Tuesday of last week Mrs. Angelina Beattie was buried from the home of hers on-in-law, Frank Hibbs. Mrs. Beattie was well known, having spent many years of her life in this place. The funeral was large and the floral tributes very beautiful. Interment in the cemetery here.

Children's Day exercises in the M. E church were beautiful flowers, wild and cultivated were profuse in decorating, the children were well trained, and the program varied with song, ochestra of violin, brass and reed kindly aided and the entire evening spent was one of grand delight.

Last Thursday a tramp picking berries for William Horner took a wagon apron and sold it for 10 cents to Frank A. Conover who held it for an owner. William soon learned of the theft and drubbing the tramp took him in his battered condition before Squire Rhodes who sentenced him for 20 days for the petty larency.

The cyclers of Coopertown and Charleston met at the residence of S. H. VanSciver, Wednesday evening and organized a club. They decided to call it, The Geneva Bicycle club, and choose for their colors, garnet and white. After their business was concluded they took a run to Burlington. Their next meeting will be held next Wednesday evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Bishop, when the organization will be completed. All bicyclers of this vicinity are invited to join.

Base Ball Suits and Bicycles Free.

It is safe to say that nearly every member of the rising generation is now thinking either of base ball or bicycling. But how to get the bicycle and how to get base ball uniforms, are the problems. "The Philadelphia Press" solves both. That paper, which has always led its amateur base ball and bicycling departments, now makes two novel, interesting offers. It will furnish absolutely, free, to the amateur base ball club receiving the greatest number of votes before June 19th, a complete set of the finest National League Base Ball uniforms. This includes caps, shoes, belts, stockings, shirts and trousers, and the whole outfit will be of the finest quality. The whole outfit will be given absolutely free to the amateur club receiving the greatest number of votes. Full details of the offer are given in "The Press" every day.

Any number of bicycles will be given free to those who will render a trifling service to "The Press." Details of the bicycle offer will be sent to any person who sends two two-cent postage stamps to "The Press," Philadelphia.

One man has been fined $100 for docking a horse's tail, at Newark, and the police are looking for others concerned in the brutal affair.

During the summer of 1891, Mr. Chas. P. Johnson, a well known attorney of Louisville, Ky., had a very sever attack of summer complaint. Quite a number of different remidies were tried, but failed to afford any relief. A friend who knew what was needed procured him a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remidy, which quickly cured him and he thinks, saved his life. He says that there has not been a day since that time that he has not had this remidy in his household. He speaks of it in the highest praise and takes much pleasure in recommending it when ever an opportunity is offered. For sale by G. T. Williams Druggest.

THEY DO THE WORK
BRONCHO
HOMŒOPATHIC
Remedies 10c
Relieve and Cure
Head Troubles
Stomach Disorders
System Irregularities
97 forms list of noted physicians
"For every ill, a special pill."
If not at Drug Stores, write
BRONX CHEMICAL CO. YONKERS, N. Y.
Health Book Mailed Free.

FIRE WORKS - -

OF ALL KINDS FOR THE GLORIOUS FOURTH AT THE LOWEST PRICES

—ALSO—

Tobacco, Cigars, Confectionery, Etc.

MRS. KATE TAYLOR,

15 West Broad Street, - Palmyra, N. J.

OUR MILLINERY has pleased our customers, judging from the amount of business we have done. All the new shapes in

HATS AND BONNETS,

nd the new fads in

TRIMMINGS AND FLO

We are positively be ow Philadelphia Prices.

DRESS TRIMMINGS, MUSLINS, NOTIONS, CORSETS.

MEN AND WOMEN'S FURNISHINGS.

MRS. M. D. PRICKETT,

OPP. THE STA., PALMYRA, N. J.

MARRIED.

DAYMON—SHINN.—June 9, at Mt. Holly, by Rev. C. H. Pendleton, George A. Daymon, of Philadelphia, and Caroline Stratton Shinn, of Mount Holly.

DOBBINS—STIDFOLE.—June 13, at Lumberton, by Rev. W. E. Blackiston, John Dobbins, of Cramer Hill, and Miss Kate Stidfole, of Smithville.

HUTCHINS—KARGE.—June 9, at Lumberton, by Rev. W. E. Blackiston, Alfred W. Hutchins, and Miss Mary E. Karge.

PHARO—TAYLOR.—June 5, at Mt. Holly, by Justice R. J. B. Slack, Nathan Pharo and Hannah E. Taylor, both of Mount Holly.

DIED.

BOWKER.—June 11, near Lumberton, William H. Bowker, aged 47 years.

COLLOM.—June 12, at Delanco, Herbert A., eldest son of Andrew H. and Mary J. Collom, aged 8 years and 8 months.

COLEMAN.—June 8, at Burlington, Mulford M., son of the late Capt. Benjamin Coleman, formerly of May's Landing, aged 61 years.

DENNIS.—June 11, at Mount Holly, Elsie May, daughter of Franklin B. Dennis, of Rancocas.

GUMMERE.—June 14, at Burlington, William Gummere, in the 84 year of his age.

HADFIELD.—June 14, at Burlington, Elizabeth Hadfield, aged 77 years.

MAPPS.—June 11, at Burlington, Grace A. Mapps, aged 52 years.

MADDEN.—June 8, at Mount Holly, Catharine Madden, widow of the late William Madden.

WHITE.—June 10, at Riverton, Ella M., wife of Stephen W. White, and daughter of the late Henry and Catharine Leibert, in the 57th year of her age.

Personally-Conducted Tours via Pennsylvania Railroad.

That the public have come to recognize the fact that the best and most convenient method of pleasure travel is that presented by the Pennsylvania Railroad Company's personally-conducted tours, is evidenced by the increasing popularity of these tours. Under this system the lowest are obtained, for both transportation and hotel accommodation. An experienced tourist agent and chaperon accompany each tour to look after the comfort of the passenger.

The following tours have been arranged for the season of 1897:—

To the north (including Watkins Glen, Niagara Falls, Thousand Island Montreal, Quebec, Au Sable Chasm, Lake Champlain and George, Saratoga, and a daylight ride through the Highlands of the Hudson), July 27 and August 17. Rate, $100 for the round trip from New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, and Washington, covering all expenses of a two weeks' trip.

To Yellowstone Park on a special train of Pullman sleeping, compartment and observation cars and dining car, allowing eight days in "Wonderland," September 2. Rate, $235 from New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, and Washington; $230 from Pittsburg.

To Niagara Falls, excursion tickets good to return within ten days will be sold on July 22, August 5 and 19, September 4 and 16, at rate of $10 from Philadelphia, Baltimore, and Washington. These tickets include transportation only, and will permit of stop over within limit at Buffalo, Rochester, and Watkins on the return trip.

Two ten-day tours to Gettysburg, Luray Caverns, Natural Bridge, Virginia Hot Springs, Richmond, and Washington, September 28 and October 12. Rate, $65 from New York, $63 from Philadelphia.

DOWN WITH FANCY PRICES

A good Carriage for $4, worth $6.

A fine Reed Carriage for $7, worth $10.

The new fad ou. Go Carts, $2.50 up.

Velocipedes best make, $1.50.

JOHN WESTNEY,

214 DOCK ST. 145 NORTH EIGHTH ST.

Free delivery in Palmyra and Riverton.

ELMER SHANE,

Movings to and from the City promptly attended to.

PRICES REASONABLE.

Care in hauling goods a specialty.

Residence—Horace Avenue near Fourth Palmyra. P. O. box 134.

CHARLES S. VOORHIS,

DENTIST,

Morgan Avenue and Fourth Street,

PALMYRA, N. J.

NOTICE.

We hold a meeting every Thursday evening, at 8 o'clock, for the promotion of Scriptural Holiness and the Salvation of Souls. To which we kindly invite people of all denominations.

CARL A. PETERSON,
MRS. H. D. PETERSON,
223 Horace Avenue.

Wanted—An Idea Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas; they may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their $1,800 prize offer and new list of one thousand inventions wanted.

HOW TO HAVE A HEALTHY GARDEN, A GREEN LAWN AND FREE BLOOMING FLOWERS,

by using

The J. E. Tygert Co's SPECIAL FERTILIZERS.

They will be found surely useful wherever highest fertility is desired.

It combines the patent qualities of guano and with the permanency of Bone Phosphate and is a real root nourisher. Put up in bags of 10, 25 and 50 pounds each. For sale by

A. H. Thompson,
Palmyra, N. J.

..GET YOUR..

Fire Works

AT SEYBERT'S

FLAGS, LANTERNS AND FIREWORKS NOVELTIES.

C. H. SEYBERT,

7 West Broad Street

PALMYRA.

ICE CERAM PARLOR

Opened for the Season

P. MUELLER

BROAD ST., BELOW LECONEY AVE

PALMYRA, N. J.

Fresh Bread and Cake constantly on hand.

Parties and Wedding Cakes made to order at the shortest possible notice and prompt delivery.

ICE CREAM.

All The Popular Flavors,

HAAS' ICE CREAM PARLORS,

Next to the Post Office.

Orders for Families a Specialty.

Also a fine line of Fancy Cakes.

C. A. HAAS

PALMYRA, NEW JERSEY.

Removed

I have removed my

MILK .·. DEPOT

—TO—

LECONEY AVE., ABOVE FOURTH ST.,

where will be kept a supply of

- MILK AND CREAM, -

John Schroepfer.

N. B.—My wagon will make deliveries as usual.

CARL A. PETERSON, of 223 Horace Av.,

takes pleasure in announcing to his friends and the public in general that he is now in the

Merchant Tailoring Business

at the S. W. Cor. 11th and Sansom Streets, Phila., where he carries a full line of seasonable goods at most reasonable prices.

PETERSON & CO.,

TAILORS,

S. W. COR. 11th AND SANSOM STS.,

PHILADELPHIA, PA.

HARNESS

Collars, Hames, Saddles, Robes, Horse Clothing and Stable Goods, at Philadelphia Prices.

SUMMER SHEETS and LAP DUSTERS.

Howard B. Neff, Harness Maker,

105 W Broad St., Palmyra, N. J.

Repairing done neat and strong.

WHAT'S THE USE

of going to Philadelphia for

Dressmaking Trimmings, Hosiery, Notions, Bric-A-Brac, Glassware, Etc.,

when you can buy them of us at STRICTLY PHILA. PRICES.

Sole Agents for Butterick Patterns. Dr. D. Jayne & Sons' Family Medicines.

TROTH & CO., Broad St., opp. Station, Palmyra.

Examine the Novelty Blue Flame Oil Stove—absolutely safe—burns head-light oil.

Ask for WILLIAM RUDDUCK,

WANAMAKER & BROWN,

OAK HALL, PHILADELPHIA.

Free delivery in Palmyra. Residence, Morgan Avenue, Palmyra.

Clothing made to order, also ready made. Samples shown on request.

FRESH FISH. . .

My wagon will take orders and deliver Fish of all kinds on Wednesdays and Fridays in Palmyra and Riverton, and Mondays and Thursdays in the country.

Clams and Crabs furnished on order.

MRS. A. V. HORNER.

COFFEE IS LOWER.

Choice Rio Coffee,	20c lb.
Best " "	23c "
Choice Laguyra Coffee,	25c "
Old Gov. Java "	35c "

5 lb Lots 1c a Pound Less.

Mason Glass Jars,	45 and 50c dozen
Tumblers and Jelly Glasses,	30c "
Full Cream Cheese	13c "

Star Creamery Print Butter, Fresh, nearby County Eggs.

Choice Quality Lemons, 13 and 15c dozen

BEST BRANDS FLOUR FEED OF ALL KINDS.

J. M. ROBERTS, Family Grocer General Merchandise

Palmyra and Riverton, N. J.

SANITARY PLUMBER,

Steam, Hot Water and Hot Air Heating, Tin Roofing and Spouting.

All kinds of Repairing in Heaters, Ranges and Oil Stoves, and Tinware promptly attended to at reasonable rates. All work guaranteed. Estimates cheerfully furnished.

P. O. Box 402. A. D. READ, 722 PARRY AVENUE. Shop, opp. P. R R. Sta.

TAILORING

616 GARFIELD AVENUE, PALMYRA.

Suits from $12 up, Pants from $3 up, Bicycle Suits and Uniforms made to order from $7.50 up. Linen and Crash Suits made at low prices.

NOW is the time to get your new spring suit, and you cannot do better than to patronize your home tailor. I have all the latest styles and novelties for spring and summer.

ALFRED COLLIER, CLEANING AND REPAIRING.

MILK!

FOR PURE MILK AND CREAM

CALL AT

717 MORGAN AVENUE,

Where milk can be had at any time except Sunday, but delivered daily. A share of your patronage is respectfully solicited.

J. FRANK CLARK.

GET YOUR COAL FROM

THE PEOPLE'S COAL & ICE CO.,

PALMYRA, N. J.

Prices for Ice 1897, are as follows:

8	POUNDS	DAILY,	5	CENTS	or 35	CENTS	PER	WEEK.
12	"	"	6	"	45	"	"	"
16	"	"	8	"	55	"	"	"
20	"	"	10	"	63	"	"	"
25	"	"	13	"	70	"	"	"

40 to 100 Pounds, at rate of Forty Cents per hundred.

Also hauling of all kinds. Particular care and attention given to movings. Prices moderate.

HENRY KERSWILL, Prop.

Subscribe for

THE WEEKLY NEWS.

More

Medicinal value in a bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla than in any other preparation.

More skill is required, more care taken, more expense incurred in its manufacture. It costs the proprietor and the dealer

More but it costs the consumer *less*, as he gets more doses for his money.

More curative power is secured by its peculiar combination, proportion and process, which make it peculiar to itself.

More people are employed and more space occupied in its Laboratory than any other.

More wonderful cures effected and more testimonials received than by any other.

More sales and more increase year by year are reported by druggists.

More people at taking Hood's Sarsaparilla today than any other, and more are taking today than ever before.

More and STILL MORE reasons might be given why you should take

Hood's
Sarsaparilla

The One True Blood Purifier. $1 per bottle.

Hood's Pills cure all Liver Ills and Sick Headache. 25 cents.

R·I·P·A·N·S

The modern standard Family Medicine: **Cures** the common every-day ills of humanity.

ONE GIVES RELIEF.

TRADE RIPANS MARK

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS

Cleanse the Bowels and Purify the Blood! Cure Diarrhœa, Dysentery and Dyspepsia, and give healthy action to the entire system

FRAZER AXLE GREASE

BEST IN THE WORLD.

Its wearing qualities are unsurpassed, actually outlasting two boxes of any other brand. Not affected by heat. LET GET THE GENUINE.

FOR SALE BY DEALERS GENERALLY. 1yr

TRUSSES, ELASTIC STOCKINGS, BANDAGES, ETC

1859—J. B. SEELEY—1894.

The only "SEELEY" ever known in the trade.

Original Promoter, Manufacturer and Introducer of *Hard rubber Trusses*. Correct Adaptation—Skillful Adjustment—Reliable Dealings—Favorable Prices. Authentic Methods for the Successful Treatment of *Hernia or Rupture*. Sec'd-hand Trusses for sale cheap. Can be seen only at his *New Establishment*, 907 Filbert Street, *Philadelphia*. Private Apartments for Ladies. CAUTION. [illegible] Imitators.

PILES OR HEMORRHOIDS

CURED BY PAINLESS METHODS

Responsible persons need not pay until they are well.

Send for pamphlet containing testimonials and references of people you are acquainted with.

R. REED, M. D.,

19 S. 13th St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Peirce School

32nd Year.

A representative American Business School for both sexes, founded by THOMAS MAY PEIRCE, A. M., Ph. D. Couples **systematic business training** with a practical, sound and useful English education. It offers three full courses:—Business, Shorthand and Typewriting, English; the whole constituting an ideal combination.

Graduates are cheerfully assisted to positions.

Both Day and Night Sessions are now running. Students received at any time.

PEIRCE SCHOOL, 917-919 Chestnut St., Philada. Record Building.

Weight 12 oz.

All Brass, Nickel Plated and Burns Kerosene Oil.

The Pathlight

A beautiful, thoroughly made and finely finished Bicycle Lamp, jolt and cyclone proof.

Sent to any part of the country (express prepaid) on receipt of price, $1.50. (Maybe you can buy it of your local dealer for a little less; ask him.)

THE PLACE & TERRY MFG. CO., 247 Centre St., New York.

$1800.00 GIVEN AWAY TO INVENTORS.

$150.00 every month given away to any one who applies through us for the most meritorious patent during the month preceding.

We secure the best patents for our clients, and the object of this offer is to encourage inventors to keep track of their bright ideas. At the same time we wish to impress upon the public the fact that

IT'S THE SIMPLE, TRIVIAL INVENTIONS THAT YIELD FORTUNES,

such as the "car-window" which can be easily slid up and down without breaking the passenger's back, "sauce-pan," "collar-button," "nut-lock," "bottle-stopper," and a thousand other little things that most any one can find a way of improving; and these simple inventions are the ones that bring largest returns to the author. Try to think of something to invent.

IT IS NOT SO HARD AS IT SEEMS.

Patents taken out through us receive special notice in the "National Recorder," published at Washington, D. C., which is the best newspaper published in America in the interests of inventors. We furnish a year's subscription to this journal, free of cost, to all our clients. We also advertise, free of cost, the invention each month which wins our $150 prize, and hundreds of thousands of copies of the "National Recorder," containing a sketch of the winner, and a description of his invention, will be scattered throughout the United States among capitalists and manufacturers, thus bringing to their attention the merits of the invention.

All communications regarded strictly confidential. Address

JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Solicitors of American and Foreign Patents, 618 F Street, N. W., Washington, D. C. Box 385.

Reference—editor of this paper. Write for our 50-page pamphlet. FREE

THIS PAPER is on file in Philadelphia at the Newspaper Advertising Agency of Messrs. N. W. AYER & SON, our authorized agents

AN UNHAPPY DUCHESS.

Cecily of York and the Ravages of the War of the Roses.

The wars of the roses wiped out most of the nobility of England, though the plain people suffered little, and many well born mothers mourned husbands and sons slain in the wars. But few, if any of them, had such a succession of sorrows as one who might have seemed born only to enjoy the days of her life—Cecily, wife of Richard Plantagenet, duke of York, and leader of the White Rose.

Cecily Nevil was granddaughter of "Old John of Gaunt, time honored Lancaster," and so great-granddaughter of King Edward III; her father was Ralph Nevil, earl of Westmorland, her mother Joan Beaufort, the Duke of Lancaster's daughter. Cecily Nevil married Richard Plantagenet when she was about 20 years old, in 1440, and they had four sons and two daughters, Edward, Edmund, George, Richard, Anne and Margaret. For 15 years no especial sorrows reached her; her sons were strong, her husband was the principal subject in the kingdom.

But in 1455 the wars of the roses began with the bloody battle at St. Albans, on May 23, and the Earl of Stafford, the nephew of Duchess Cecily, was killed there. At Northampton, on July 10, 1460, her brother-in-law, Stafford, duke of Buckingham, was killed and the terrible fight at Wakefield on Dec. 30, 1460, robbed her at once of two nephews, a brother, a son and a husband. In the battle fell Sir Thomas Nevil and Sir Edmund Bourchier, nephews, and her husband, Richard. Immediately after the battle her brother Ralph, earl of Salisbury, was executed, and her son Edmund, earl of Rutland, only 12 years old, was murdered by John, Lord Clifford, in cold blood, in revenge for the death of his father in battle.

When sorrows came to Duchess Cecily, they did not come alone. Another nephew, Sir John Nevil, fell at Towton, March 29, 1461. Then came a breathing spell, but in 1469 Sir Henry Nevil was executed, and at Barnet, April 14, 1471, fell still other nephews—John Nevil, marquis of Montague, and Richard Nevil, earl of Warwick, famous as "the king maker." On May 4, 1471, the battle of Tewkesbury was fought, and immediately afterward Edward, prince of Wales, who, though a Lancastrian, had married the duchess' niece, the "king maker's" daughter Anne, was murdered by her sons, the Dukes of Clarence and Gloucester. They kept the killing in the family, but it was killing just the same.

Two years later, so that the duchess should not get unaccustomed to grief, her son-in-law, Thomas Holland, duke of Exeter, who had had to beg his bread in exile, was found dead on the seashore at Dover, and in 1478 her son, the Duke of Clarence, was drowned in a butt of Malmsey, his wife Cecily having been poisoned previously. Her son-in-law, Charles the Bold, duke of Burgundy, had been killed in battle in 1477. Then there was a little respite for the poor duchess. In 1483 died her son, Edward IV, only 41 years old, the first one of her descendants to die a natural death since 1455—28 years. In the same year her two grandsons, Edward V and Richard, duke of York, were murdered by their uncle and her son, Richard, duke of Gloucester, who became king as Richard III, and in his turn was killed at Bosworth field on Aug. 22, 1485, when only 35 years old. Her son-in-law, Sir Thomas St. Leger, was executed in 1483, and a grandnephew, a second Henry Stafford, duke of Buckingham, was executed in 1487.

Except for a few small deaths, such as two husbands of a niece, Catharine Nevil, and a grandson, John, earl of Lincoln, and a grandson, Edward, prince of Wales, the duchess lost no more relatives and died peacefully in 1495. All of these four but the Prince of Wales died by violence. Of her children, Margaret, duchess of Burgundy, was the only one who survived her. During the 40 years, 1455-95, she had seen 25 of her relatives die by violence and 3 by disease.

But she herself did not rest even after death. When Henry VIII destroyed the monasteries, the Collegiate church of Fotheringay was razed to the ground, and the bodies of Richard Plantagenet and Cecily Nevil, duke and duchess of York, were exposed to view in their graves. They lay so for several years, until Elizabeth, their great-great-grandaughter, queen of England in her own right, caused them to be reinterred, with the solemnities befitting the funeral of two such distinguished persons.

So Cecily Nevil, mother of two kings and grandmother of one king, having died, at last found rest.—New York Sun.

Lord Stanley's Escape.

The Ladies' Pictorial says: "Lord Stanley has a good deal of reason just now to congratulate himself on a circumstance of which he was humorously reminded in the house of commons last week—namely, that he has narrowly escaped being crown prince of Greece at the present moment. It is a fact that some years ago the crown of Greece was offered to and declined by the Earl of Derby. Had he accepted it Lord Stanley might now have been face to face with the Turks and the concert of Europe instead of presiding over the kitchen committee of the house of commons."

Titles In Poland.

Women in search of titles might do well to go to Poland. It is said that in Warsaw alone, with a population of 500,000, there are 30,726 persons belonging to the hereditary nobility and 9,257 "personal nobles," people entitled to the distinction by reason of office or discovery. There are said to be as many princes in Poland as in Russia. In the latter country they are found plying every trade. According to the last consus, there are now living nearly 1,000 Princes and Princesses Galitzin. There are hardly sufficient names in Russia to distinguish them, and great confusion results.—New York Tribune.

The New Tiara.

The return of the tiara seems to denote that the style of hairdressing is again in the ascendant. This ought to be good news to all except the divinely tall woman, to whom the loss of an inch or two by a coiffure dressed low in the neck was immaterial. To the average woman the Madonna style of headdress was certainly a handicap. It suggested a revival of the archaic scarcely more in keeping with the ordinary British profile than the professed appreciation of Botticelli is with the ordinary British character.—Pall Mall Budget

His Trade.

Warden—We like to put prisoners to work at what they are used to. What is your specialty?

Prisoner—I am the champion sprinter of the world. If you give me a fair show on an open road, I'll do a mile in time that'll make the eyes jump out of your head.—Brooklyn Eagle.

Sugar Beet Against Sugar Cane.

It is announced that a stock company with a capital of $100,000 is beginning sugar beet culture in northern Ohio. The regions in which this succulent root has been heretofore grown in the Union are central Nebraska, southern Utah and lower California. Undoubtedly, however, the beet would thrive in many other parts of the country. Here is at excellent industry to go along with stock raising, as the pumice of the beet is a fattening and palatable food for beeves and swine.

Already we produce 40,000 tons of sugar beets a year. This year there will be more. Cuba, previous to the revolution in that island, sent us 1,000,000 tons of cane sugar annually. Last year we received from her only one-tenth of that amount, but the beet sugar, much o it produced here at home, was able to make up the quantity lacking so that we scarcely missed the Cuban article. It will be unfortunate for that fair island if on emerging from the revolution she finds her sugar trade has slipped from her permanently, and that the United States is producing within its own borders enough sweets to supply all the demand, even for our extravagant consumption. Every inhabitant of this land consumes on the average 62.72 pounds of sugar a year.

The American Sugar Refining company has made a remarkable move recently. It is quietly buying up immense tracts of land in suitable localities, and on this land will attempt to raise sugar beets enough to supply material for its refineries. There are at present only seven beet sugar factories in the country, but the trust will add more as they are wanted. It is the day of gigantic operations in every branch of industry.

Rights of Man.

A paper in Harper's by Professor Francis N. Thorpe shows the trend of modern economic thought. The paper is called "The Hundred Years' Campaign." It deals with the issues in our political campaigns for the past century.

How those issues have changed is well indicated in the following paragraphs:

The new industrial doctrines which had triumphed over the doctrines of 1798 were briefly set forth in President Lincoln's first inaugural: "The Union is much older than the constitution. It was formed, in fact, by the articles of association in 1774." Few indeed of those who heard him could have told at that moment what were the articles to which the president referred. Two years older than the Declaration of Independence, they declared the industrial independence of the colonies. Those were a solemn nonimportation agreement to encourage "frugality, economy and industry and promote agriculture, arts and the manufactures of this country." The nation rested on industry; the nation was sovereign—ideas antagonistic to the doctrines of 1798, and these ideas were now to be tested in administration.

At the close of the eighteenth century reformers were still talking of the rights of man and meant by that phrase equal civil and political rights. At the close of the nineteenth century reformers are interpreting the same phrase, but it now signifies economic equality. In the last presidential campaign the idea was freely advocated by the friends of the laboring man, who are unusually numerous at such a time. Economic inequality versus economic equality—that is the great political issue of our day. The basis of democracy in America is industrial. Does Lincoln's remark in his inaugural indicate the course democracy is taking, and does the new political phrase economic equality, intimate that [illegible] dominate American democr[illegible] before the close of the twentieth century?

War is horrible enough at its best, but the war in Cuba has taken on an aspect which is something frightful. The Cubans have at last been successful in exploding the dynamite bombs which they have been trying so long. Tardy news coming from the field near Guamo, in the province of Santiago de Cuba, shows that in the victory gained by the patriot general Calixto Garcia 200 Spanish soldiers were blown to pieces by the dynamite bombs. The Spanish official reports make the total number of Spanish soldiers lost in the fight 10. The actual number was nearly 500. The Spaniards were advancing over the public highway against Garcia's men, when without a second's warning the earth beneath their feet seemed to explode. Arms and legs were blown off, brains and bodies were scattered in fragments over the earth in sickening confusion. In one instant all the Spanish column that was near the place where the bombs were concealed was annihilated. It was General Sherman's theory that the more terrible war could be made the sooner it was ended, but warfare like this curdles the blood.

There were things some persons objected to in the official acts of President Cleveland, but his order reserving 22,000,000 acres of the public lands from settlement and keeping them as a protection to the water supply of the country should not be one of these. No sane person can wish to see our country become, like the shores of the Mediterranean in northern Africa, a desert waste. As fast as the timber is cut from the region of the headwaters of creeks and rivers these streams will disappear. Spring rains will no longer soak into the earth and be held by the roots of the trees, the water gradually finding its way to the beds of streams. The rain will pour down the water courses in mad floods, washing out the earth and destroying the soil. Drought will alternate with flood, and the condition of the agriculturist will be pitiable indeed.

Lighting Up In Parliament.

Every part of the house of commons is now lighted by electricity. In Cromwell's time the commons appear to have entertained strong objections to debates by artificial light. A Sir William Widdington brought in two candles against the direction of the house and was sent to the Tower next morning. An interruption to debate was sometimes caused by a motion that candles be brought in. A standing order was passed in 1717 empowering the sergeant-at-arms to bring in candles without any particular order. This order has been superseded by the instantaneous illumination of the house at the proper time, at first by gas and subsequently by electricity.—London Letter.

A Donkey Superstition.

The early Christians had a superstition that the black mark running down the back of a donkey, and cut at right angles by a similar mark across the shoulder, is the mark of the cross, and that it was miraculously placed upon the ass that Christ rode upon his triumphal entry into Jerusalem. This superstitition is said to prevail at the present day in Spain and Italy.

The shawls of cashmere are made between Hindustan and Tibet, from the wool of the camel, while their sheep also produce fine white silky wool. The whole population is engaged in preparing the thread and weaving these articles for commerce.

THE COOK'S MISTAKE.

HOW A NICE POINT IN COWBOY ETIQUETTE WAS SETTLED.

Mike Tussler Exercised One of the Foreman's Prerogatives, and the Cook Objected—Only One Way to Settle the Matter, and That Way Was Employed.

We were all waiting for dinner, sitting about the camp on our boot heels, every man in his slicker, and the cook was angry. It had rained for four days. The camp was on the open plain, away from timber, and wet cow chips are mighty poor fuel; also the acrid smoke arising from them is an unequaled tear inducer. Under the wagon was a rawhide sling, in which the cook kept a store of dry brush for kindling fires. Damp chips gathered up about camp were piled on and soon made a smudge which was excellent and effective to keep away flies and mosquitoes, but which was several hundred per cent inferior to a modern range for cooking purposes.

Out of the column of smoke came the cook, with a pot of hot coffee in each hand and tears brimming in his eyes.

"This is the last hot meal you get until we move camp," he announced emphatically, setting down one coffeepot and wiping his eyes as he passed around filling our tin cups.

"Cookie is crying for the sins he's had no chance to commit," said Scotty confidentially and received a few drops of boiling coffee on the thumb which held his cup.

Scotty is not a philosopher, and he swore, but not at the cook. The cook is a philosopher and bears with equanimity whatever the fates bring him in the way of wood or weather, and he minds the guying of the men no more than he minds the odor of his slicker, which gets a fresh coat of fish oil after every heavy rain.

Yet the cook was wrathy. We could smell it in the smoke and taste it in the coffee, and—unfailing sign—he had removed his leather cartridge belt and holster. Cookie supported his trousers with an extra large belt, always full of ammunition. He had never been known to fire his gun, even at a jack rabbit, but occasionally would take it from the holster and ask the foreman to keep it for a day, saying, "I'm mad." When, therefore, it was seen that he had not only removed the pistol, but the cartridge belt also, trusting in Providence to hold up his trousers, we felt that a crisis had come.

A philosopher who is also a cook is such a valued adjunct to a cow outfit that we were all attention when, after we were served with coffee and sour dough bread, cookie said briefly, addressing himself to the foreman, "Me or Mike Tussler has got to quit."

"What's the matter, Bill?" asked the foreman.

"Well, it's this way," he replied, speaking slowly. "Mike knows as well as anybody that the b'ys can swear at each other, but they can't swear at the cook. That's the rule everywhere. Nobody but the foreman can swear at me. Well, this mornin when the horse band was driv' in, the b'ys put up the ropes to a wagon wheel to hold 'em, and I took one rope, like I always do. It was wet and slippery, and when everybody else had caught a hoss Mike went in to rope his buckskin, and they all surged my way ag'in the rope and pulled it through my hands, and Mike swore at me."

"Yes," added Mike, "and the whole bunch got out, so I had to ride an old lame plug all day."

"I guess you two can settle that little matter for yourselves," said the foreman.

"That's all right," said cookie. "I'm a-goin to lick him after dinner, but one of us has got to quit."

"Oh, well," said the foreman, "you are both good men. I won't choose between you. Just flip a copper." Mike sat back, an indifferent spectator, while the cook found a coin and tossed it up. "Best two in three," said he, and announced himself the loser. He asked for his wages and received an order on the company for the amount due him.

"If you get out of a job," said the foreman gravely, shaking hands with Bill, "come back to us."

"Oh, I ain't mad at you," said the cook, "and I hate to quit. But nobody but the foreman can swear at me. It ain't right."

"Now, Mike, are you ready?" he asked, taking off his slicker.

"You better be going before you fight," suggested Mike, who was filling his pipe. "You'll get farther."

"Hold on, boys; I want to make a book on this event," interposed Scotty, and the cook put on his slicker and waited while Scotty booked bets enough to bankrupt himself. Then Mike gave me his pipe to keep alight, and sailed in.

There was some vigorous infighting; the men clinched and went down together. They rolled over a few times in the lush, wet grass, and then one of them got up. It was Mike. He resumed his pipe, mounted his horse and went out to the herd. The other men went about their several duties. The foreman stayed in camp.

Presently the falling rain revived the fallen cook. He sat up, then rose slowly, and, going to the mess box, took out his belt and pistol and put them on. He then approached the foreman and asked:

"Do you want to hire a good cook, with all the nonsense knocked out of him?"

"I do," replied the foreman.

"I'm your man," said Bill. "I made a mistake."

A stew of brains and marrow was the cook's chef d'ouvre. It was served only when he was in a buoyant mood. We had it that night for supper.—San Francisco Argonaut.

The statement is made by a Boston newspaper that no policemen are ever stationed on Boston Common except on Sundays and holidays.

Subscribe for the NEWS.

Easy to Take
Easy to Operate

Are features peculiar to Hood's Pills. Small in size, tasteless, efficient, thorough. As one man said: "You never know you have taken a pill till it is all over." 25c. C. I. Hood & Co., Proprietors, Lowell, Mass. The only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Hood's Pills

FRAZER AXLE GREASE

BEST IN THE WORLD.

Its wearing qualities are unsurpassed, actually outlasting three boxes of any other brand. Not affected by heat. LET GET THE GENUINE.

FOR SALE BY ALL DEALERS. 6m4

Dashing Off Things.

A young lady lately read an essay descanting on the advantages the profession of journalism offered to women. Naturally the essay was read before a woman's club. The gifted young lady remarked in the course of her paper that the journalist could sit down and in a few minutes "dash off" an article for which an appreciative editor would pay her as much as the girl clerk or teacher could earn in a whole week.

Now, it may be that lady journalists are peculiarly gifted in the art of "dashing off" things. It may be, too, that we are rather slow in our notions of the work necessary to make a competent journalist. But we open our hearts here and now confess that in all our experience of newspaper people—and we modestly claim to have known some famous ones—we have never yet met the person of either sex who could "dash off" in a few minutes a column or so and get paid for it. The chances are a thousand to one, on the other hand, that the dashed off article will be incontinently dashed into the waste-basket by any editor who knows his business.

No brethren, likewise sisters, it cannot be done. The only newspaper writer who can prepare anything that anybody wants to read is he who takes every possible pains with it. He must in the beginning train himself to be infallible in spelling, punctuation and penmanship. The writing and paper must be neat, the penmanship as easily read as print. The only successful writer is the one who loves his work, who toils over it as the artist toils over a painting, with patience and enthusiasm. He will practice till he can say in six lines of pure, perfect English what the amateur would require half a page to say. This is polishing the gem.

And when he is not engaged in actual writing the successful journalist spends all the time he can spare from necessary rest and recreation in getting information to help him in his work, either out of books or by going to see something new. Real newspaper writing means all day work the year round.

A Happy Thought.

Whose idea it was we do not know, but the person who first thought of beautifying railway stations with grassy lawns and flower beds had a real inspiration. Railway travel is dusty, smoky and wearisome. The glimpses of bright flowers and grass that the tired passenger catches as he is whirled past a station are like the sight of a fountain in a desert.

The railway flower garden in a rustic region is often also an object lesson of immense value to the natives along the line—we mean in localities where it is the fashion to loaf in the railway station and expectorate on the stove. When the yard surrounding the station is no longer a dumping ground for ashes, waste paper, old boots and bottles, when it smiles and blossoms rainbow hued and emerald green, then the slouching boor who loafs in the waiting room will have to vanish along with the other repulsive objects. The beautifying impulse will strike home to many a person whose private dooryard also is a desert waste of weeds and garbage, and he will try to make it as attractive as the station yard.

On many of the leading roads there is now a regular corps of greenhouse men and gardeners who pass from station to station and take care of the railway lawns and flower beds.

The religion of Christian nations is apparently not more than skin deep. In Europe we have the disgraceful spectacle of nearly every Christian country sympathizing with pagan Turk against Christian Greek. The Turk shuts wounded Greeks in a Christian church and burns them alive. The Christian nations of Europe in return offer to lend Turkey five times as much money as they will lend to Greece and at half the interest. Go on roasting wounded Christians alive in Christian churches, they say. We will back you in it with our cash every time. Go on marching captured Christian women in the front rank of your armies, so that they may be fired on and killed by their own countrymen. We will still back you in it with our cash. Go on committing atrocities known only in barbaric warfare, says Germany to the Turk. Officers of the highest rank from my Christian army are with you directing you how most effectively to butcher their Christian brethren. I approve it and you shall have more of my help and my ships, too, if you want them. What is the explanation of this inhumanity and indecent hypocrisy? It is simply that the Christian nations of Europe believe the barbarous Turk has more money with which to pay the money he borrowed from them than the Christian Greek has. That is just how much the Christian nations of Europe will do for their religion.

The biggest day in the existence of New York, greater or smaller, was the Grant memorial day. A procession of 58,000, with 500,000 people looking on, is a pageant that not more than two other cities in the world, London and Paris, could produce.

Looked Like Reason.

A robin's nest and a kingbird's nest were situated in adjoining trees, each containing young birds. When the kingbirds saw the robin bringing a worm to feed its young, they would attack it and make it give up the food intended for the young robins. After being robbed a few times the robin appeared with a worm, accompanied by two other robins, and when the kingbird made his appearance the two extra robins pitched in and gave him a sound thrashing, while the one with the worm fed its young and seemed to be laughing all the while. The game was played until the kingbird gave it up.—Lewiston Journal.

Human Nature.

Passenger—Look, conductor, there's a crowd of people who want this car.

Conductor—Not one of them.

"Then why are they running at it so frantically?"

"They only want to cross in front of it."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

According to recently compiled statistics, the Bible is now printed in 381 languages, 52 versions having been added in the last five years. Forty-two of these versions are credited to English and Scotch societies, and 5 to American societies.

A PALATIAL PRIVATE CAR.

President Green Has the Handsomest Existence.

What is undoubtedly the finest private car at the disposal of a railroad magnate in this or any other country was recently built for E. H. R. Green, president of the Texas Midland railroad. Palatial is the only word which is applicable to this car. Even the private cars of British royalty pale into comparative insignificance beside the possession of the son of the richest woman in America.

The exterior of the car resembles the ordinary Pullman coach. It has a reception room, a private sleeping apartment, a dining room and a kitchen. The principal and largest apartment is the observation or reception room at one end of the car. This occupies an area of more than eighteen feet in length. It includes two sleeping sections on either side which are nine feet long, but during the day they can be changed into comfortably cushioned lounging seats. The room is handsomely carpeted and furnished with wicker easy chairs, a roll top desk, and richly covered tables. There are also a speed recorder, air pressure gauge, thermometer, clock and electric fans.

At night, if the occasion requires, the room can be divided into three separate compartments by partitions which fold against the upper panelling. Two of these can be turned into sleeping apartments.

The passageway runs to the side of the car and opens into a suite of handsomely appointed state rooms, each more than seven feet long. In one is a stationary bed, while the other contains a folding bed. Between these two rooms, and connecting with each, is a bath room about about four and a half feet square, with a shower attached.

Next comes the kitchen, to which eight and one-half feet of the length of the car is devoted.

Beyond the kitchen is the dining room, provided with a larger table, at which eight persons can be seated.

The room is ten feet long and comfortably furnished with the usual dining room paraphernalia. The windows of the car are a trifle larger than those of the ordinary drawing room car, and are fitted with heavy plate glass. The interior is hung with heavy portieres and window curtains.—New York Herald.

A COLLEGE GIRL'S PRANK.

She Gives a Cat Concert During the Small Hours of the Night.

The Cincinnati Commercial Tribune has been telling tales out of school. It has collected a number of the amusing pranks of college girls of a few years ago, making the explanation that such capers are out of date now, one of which is the following:

During the freshman year of a student she conceived the novel idea of giving a cat concert some night after the retiring. To this end she collected all the stray felines there were around the place, and stored them away in the attic. By the time the date set for the serenade came around she had decoyed about a dozen cats to the attic, singly and in pairs. With the assistance of one of the workmen, open to bribery, she conducted from the basement to the top floor—a goat. This beast was added to the zoological garden in the attic, and together with the cats paced the floor till silence had fallen throughout the house.

And then this little person, so meek that suspicion never fell upon her, stole up the attic stairs and tied to each animal a bell, opened the door and turned the flock loose. Pandemonium reigned. The frightened cats meowed and meowed, the goat ba-ahed, and the faculty chased, commanded and came to despair. Through the midnight watches the slinking cats tinkled their bells through the halls, the outraged teachers breathed out threatings against the culprit, and the girl who was in future years to be at the head of the institution slept on—the sleep of the just.

Much Too Clever.

Sir Charles Napier was at one time Governor of Gibraltar. One day, by some mischance, he mislaid the keys of his safe. Search being unavailing he sent down to the engineers' yard to know if they had a man capable of picking a lock.

A certain sapper whose skill at lock-picking was well known was sent to the Governor's house, and, with the aid of a few pieces of wire, he very shortly succeeded in opening the safe. Napier was amazed at his celerity, but said nothing.

Next morning the sapper was sent for by his colonel, who handed him a five-pound note, and informed him that by Napier's order he was to return to England, for home service, by the next boat, as the Governor did not think it safe to keep a man on the Rock who could pick the most complicated lock as easily as he could eat his breakfast.—Answers.

Consoled.

It is possible to find occasion for thankfulness under the most adverse circumstances. A good story is told of an old organ-blower who was dying. The curate was visiting him.

"Would you mind, sir, asking our organist to play the 'Dead March' over me?" asked the sick man.

"Certainly I will, Chapman," said the curate.

"Thankee, sir; none of that ere tweedledum Beethoven, you know, sir; only Handel's."

"I am sure he will do it," responded the curate.

The old man lay placidly for awhile, and then exclaimed, with fervour:—

"How thankful I be that I shan't have to blow for him when he plays the loud part at the end."—Tid-Bits.

China Passports.

The lines on no two human hands are exactly alike. This fact is utilized in China in an interesting way. When a traveller desires a passport, the palm of his hand is covered with fine oil-paint and an impression is taken on thin, damp paper. This paper, officially signed, is his passport.—Tid-Bits.

A Precious Washington Urn.

One of the valuable relics intrusted to the care of the grand master of Massachusetts Masons is "the Washington urn," a small golden urn containing a lock of General Washington's hair. Mrs. Washington presented the lock to the Grand Lodge in 1800, and Grand Master Paul Revere made the urn.—Chicago Inter-Ocean.

Submarine Telegraph Work.

It takes thirty-seven specially constructed and equipped steamers to keep the submarine telegraph cables of the world in repair.—Philadelphia Ledger.

Had Better Consider It.

It is well known, and sorrowfully admitted, by all intelligent persons, of candor, that the social and moral world is being shocked every day by the increasing number of high crimes against person and property, notably against personal and family rights and privileges.

Those dastardly acts of recklessness, butchery and suicide, of which Coroner's juries say that "there was no apparent cause," "no reason could be found," and kindred verdicts, are puzzling the minds of *very many* eminent moralists of the present day.

Undoubtedly one reason for this is that many pulpiteers and moralists study and preach more often upon "Olympic Games," "Base Ball," "The Bicycle," "Military Schools" "Politics," etc., than upon the subjects of "Angels," (good and bad) and the "Devil"—chief of the evil ones—which are among the most important subjects treated upon in the Bible. They are directly and indirectly mentioned 1,582 times!

The book, "Spiritualism Examined and Refuted," which is admitted to be a wonderful compendium of facts appertaining to the great system of "Spiritual Philosophy," does so treat upon the subject of angels—both good and evil—that their origin, nature, character and office are readily understood in a practical way, even by the common people. Hence, to read the work carefully, is to be forearmed, which is to be informed; insomuch that the otherwise unlearned may escape the calamities often consequent upon ignorance of Human and Demon Magnetism.

Human Magnetism, or Mesmerism, now scientifically called "Hypnotism," is a mental or psycological force which *often is*, and *always can be* a stepping-stone to Demon Magnetism, which is, simply, real "Spiritual Phenomena. *This fact is not now generally known!*

The work clearly shows that the *teachings* of the Bible withstand all criticisms, and, also, that ALL of their enemies quote from them when they wish to say anything *morally grand*, or to formulate any moral criterion for practical reference.

While this book does not mention any church or denomination, it *does prove*, incidentally, that the Almighty God of Bible account is a JUST, rather than an *unjust* Being; and that He is still on the giving hand, even to His worst enemies; and that they may, *if they will*, have eternal life as well as this day of probation.

It would interest more than a million of people in our own country to know that this work is *the first one of its size* to present clear-cut proof that *only* those who accept Christ as their Saviour have *any title* to immortality. The contrary view is the foundation on which Spiritualism rests.

The experience, close study and observations of the author for more than thirty years, and the introduction of 200 quotations, with book and page and paper and date given, makes it a valuable library for reference.

Attention is called to some of the commendations this book has received:—

REVIEW of REVIEWS: "He [the author] considers Spiritualism to be a pernicious force in modern society, hostile to all religious and he defends this view by Biblical argument and by an array of documentary evidence which shows a great expenditure of energy."

REV. H. L. HASTINGS, editor of the *Christian*, "Mr. Dadmun's book contains a large number of facts and extracts which I am very glad to get hold of. I do not doubt the general correctness of his positions."

Philadelphia *Bulletin*:—"Certainly the book is a valuable work of reference, if not for study, by those interested in the questions the author has striven to answer."

OUR HOPE AND LIFE IN CHRIST:—"It is a valuable book for all English reading families, and, also, for preachers, lectures, and debaters against Spiritualism."

MESSIAH'S ADVOCATE:—"The book will well repay the trouble to peruse it, in furnishing them with overwhelming evidence against the false claims of Spiritualism."

CAMDEN POST:—"The greatest questions pertaining to Man, here and hereafter, are discussed with brevity, comprehensiveness and—if pointed evidences from many sources are considered—with considerable ability; thus making it worthy of study by any student of human, superhuman, or Divine forces, the evil as well as the good."

REV. MILES GRANT, the well-known writer, lecturer and debater:—"It is a work for the times. It is comprehensive, abounding in important facts, just such as are needed to form a correct conclusion as to the merit of Spiritualism."

REV. G. F. HAINES, Salem, Mass. said to the author:—"I have read every word in your book. It is a valuable work, especially for reference, and I use it as such."

MESSIAH'S HERALD:—"This work is intended to explain the mystery of Spiritualism. We have no doubt that the position by the author that it is a mixture of false and real phenomena is correct. As to the character of the supernatural element in its workings, we endorse the conclusions he reaches, that the agencies at work are the Devil and his angels. There is no doubt but the scathing denunciations of the false theology of Spiritualism are justified in the premises."

REVIEW and HERALD, Battle Creek, Mich.:—"The author occupies the true position in regard to conditional immorality, and hence holds the only true vantage ground from which the claims of Spiritualism can be successfully refuted.

The author shows that Spiritualism is not a humbug, as so many claim, and are thereby thrown off their guard; that it is not religion; that its claims are false; that its phenomena are beyond human power, and that its workings are destructive to morality, and utterly blasphemous."

DR. A. F. RANDALL, Port Huron, Mich.:—"I can conscientiously say it is a *grand* book—ought to be read by everybody; then philosophers would no longer go about like Diogenes with a lantern in broad daylight."

The NEWS has already said that Spiritualism is one of the most important subjects of our time, and that this book treats it exhaustively, and refutes it completely. This work has been selected by the Mendota College as "specially adapted to the Bible Training School."

This is a regular $1.50 book but to more quickly spread its usefulness this edition has been reduced to $1.25 post-paid. To ministers and teachers $1.00.

Address C. F. SLEEPER,
Palmyra, N. J.

THE MYSTERY EXPLAINED.

The mystery of Clairvoyance, Spiritualism and the Bible accounts of soothsayers and persons possessed with devils, and kindred phenomena, have long puzzled many candid minds.

"Spiritualism Examined and Refuted," by Elder John H. Dadmun, is one of the most important works of our time; it treats the System exhaustively and "refutes" it completely.

This work shows that much of the social and moral evil which news journals say is terribly on the increase, is traceable to the TEACHINGS of Spiritualism. Indeed a large per cent. of mysterious suicides are but results of doctrines taught by evil angels who control persons under favorable conditions and make them *Destroying Mediums*.

It is worthy of study by any student of human, superhuman or divine forces, the evil as well as the good.

No church or denomination is mentioned, and nearly every quotation has its date and authority given, making the book valuable for reference.

It has received highest commendation.

The only book that *disproves* the claims of Modern Spiritualism.

368 pp., 8 vo., large type, on fine white paper, excellent portrait of the author, bound in cloth, with stamps and edges of gold. Price $1.25, post-paid. To ministers and teachers, $1.00.

Address C. F. SLEEPER,
Palmyra, N. J.

C. F. COX,

—DEALER IN—

Fresh Meats, Poultry AND Vegetables,

Broad Street below Delaware Avenue.

NEXT DOOR TO FIRE HOUSE.

PRICES ARE RIGHT. . . .

GUS. MOHRMAN,

PRACTICAL BOOT AND SHOEMAKER,

CUSTOM WORK A SPECIALTY.

REPAIRING. Open Until 10 P. M

520 LECONEY AVENUE. PALMYRA.

J. W. SHADE,

Contractor and Builder.

PLANS, specifications and estimates furnished. All work strictly first-class in every particular. Jobbing promptly attended to at reasonable rates. Best of reference furnished.

A share of your patronage is respectfully solicited.

J. W. SHADE,

P. O. BOX 866. 411 LECONEY AVENUE PALMYRA

FOR ALL THE LOCAL NEWS READ

THE WEEKLY NEWS.

THE WEEKLY NEWS.

C. F. SLEEPER, Editor and Proprietor. | A BRIEF CHRONICLE OF CURRENT EVENTS. | PRICE, THREE CENTS.

Vol. XIII.—No. 35. | PALMYRA, N. J., SATURDAY, JUNE 26, 1897. | $1.00 per annum in advance.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD
LOCAL TIME TABLE.
In effect May 16th, 1897.

EASTWARD.						WESTWARD.			
Philadelphia,	Delair.	W. Palmy'a	Palmy'a	River-ton,	River-ton,	Palmy'a	W. Palmy'a	Delair.	Philadelphia.
a. m.	a. m.	a. m.	a. m.	a. m.	a. m.	a. m	a. m.	a. m	a. m.
6.10	6.33	6.37	6.39	6.49	5.50	5 52	5.53	5 58	6.20
7.10	7.31	7.37	7.39	7.42	6.44	6.47	6.49	6.55	7.20
					7.42	7.45		7.50	7.50
8.20	8.42	8.47	8.49	8.52	7.47	7.50	7.52	7.56	8.20
10.30	10.50	10.54	10.56	10.58	8.17	8.20			8.40
p. m	p. m.	p. m.	p. m.	p. m.	8.54	8.57	8.59	9 03	9.20
12.00	12.22	12.27	12.29	12.32	9.07				9.50
*1.00	1.21	1.25	1.27	1.30	10.26	10.29			10 50
1.40	2.01	2.09	2.12	2.15	p m.	p m.	p m	p m	p m.
2.30	2.50		2.55	2.58	12.02	12.04			12.30
3.30	3.52	3.58	4.00	4.03	12.10	12.16	12.02	12.19	12.40
4.00				4.22	1.31	1 34	1.36	1.40	2.00
4.30			4.50	4.52	2.10	2.13	2.15	2.19	2.40
5.00			5.22	5.25	3.30	3.33	3.35	3.39	4.00
5.10	5.36	5.42	5.44	5.47	3.49	3.51			4.10
5.30			5.53	5.57	5.18	5.21	5.23	5.28	5.50
6.00	6.18	6.23	6.25	6.28	6.16	6.18			6.40
6.30	6.57	6.59	7.04	7.07	6.51	6.54	6.56	7.00	7.20
7.30	7.51	7.55	7.57	8.00	8.11	8.14			8.35
9.00	9.22	9.27	9.29	9.32	9.51	9.54	9.56	10.00	10.20
10.30	10.51	10.57	10.58	11.01	10.54	10.56	10.58	11.00	11.20
11.45	12.05	12.09	12.11	12.13	12.21	12.24	12.25	12.29	12.50
SUNDAY TRAINS.									
a. m.	a. m.	a. m.	a. m.	a. m.	a. m.	a. m.	a. m.	a. m.	a. m.
8.45	9.09	9.15	9.17	9.20	8.26	8.29	8.31	8.37	9.05
9.15	9.39	9.45	9.47	9.50	p. m	p. m	p. m	p. m.	p. m
p. m	p. m	p. m.	p. m.	p. m	12.51	12.54	12.56	1.00	1.20
1.30	1.52	1.57	1.59	2.02	5.46	5.49	5.51	5.57	6.20
5.45	6.07	6.11	6.13	6.16	7.28	7.31	7.33	7.40	8 05
10.00	10.21	10.26	10.28	10.31	10.15	10.18	10.20	10.25	10.50

*Saturday only.

GENERAL TIME TABLE.

Leave Palmyra as follows:

For Trenton, Newark and New York, 6.39, 7.39, 8.49, 10.56 a. m., 12.29 2.55, 4.00, 4.50, 5.53, 7.57 p. m., week-days; 9.47 a. m. 1.56, 6.11 p. m. Sundays.

For Riverside, Delanco, Beverly, Edgewater Park and Burlington, 6.39, 7.39, 8.49, 10.56 a. m., 12.29, 2.12, 2.55, 4.00, 4.50, 5.53, 5.44 5.53, 6.25, 7.04, 7.57, 9.2, p. m., and 12.11 night, week-days, 9.47 a. m., 1.59, 6.14, 9.17 and 10.28 p. m., Sundays.

For Borlentown, 6.31, 7.39, 8.49, 1.56, a. m., 12.29, 2.55, 4.00, 4.50, 5 22, 5.51, 6.25, 7.57, 9.29, p. m., and 12.11 night, week days, 9.47 a. m., 1.59, 6.14 9.17 and 10.28 p. m., Sundays.

For Hightstown, Jamesburg, South Amboy, 7.30 a. m., and 4.00 p. m., week days.

For tickets and further information apply to Agent at the station.

J. B. HUTCHINSON, General Manager. J. R. WOOD, Gen'l Pass't A't.

BUSINESS CARDS.

George Gilbert. *Clarence T. Atkinson.*

GILBERT & ATKINSON,

COUNSELLORS - AT - LAW.

Practice in all the Higher Courts.

325 *Federal Street,* *Camden, N. J.*

D. H. WRIGHT,

ATTORNEY--AT--LAW,

OFFICE 726 DREXEL BUILDING, PHILADELPHIA.

Houses for Sale or Rent.

Building Lots for Sale.

Rents collected.

Henry Hollinshed, Jr.,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW AND SOLICITOR,

205 Market Street,

CAMDEN, N. J.

Residence—Delair.

Where You're Blind You'll See

what a mistake you made in not taking care of your eyes when you had them. If they pain you, call on me; I will examine them without charge and tell you how to correct the trouble with the least expense and the greatest certainty.

SPECTACLES AND EYE GLASSES. EYES CAREFULLY TESTED.

C. A. LONGSTRETH,

228 Market St. PHILADELPHIA

TARIFF OF ANNUAL WATER RATES OF THE

Riverton and Palmyra Water Co.

PRIVATE HOUSES.

Hydrant in yard or kitchen, ½ in. tap, $6.00
" " " ¾ " " 8.00
No consumer will be charged a less amount than for one hydrant under any circumstance.
Hydrant in both yard and kitchen, ½ in. tap, 8.00
Hydrant in both yard and kitchen, ¾ in tap, 10.00
A screw nozzle or other device to attacy hose on hydrants is not permitted except by special arrangement.
Bath tub, 4.00
Water closet, self-acting, pan valve or reservoir, each, 3.00
All other kinds, special rates urinals, each, 2.00
Stationary wash-basins, each, 1.00
" " tubs, each, 1.00
Pavement tap [to be used as pave wash or for sprinkling or both not exceeding 3 hours in any one day, for 50 feet or under]
Each additional foot, 50 to 100 feet, 8 cents per foot or 100 to 200 feet, 4 cents per foot.

THE BURLINGTON CO.

SAFE DEPOSIT & TRUST CO.,

MOORESTOWN, N. J.

CAPITAL.....$200,000.000.

Authorized by law to act as Executor, Administrator, Guadian, Trustee, Assignee, Receiver, Agent, etc., and executes Trusts of every description; receives desposits of money payable by chec and allows three per cent. interest thereon.

OFFICERS.

WILLIAM M. PAUL, President.
DAVID D. GRISCOM, Vice President.
WILLIAM W. STOKES, Treas. and Sec'y.
CHARLES EWAN MERRITT, Solicitor.

William M. Paul,	Moorestown, N. J.
N. Newlin Stokes, M. D.,	" "
Alfred H. Burr,	" "
Henry Doughten,	" "
John C. Hopkins,	" "
Josiah Lippincott,	" "
Mordecai Hunt,	" "
Chas. Ewan Merritt,	Mount Holly, "
Isaac Fenimore,	" "
Howard Parry,	Riverton, "
Isaac W. Stoes,	Medford, "
Albert Hansell,	Rancocas, "
David D. Griscom,	Marlton, "
William J. Iric,	Vincentown, "
William R. Lippincott,	Fellowship, "
David Masters,	Phila., Pa.
Clayton Conrow,	Cinnaminson, N. J

For the convenience of the public business with this company can be transacted through Mr. Howard Parry at his Riverton or Palmyra offices.

BICYCLES.

BICYCLES TO HIRE

No special permit is required to ride a wheel. Call on us at any time you may need one. We will fit you out with either a new or second-hand one. Our stock comprises all the latess makes.

ALL KINDS OF BICYCLE SUNDRIES.

James H. Bowers, Agt.,

S. E. COR. BROAD AND MAIN STS., RIVERTON, N. J.

Repairing a specialty.

ESTABLISHED 1865. TELEPHONE No. 773

BIOREN & CO., BANKERS,

No. 136 South Third Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Transact a General Banking Business.
Stocks and Bonds Bought and Sold on Commission.

CAREFUL ATTENTION GIVEN TO INQUIRIES IN RELATION TO INVESTMENTS.

JOHN E. MORTON,

UNDERTAKER,

Broad St. above Maple Avenue, Palmyra.

JOSEPH BISHOP,

CONTRACTOR and BUILDER,

Of Frame, Brick or Stone, Dwellings and Business Houses.

Only the very best materials and lowest prices charged consistent with *First-Class and Reliable Workmanship.*

Numerous building plans may be seen at my office. If desired, Specifications, and estimates will be furnished at short notice. Call or Address,

JOSEPH BISHOP.

FOURTH ST., AND GARFIELD AVE., PALMYRA, N. J.

HOWARD PARRY, C. E.

RIVERTON AND PALMYRA.

Surveyor, Conveyancer, Notary Public, Commissioner of Deeds.

Deeds, Mortgages, Wills and Legal Documents carefully drawn and executed. Loans negotiated upon most favorable terms. Rents collected, houses for sale and to rent. 6 per cent. mortgages for sale. Fire, life and Accident Insurance. Reliable companies and lowest rates

☞ Correspondence Solicited.

JOHN C. BELTON,

UNDERTAKER,

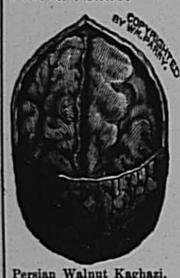
(Formerly with the late Samuel Jones),

MOORESTOWN, N. J.

Branch Offices { Riverside, Riverton, 520 Cinnaminson Ave., Palmyra.

Telephone No. 7. Eighteen years experience in Philadelphia.

I. N. R. PARRY. 300 Acres. 55 Years. WM. PARRY



Persian Walnut Kaghazi.

POMONA NURSERIES.

ESTABLISHED 1838.

A large and complete stock of

Fruit and Shade Trees, Evergreens and Ornamentals, Nut Bearing Trees

In great variety. Flowering shrubbery, climbing vines, hardy oranges, Eleagnus, Longipes, Buffalo Berries, Rock, Mountain Atleberries, and many other valuable novelties. Small Fruit Plants Grape Vines, Etc., Etc., Etc.

Illustrated Descriptive Catalogue Free.

Wm. PARRY, Parry, N. J.

When in Philadelphia, try a cup of the

Home Brand Plantation Java Coffee

of Messrs. Srtawbridge & Clothier's, where it is served free of charge. It is packed, ground, pulverised and whole bean, in one pound non-metalic-boxes and is for sale in Riverton and Palmyra, and by all the leading Philadelphia grocers. 38c a pound.

HENRY A. FRY & CO.,

ROASTERS AND PACKERS, 131 MARKET ST., PHILADELPHIA.

The above Coffee used and recommended by Mrs. S. T. Rorer, Phila.

For Sale by J. M. Roberts, Chas. Loyd and H. Read.

Subscribe for

.:THE WEEKLY NEWS:.

The After Time.

There cometh a time for laughter
And joy for the days and years;
But ever there cometh after,
A time and place for tears.
Weary of revel and riot,
Sick of the worldly strife,
Cometh the peace—the quiet—
That quicken the founts of life.

And the spirit is disenchanted
With joys that are bitter sweet,
And the soul which for rest had panted
Falls down at the Master's feet;
The world and its ways seem lonely
And love at the best seems loss—
Where help is there then but only
Kneeling to the crimson cross?

To cling to the cross that blossoms
With blood for the erring shed;
On the tenderest of tender bosoms
To pillow the weary head;
To feel the love that is glowing
From the heart that is quick to beat
With even the harsh nails going
In the beautiful scarred white feet.

O, bird by the storm winds driven,
Where never a sweet bird sings,
From the wind and the angry heaven
Fly homeward with weary wings!
And ye that are worn and weary—
Who faint by the way and fall,
Fly fast from the darkness dreary
To the Rock that was cleft for all!

Leading Hearts.

"A disappointment connected with something near your heart, and—let me see!"

She turned the cards up meditatively on the shining oak table and put her hands to her head in a pretty affection of wisdom.

"That means love," laying her finger on the five of hearts, "eternal love—the love of some woman. It looks like an old friend, and she runs in hearts, I think. Yes, she is quite light. Can you place her?"

"As far as the coloring goes," he laughed. "I know any number of light women—yourself, for instance."

"Oh, I'm not in it! My hair is too yellow. This one is more of the demi-blond; something like Miss Maitland—bronze hair and blue eyes."

"My dear girl," Miss Maitland isn't a blond at all. If you can't do better than that for me, I'll throw up the whole concern."

She smiled and ran off a few more cards, counting every third one in quite a professional manner.

"Well, if its not Miss Maitland," shaking her head, "you will have to filled in the name yourself. There is the ace of spades. That's bad luck and a death and—Oh, there's your wish! Have you made a wish?"

He shook his head. "You didn't tell me."

"Well, I tell you now. Make it right away, and a good one, too, for I believe it's going to come true."

"But," he protested, leaning forward and resting his arms on the table, "if I make such an important one I want a guarantee. Are you prepared to give it to me?"

"Don't be absurd, Jack; this is serious. Now, wish something good."

"Must I tell you what it is?"

"No," doubtfully. "You don't have to, but you can if you want to."

"Well—I will tell you if I get it. Now, mind, this is very important."

"Select three cards then. Does it concern a woman?"

"Yes."

"I might have known it." Is she light or dark?"

"That would be telling."

"Oh, you are too provoking!" petulantly picking up the cards it will serve you right if I said you didn't get you old wish at all."

"But you won't do that?"

"Be still. I will if you don't let go of my hands. See! You are making me drop all the cards."

"Nonsense! I'll help you pick them up. Just tell me if I get my wish."

"Well, I'll see. There's that ten of diamonds, and the deuce, and—ah, the ace of hearts! You will have it, sure, there is a little disappointment just at first. I see—dear me, Jack! What are you doing! Let go my hands."

"Not until you have given me a guarantee for my wish."

"What do you mean?"

"I mean—oh, well, you have known it all along. You are my wish. No, no, don't move. Come dear, be serious with me for once."

"But I don't want to be serious," she cried, trying to draw away from him. "You have spoiled all my fortune. Look! Here I see a gift coming.'

"What do I care for the cards or anything else in the world but you? Come, Nell! Give me an answer. You must have some feeling of kindness in your heart for me, your old friend."

"That's it," she whispered falteringly, for the first time letting her eyes meet his. "We are such friends. I have known you all my life—I—" rubbing her hand on the table nervously, "I am fonder of you than almost any one, but how can I tell it that is love? Jack, dear, can't we go on in the old way? I don't want to marry." Her fingers closed pleadingly. "Why should we spoil it all by getting married?"

He made a quick, impatient gesture.

"Oh, yes! I know it is different with men, but I would be content to live on just as we are for years. Why, see! We would never know what it was to tire of each other. We would not have all the romance brushed off our love by the monotonous initimacy of married life. We would have all of the delight with none of the despair. I don't know why marriage should be regarded as the height and pinnacle of earthly bliss. It seems to me is the one great institution that destroys love."

She gave a restless sigh and let her chin sink into the soft palms of her hands. The pink light from the lamp fell upon her yellow hair, where it lay in babyish rings on her forehead.

He stood looking at her a moment, his heart smothered with pain and longing and love. Then he leaned slowly forward and took both her hands from her face and held them in the firm clasp of his.

"Nell, dear," he said softly, "you talk this way because you don't know what love is. Why, do you suppose for a moment that a mere pleasant companion would satisfy a man who loved you? He would be only half a man to accept what you suggested. As for me, I cannot go on with our friendship. I will not take a crust when I ask for bread. You cannot help it, dear, and I must drop out of your life and live my own as best I may."

He dropped her hands, and, turning away, began to finger mechanically the little string that regulated the lamp until the flame began to flicker and finally went out.

"I beg your pardon. I have a match. I can light it again," he muttered easily.

She watched him in silence as he struck a light and with a steady hand once more sent a soft glow over the room.

Her eyes traveled to his face, with the light shining full upon it. It was strangely still. She felt a peculiar little fluttering sensation in her throat.

"Jack," she whispered faulteringly.

He turned in a sudden passion, and catching both her hands drew her near to him—so near that his white face was almost touching hers.

She did not move, but a deep flush crept over his tanned cheeks, and his arms tightened convulsively. The force of his clasp crushed and hurt her. His face came nearer. Their breaths mingled. Then, with a sharp exclamation, he loosened his hold—so quickly, so suddenly, that she almost fell backward.

"Forgive me," he muttered hoarsely. Don't speak to me. Good night. Say good night to your mother, too.'

He pulled aside the curtain with a rough hand and stepped into the hall. She could hear him getting on his coat. Her hands were still fingering the cards. From the force of habit she turned three up. Her eyes fell upon them as they lay under the lamplight.

A mistake—he was getting his cane now. A—the door was opening—a heartache. She felt the cool night wind on her neck and turned slightly. Then there was the sound of the closing the door echoing through the silent house—a mistake.

Her eyes clung to the cards. They seemed to mock her. She stretched her arms out blindly toward the door and tried to call his name, but her lips did not move.

Then in a frenzy of pain she scattered the cards on the table. Her eyes fell suddenly upon one. She snatched it recklessly from the pack, and rushing into the hall flung the door wide open.

"Jack!" Jack!" she panted.

He was half way down the steps, and as he paused and turned toward her, she impulsively threw the card at his feet. He stooped wonderingly, and raising it held it up to the light.

It was the five of hearts.

"Nell!" he cried, springing up the steps. His voice was hardly to be recognized.

A sudden flutter of nervousness swept over her, and with a throb of fear she slammed the door tight, but he knocked heavily against the panels.

"Nell, Nell, open!" What do you mean?"

The door did not move.

"Sweetheart!"

Then there was a little uncertain turning of the nob and a crack of light appeared. Crushing through it, he caught the slight, trembling form in his quivering arms.

"Nell, Nell, what do you mean?"

"I mean, her words falling spasmodically from her lips, "I mean that I want to give my—guarantee."—*Leigh Ford in Truth.*

TRUTH CRUSHED TO EARTH.

A worthy colored deacon, who had early impressed upon his only son and heir the moral of the George Washington cherry tree story, was fortunate enough to find a fat 'possum recently. He bore it in triumph to his dwelling, and, assisted by his son, cooked it to a juicy brown.

"Now," said he, "de bes' way ter eat a possum is col': so we'll jes' let him stay in de pantry, en when mawin' come he'll be mo' jucier den ever?"

His son seemed sadly disappointed, but he made the best of it and both retired for the night.

The old man was up early next morning, but the boy slept on.

On opening the closet the astonished parent discovered nothing but bones in the dish that had contained the 'possum. He brought the drowsy youngster to his feet with one vigorous jerk, and dragging him to the scene of the wreck, he said:

"What does dat mean, eh?"

The boy fell on his knees and said: "Daddy, I can't tell a lie; I got up in de night en eat it wid my little mouf!"

The old man said not a word, but dragging the boy to the front door, he held him by the collar while he jerked a piece of weatherboarding from the side of the house.

"Daddy," cried the boy, "is yer gwine ter lick me ter tellin' de truth?"

"No! You kinky-headed debbil, you!" thundered the old man. "I'se gwine ter flail de hide off ye fer eatni' de 'possum!"—*Atlantic Constitution.*

Subscribe for the NEWS.

SETTLED IT ON THE SPOT.

In one corner of a crowded fair in Boston a correspondent noticed a group of small boys who appeared to be immensely interested in the contents of a showcase. Under the glazed cover of the case were combs of honey and live bees at work. By and by one little fellow leaned over too far and broke a pane of glass with his elbow.

The accident alarmed the boys, though no one but the unobserved witness knew of it beside themselves. Pretending to be quite absorbed in other objects, the man watched them and overheard all they said.

"I'm going to find the superintendent and tell him," insisted the little offender.

"Oh, come on! He'll make you pay. It'll take more money than you've got.

Let's get out, and say nothing. You didn't mean to do it, and nobody'll know."

The culprit seemed to be in a minority of one, but he held to his resolution without flinching.

"I'm going to find him," he said, stoutly. "Will you wait for me?"

The gentleman who was noting the conduct of the boys expected a stampede as soon as the glass-breaker started on his errand; but one boy, more heroic than the rest, whispered, "Let's hold on."

A good many impatient minutes passed before the little fellow who broke the glass came back with the superintendent.

The man was kind-hearted, and when the awful question came, "What shall I have to pay?" he refused to charge anything for the damage.

"You're an honest lad, and we'll call it square. Only be more careful next time," he said.

The scared boys all had a grin on their faces now; and possibly the hero of the incident felt an inch taller because he knew he had done an honorable act. Certainly he had made his companions feel somewhat ashamed, and they were the better for it.

Was he an "average boy"—of Boston or of another American city? If we could be certain that each of the other little men in that group would have done as he did in the same case. It would help answer the question, and quite relieve the mind of an unpleasant uncertainty.

Every small boy who reads this shall have the benefit of the doubt; but remember that the courage of honor and truth is surer to become a habit if it is exercised early in life.—*Youth's Companion.*

TWO WOMEN IN THIS CASE.

There are two brothers in Detroit who now look the other way when they pass by. This is all the more to be noticed because two boys more affectionate toward each other never grew up together. It is not very long since there was a double wedding in which they participated as principal. They did not take the same wedding trip and did not see much of each not till each was settled under his own vine and fig tree.

"Prince," said Charley when they made their first visit as benedicts, "I congratulate you with all my heart. You have a charming little wife."

"That's right, old man. Same to you. I'm in great luck, getting the sweetest, prettiest, smartest woman in the world."

"I'll acknowledge that she's a good second in the race, Prince, a splendid second, but the superlatives you have used belong to my wife. She is a shade or two the best of any other woman on earth."

"All right. You keep right on thinking that way, but in figure, feature, mind and all the graces of her sex I married the nonpareil. I'm not trying to dispel any of your delusions, but facts are facts."

"You make me weary. I know a score of women that will compare very favorably with your wife, and I'll give you the whole human family in which to find one like mine."

"I don't care to find one like her. Fortunately for me I have the pick of the flock now. Some men have no sense anyhow, where there is a woman concerned."

Then the argument descended into the calling of names, the saying of much more than was meant and a final agreement that they were eternally done with each other. After awhile the wives will come out of the clouds and make it up.—*Detroit Free Press.*

A VIVID DESCRIPTION.—"Do tell me something about the play," she said to the young man. "They say the climax at the close of the third act was superb."

"Yes. I am inclined to think it was very good."

"Can't you describe it to me?"

"Why, the heroine came stealthily on the stage and knelt, dagger in hand behind a clump of pink ribbons. The hero emerged from a large bunch of purple flowers and as soon as she perceived him she fell upon him, stabbed him twice and sank half conscious into a very handsome aigrette. This may sound queer, but the lady in front of me didn't remove her hat, and that's how it looked."—*Washington Star.*

"Evidently," said the poet, picking up a volume of Shakespeare from the table, "you recognize genious, Mr. Fishcake." "Well," said the landlady, as she showed the prospective boarder her drawing room, "I gen'lly do, an' make 'em pay two weeks in advance. But sometimes I get fooled when they palms 'emselves off on me as they wish.

HOW MOLLIE SETTLED IT.

An amusing incident occured in a nursery on Jefferson avenue the other morning. Three children were playing with their games when the amusement became tiresome and their mamma, who sat near, suggested that they "play house."

Of course Fannie, the oldest child, was made "papa." Then Tunnie wanted to be the mamma, and this left little 3-year-old Mollie to be the child. This was settled, and the play started.

For a time all was satisfactory, but after a while Mollie became dissatisfied with being only the baby. Finally she looked up to her mother and said: "Thay, mamma, tan Dod do anything he wants to do?"

"Why yes, dear, God is the Ruler of the whole world."

"Do ev'rybody have to do dust as He wants 'em to?"

"Yes, pet."

"Is He the boss of ev'yfing?" she persisted.

"Why, yes, dear. Why do you ask?"

"Oh, nuffin, I dest wanter to know," and she turned to the other two children and said: "All right, Fannie—you tan be father. And you tan be mother, Tunnie—and I'll," with much emphasis, "I'll be Dod." And with that declaration of independence from 3-year-old Mollie the playing house was ended for that day.—*Detroit Free Press.*

INNOCENT LOOKING.

A young man leaned up against the counter of a branch telegraph office where two pretty young ladies are employed as telegraphers, says an exchange. He had been chatting with them for about an hour, but had forgotten to say that at one period of his life he himself had been an operator. During a lull in the conversation one of the young ladies "opened" her key and said to the other.

"What do you think of his nibs at the counter?"

"Don't think much of him," was the reply.

"Why."

"Oh, he makes me tired—he talks like a parrot."

The young man broke in at this juncture and said:

"Ladies, I thank you for the compliments you have bestowed upon me, and as you are tired of my company, I'll sneak."

The numerous colors of the rainbow would not be sufficient to describe the changes that took place in the young ladies' faces. There is a moral attached to this tale and young ladies in branch offices and elsewhere would do well to take heed.

FOR YOUNG MARRIED PEOPLE TO TRY.

Try to be satisfied to commence on a small scale.

Try to avoid the too common mistake of making an unwise effort to "begin where the parents ended."

Try not to look at richer homes and covet their costly furniture.

Try going a step further and visit the homes of the suffering poor when secret dissafaction is liable to spring up.

Try buying all that is necessary to work with skillfully, while adorning the house at first with simply what will render it comfortable.

Try being perfectly independent from the first and shun debt in all its forms.

Try to cultivate the moral courage that will resist the arrogance of fashion.

Try to co operate cheerfully in arranging the family expenses and share equally in any necessary self denials and economies.

Try to be cheerful in the family circle, no matter how annoying may be the business cares and the housekeeping trials.

Try to remember that it matters but little what people think provided you are true to yourselves, to right and duty, and keep your expense within your means.

PLAYED A MEAN TRICK.—At a Sunday school service the other afternoon a Godly man, who has but one small boy under his roof tree, was addressing the scholars on the necessity of family worship. His own precious urchin, Jimmy, occupied a conspicious position on a front seat. Closing his remarks, the preacher said:

"Now, I have talked to you of family prayers, and I would like to know just how many families represented here have family prayers. I will begin with this little class right here in front, where you can all see them. Will all the little boys in this class whose fathers lead in daily prayer at home please stand up?"

All the little boys in the class save one arose. Jimmy, the preacher's little boy, sat still.—*Indianapolis Journal.*

Every duty, even the least duty, involves the whole principle of obedience. And little duties make the will dutiful; that is supple and prompt to obey. Little obediences lead into great. The daily round of duty is full probation and discipline; it trains the will, heart and conscience. We need not be prophets or apostles. The commonest life may be full of perfection The duties of home are a discipline for the ministry of heaven.

VARIETIES.

Sin is not a splash of mud upon man's exterior, it is a filth generated within himself.

Woman's love begins by denying all that is asked for, and ends by offering more than is asked for.

Boarding School Teacher—"And now, Edith, tell me the plural of baby." Edith (promptly)—"Twins."

Mother—"Arthur, this hurts more than it does you." Arth "Yes, mamma; but not in the place."

He—"What's the matter, She—"I'm speechless with anger," and then she talked a blue streak for fifteen minutes.

"What makes you so sure that your husband loves you as much as ever?" "Because I never feel called upon to ask him."

Mr. Golightly—"Well, Miss Emma, how is your younger sister?" Miss Modest—"Oh, thanks, she is going to be pretty, too."

Mrs. Wellmeant—"Poor fellow! Have you no friends?" Begger (sobbingly)—"No leddy; I hain't got nuthin' but relatives."

"Strange that these old clocks are always called 'grandfather clocks,'" "Yes, and I'll wager a cooky that the grandmothes had to wind them."

She (sentimentally)—"Just to think! Somewhere in the world is the man I am going to marry." He—"Yes, and think how unhappy he would be if he knew it."

"Queer title, 'Autocrat of the Breakfast Table,'" "It is, indeed." "Do you suppose Dr. Holmes really did have a cook who got up in time for breakfast?"

Not Work.—"Are all these tens of thousands of men you talk about looking for work, Wisely?" "Not by a long shot. They're after political appointments."

"Come, Julia, let's go and have a friendship oyster stew together." "Friendship oyster stew! What's that?" Why, you pay for mine, and I'll pay for yours."

"Tell me," said a lady to an old soldier, "when you were in the army were you cool in time of danger?" "Cool?" answered the truthful veteran. "I fairly shivered."

The law is a sort of hocus pocus science, that smiles in yer face while it picks yer pockets, and the glorious uncertainty of it is of mair use to the professors than the justice of it.

"You sold your poem?" O, you darling! And am I to get the diamond necklace you promised me?" "Well—er—not just now, dear. I spent the money for this box of paper collars."

A man well up in dog lore councils advices purchasers of a puppy to let the mother choose for them. In carrying them back to their bed the first the mother picks up will always be the best.

Flaherty—"I want a harp av flowers, an' put on it 'He rests in pieces.'" Florest—"Ah! You mean 'He rests in peace.'" Flaherty—"I mane what I sed, jest. 'Tis for Casey, that wor blowed up in th' quarry."

He—"What! you father refuses to give his consent?" She—"Absolutely." "Then we must elope." "Ah! let us fly away on the wings of love." "Yes, dearest; I will see if I can work a railroad pass to-morrow."

He was watching his neighbor's troublesome boy climb a tree, and he had a look of painful anxiety on his countenance. "Are you afraid the lad will fall?" was asked him. "No" he replied, "I'm afraid he won't."

The reason why women are always so interested in a bride is because the married ones are wondering whether she know as much as they do, and the unmarried ones are wondering whether they know as much as she does.

A Consistent Audience.—First Thespian: "So you brought out your new tragedy during Lent. I suppose the audience gave you a reception meet for the occasion?" Second Thespian:—"No, being Lent, they gave me eggs."

What did Noah live on when the flood subsided and his provisions in the ark were exhausted? asked a Sunday-school teacher of her class. "I know," squeaked a little girl, after the others had given up. "Well, what?" said the teacher. "Dry land."

"Johnny, dear," said his mother, who was trying to inculate a lesson in industry, "what do you suppose mamma would do for you if you should come to her some day and tell her that you loved your studies?" "Lick me for telling a falsehood," said dear little Johnny, with the sweet frankness of youth.

Robert—"But why are you so certain that you will live happily with Miss Browne? You have not been much in her company, notwithstanding your engagement to her." Richard—"No; I've been more sensibly employed. I have been studying the temperament and peculiarities of her mother."

One evening a man was performing the old trick of producing eggs from a pocket handkerchief, when he remarked to a little boy in fun: "Say, my boy, your mother can't get eggs without hens can she?" "Of cause she can," replied the boy. "Why, how is that?" asked the conjurer. "She keeps ducks!" replied the boy, amid roars of laughter.

THE WEEKLY NEWS
—AND—
SOUTH JERSEY ADVERTISER,
C. F. SLEEPER,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.
DR. J. J. SLEEPER, Associate Editor.

Terms—$1 PER YEAR IN ADVANCE

JOB WORK of all kinds promptly executed as cheaply and as neatly as any office in the County.

We solicit items of interest from all quarters of the State. Correspondents will please sign their names in full to all communications, not for publication but as a guarantee of correctness. Anonymous communications are not wanted.

Advertisers will find the News a valuable advertising medium. None but clean, respectable advertisements inserted.

A mark against this paragraph indicates that this is a sample copy of the paper, sent to you for your inspection free of charge, and that we should be glad to have you become a subscriber.

Orders by mail promptly attended to.

Address all communications to
NEWS AND ADVERTISER,
Palmyra, N. J.

RESIDENCE.—Corner Fourth and Garfield avenue, Palmyra, N. J.

Entered at the Palmyra Post Office as second class matter.

SATURDAY, JUNE 26, 1897.

FOOD FOR THOUGHT.

"He that ruleth his spirit is better than he that taketh a city." Proverbs 16: 32.

The L. A. W. claim that bicycle has a *right* to ride on the sidewalks where the roads are too rough is all right so, other vehicles have the same right. That is certainly a new idea which perhaps originated in the fertile brain of a new woman.

The next thing we may hear of will be a claim of the L. A. W. for punctures repairs, broken limbs, etc., because the roads contain glass and obstructions.

Then the hill will have to be cut down or damages paid each rider for energy wasted in climbing them. And all this free of taxation!

Freeholder Joel Horner, at the solicitation of many friends from all parts of the county, has consented to be a candidate for Assemblyman at the fall election. Mr. Horner has shown his ability as Director of the Board of Freeholders, recieving the unanimous vote of the Republican caucus at his second election, and would fill the position with honor to the county, as well as safeguard its interests.

This section of the county has not had an important office in a great many years and it is but fair that we should be recognized, considering our population and taxable property.

Mr. Horner represents no faction and will have the unanimous support of his party in Palmyra, which he has so ably represented.

RIVERTON.

Sweet peas are the popular flowers now.

Sun-burned faces are growing common.

Read Alfred Smith's new adv. in this issue.

Theodore Haas is spending several weeks at Moorestown.

Harry G. Clark spent Sunday at his home, on Thomas avenue.

A bicycle rider has an interesting communication in this issue.

Miss Atherton, of Germantown, is the guest of the Misses Frishmuth.

Mrs. Adams, of New York, is visiting Mrs. A. F. Kelly, of Bank avenue.

Mrs. Henry A. Dreer and her son, William F., called on friends here on Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Clayton Conrow will spend the Summer travelling in California.

Miss Emily Bertram is entertaining Miss Hallock and Miss Ridge, of Delanco.

Miss Marie Wadsworth, of Washington, D. C., is a guests of Mrs. Edward B. Showell.

Charley Stonaker returned, on Tuesday, from a few days' trip in the northern part of the State.

Mayor Stoughton's yacht won the Mosquito boat race last Saturday, Mr. Solomon handled the tiller.

If the sportsmen will show their skill in shooting the sparrows the town would be rid of a nuisance.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Flanagan entertained their neice, Miss Calahan, during the fore part of the week.

Theodore Haas' double houses, on Lippincott avenue have been improved by painters Perkins and Plumly.

Mrs. James Hemphill has been at Sea Isle City this week, arranging to go there next week for the Summer.

Charles W. Davis, the local Consul of the League of American Wheelmen, has a request to all bicycle riders in this issue.

Mrs. Edward Showell entertained the Porch club in a royal style on her lawn, on the Delaware, on Wednesday afternoon.

Richman Brothers were here with their piling driver on Thursday strengthing the wharf by driving several pilings.

The yacht "Nautilus" arrived on Monday evening amid a blaze of fire works. She was cordially received by various salutes.

Word has been received that Mrs. John C. S. Davis and party were present in London this week at the Jubilee Festivities.

Corn grew at a surprising rate during the one or two warm days the past week. The continued cool weather had kept it back considerably.

Charles A. Wright's little daughter, Marie, has the scarlet fever and is quarantined in an upper room of his residence with a professional nurse.

The sportsmen at the Gun Club should be more careful where they shoot. Last Saturday afternoon a lady who was out sailing on the river nearly had her eye put out by shot.

Miss B. S. Springer, of Thomas avenue, is spending a few weeks at Bethlehem, where she attended the commencement of her Alma Mater, the Moravian Seminary and Honesdale, Pa.

The Yacht club has issued a beautiful copy of their "Burgee" in colors with the notice of the Regatta to be held on Monday, July 5th. The Committee are Messrs. C. W. Davies, J. M. Muckle and Harvey Mitchell.

United States Marshal Alcott seized 7,000 glass eyes at Jersey City on Friday, on which there is a duty of 40 per cent, which the importer was trying to avoid. Such an array of artificial eyes was probally never before seen in this State.

Miss E. S. Bell, of the Lawn House, rendered to her guests and their friends a very pleasant dance on Saturday evening, with Cook & Buehler's orchestra. Among the guests present and participating were Miss Nettie Campbell, Miss Margaret James, Miss A. Biddle, Mr. and Mrs. F. Taylor Pusey, Miss Adele Schlichter, Miss Kate Reese, Miss Frazer, Mr. Coffin, Mr. Fitler, Mr. Solomon, Mr. Wright, Mr. C. Patterson and Mr. Alburger.

Mrs. E. B. Showell gave a very handsome lawn party at her elegant new residence on the Bank on Wednesday to the Ladies' Porch Club and some hundred others. Among whom were: Mrs. Charles G. Garrison, Mrs. W. F. Rose, Mrs. Thomas Roberts, Mrs. Walter McIntire, Mrs. E. H. Ogden, Mrs. Grice, Miss Helen Lippincott, Miss Wadsworth, Miss Mary Myers, Mrs. E. H. Fitler, Jr., Miss H. V. Wriggin, Mrs. Albert Hand and Mrs. Lawrence Lippincott. A number of bright essays and addresses, etc., were made.

TO EVERY BICYCLE RIDER IN RIVERTON.

It is earnestly requested by the League of American Wheelmen that every bicycle rider in Riverton keep off the sidewalks on Main Street and on Broad Street; also not to ride through the streets of Riverton faster than about six miles per hour, also to observe the general rule of carrying a lamp after dark.

It is very important that these precaution should be taken, as the carelessness of some rider may be the means of keeping all the riders off of all the sidewalks in our Borough.

The L. A. W. is using every means to secure good roads throughout the country. Any accidents or fast riding is detrimental to their interest.

We would also suggest to all unattached riders that they join the League at once, as their assistance will doubtless be profitable to the League in securing good roads and the legislation which is necessary.

CHARLES W. DAVIES,
Local Consul L. A. W.
June 23rd 1897.

THE LAWSUIT ON FRIDAY LAST.

Roberts' Hall is becoming quite prominent as a court, this being the third suit tried there. The suit tried there on Friday last was between Deland & Gilbert, soap manufacturers, of Connecticut, and Oscar Wells, a store keeper, of Burlington, for the payment of four boxes of soap, sent by the plaintiff to the defendant. The soap firm claimed that they shipped to Wells, several months ago, five boxes of soap sold under a contract which was signed by both parties. The soap firm agreeing to furnish the soap and send a man to build a suspension bridge with one box, as is seen in several store windows, in return for which Wells was to pay them a certain price. The soap arrived and also the man, at about the same time, and before Wells could examine the soap, one box was opened and the bridge built. An examination revealed the fact, so Wells alleged, that the cakes of soap were smaller than the sample, he therefore returned the other four boxes which were accepted by the manufacturers, but when the bill came due they demanded pay for the full manifest and upon Wells' refusal to do so, suit was brought against him, and for the reason that Wells was well known and also the transaction in Burlington, the case was tried down here before Squire Maires. Strange to say the jury returned a verdict in favor of the plaintiff. J. G. C.

DELAIR.

Mrs. Norris Harmum is somewhat better.

Jos. Knight, Jr. spent Saturday last in New York.

J. R. Whicraft is becoming an expect fisherman on our river front.

The Brotherhood of the Union will meet in the Hall hereafter on Tuesday evenings.

The picnic at the Mohickon club house on Wednesday last was the social event of the season.

Miss Mary Rudderow, of Camden, spent several days this week with her friend Mrs. R. S. Ridgway.

A large delegation of Delairians attended the anniversary exercises at the Colestown church last Sunday.

E. Everett Hatch has passed the examination entitling him to a course at the University of Pennsylvania.

Dog catchers are around. A policeman and our streets being put in good condition shows that our representatives are looking to our interest.

The Ladies' Auxillary of the Episcopal church will hold their annual lawn party at Mr. Roy Nichols' residence on Saturday evening next.

Point Pleasant, N. J., May 17, 1897. The great popularity of Hood's Sarsaparilla wherever it is fairly tried is well-known. James Havens of this place writes as follows: "I cheerfully recommend Hood's Sarsaparilla as an excellent blood purifier and tonic. I have taken it when needed for several years and it always makes me feel stronger."

Hood's Pills are the favorite family cathartic. Easy to take, gentle, mild, 25c.

"Only nervous" is a sure indication that the blood is not pure. Hood's Sarsaparilla purifies the bloodand cures nervousness.

RIVERTON, N. J., June 22.

EDITOR NEWS,

Dear Sir:—The report that the Borough Solicitor has in preparation an ordinance, the intent of which, is to exclude bicycles from all the sidewalks of Riverton, has created a great deal of discussion among bicycle riders who reside in the Borough. Riders do not maintain that the sidewalk is the proper place for their wheels, but they argue justly so, too, that if they are not allowed to ride on the walks, the roads should be put in condition so that they can ride there, and if the proposed ordinance be passed, a most strenuous effort will be made to that end. To expect a rider to push his wheel a quarter to a half a mile to get to a good road, is unreasonable. If owners of horses and carriages have road facilities which enable them to get anywhere in the town, owners of bicycles have a right to expect facilities that will enable them to do the same thing, and as the latter are numerically stronger than the former, they will insist on and surely obtain their rights in this respect.

Should the proposed ordinance be passed, a bicycle rider could not get to the Gun Club or to Riverside unless he pushed his wheel from Main street to the creek; employers of labor in the town could not use their bicycles to get around to the various places at which their help is at work, while many of the laborers who use their wheels to carry them to and from the places at which they are employed, would be obliged to walk.

An ordinance so manifestly unjust to bicycle riders—who comprise probably a majority of the Borough—should not be passed unless the riders are given good streets or bicycle paths upon which they can use their wheels. The fact that a few hare-brained riders insist on abusing the side walks of Main and Broad streets—where the roads could scarcely be better—is no argument in favor of putting the large majority of rational bicyclists to the inconvenience which the proposed ordinance would entail. Pedestrians certainly have rights which must be respected by riders, but the latter also have rights which the authorities ought not to overlook.

Accidents are not likely to happen if the bicycle is moving at a moderate rate of speed, as the wheel is then under the complete control of the rider. "Scorching," whether on the sidewalks or in the streets, is dangerous, and as children are likely to be playing in the streets and pedestrians are obliged to cross them, an ordinance to prevent reckless riding should be at once passed.

Very respectfully,
"A RIDER."

COURT.

On Monday John Cannery convicted of having stolen goods in his possession, was fined $200.

The court then received the pleas of the prisoners who have been committed to jail since the grand jury sat.

John Robinson pleaded guilty to a charge of assault and battery on Samuel S. Potts, of Springfield township. Robinson worked for Potts and had a dispute over some wages. With the idea of scaring his employer into payment, Robinson struck the former two or three blows. Judge Gaskill gave Robinson 30 days in the county jail.

Charles Hoffman pleaded guilty to stealing a watch and a pair of pantaloons, all valued at $11.50, from Sam R. Savage, of Delran. Hoffman had been working for Savage three days, During this time he drank freely of wine which his employer manufactured and sold at 25 cents a quart. Becoming partially intoxicated Hoffman wanted more wine, so he climbed into an open window, and instead of securing the drink, he found the other articles.

Judge Gaskill imposed a sentence of six months in state prison, and at the same time directed the prosecutor to inquire into the custom which is said to prevail to a great extent in many localities, of persons selling home-made wine, which in the opinion of the Court, is clearly illegal.

George Speer pleaded guilty to stealing $25 from his employer, Mr. Vaugh at Palmyra. Speer said he had never been before a court before. When he committed the theft he had been drinking. He was a collector for Vaugh and retained various sums of money at different times, fully expecting to return it, and had tried to do so. He had himself told Mr. Vaugh of the retention of the money. Sentence was defered until July 3, that further inquiry may be made about the young man's character.

Court then adjourned.

SPORTS.

The McFarland race track near Burlington was the scene of several good races on Saturday, most of the entries were from Burlington and the order in which they finished follows:

3.30 CLASS.

John Vanatta, Mabel V., b. m.,	1	2	1
A. J. Keeley, Black Bess, b. m.,	2	1	2
W. A. Lantell, George K., b. g.,	3	3	3

2.50 CLASS.

William Zelley, Flo, br. m.,	3	1	1
Ellwood Stokes, Minnie, b. m.,	1	3	2
Harry Headly, Winnie F., b. m.,	2	0	0
Sam Gilbert, Lillie Gould, b. m.,	4	2	3

2.30 CLASS.

H. B. Sharp, Helen M., b. m.,		1	1
Fletcher Beatly, Minnie B., b. m.,		2	2
W. Sherman, Noph, s. g.,		4	3
T. McFarland, Florence Boy, g. g.,		3	4
L. Acker, Intricate, b. g.,		5	5

FREE-FOR-ALL.

A. W. Lofland, Addie Mc., b. m.,	1	2	2
E. Downing, Lassie Linwood, b. m.,	2	1	1

BEVERLY SPECIAL.

E. Russ, Lillie McGregor, b. m.,			1
L. Vansciver, Roanoke, b. g.,			2
Wm. Frazer, Billie, b. g.,			3

Once Tried, Always Used.

If we sell one bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remidy, we seldom fail to sell the same person more, when it is again needed. Indeed, it has become the family medicine of this town, for coughs and colds, and we recommend it because of its established merits——Jos. E. Harned, Prop. Oakland Pharmacy, Oakland, Md. Sold by G. T. Williams Druggist.

The average small boy will be interested to know that a new firecracker, of American manufacture, has just been placed on the market, and that it is warranted to make more noise than the Chinese variety. There is compensation, however, in the assurance that the cracker is less dangerous, having no spark, the explosive force consisting of chloride of potash and compressed air.

(From our regular correspondent.)

WASHINGTON LETTER.

June 21st, 1897.

Secretary Sherman, in order to justify his own turn around towards annexation, made a diplomatic break and gave away a state secret. He said that under ordinary circumstances he was opposed to annexation, but that when he learned that a scheme was on foot to put Hawaii in possession of Japan, he favored annexation. Thereby hangs the whole story of the hurrying up of the treaty for the annexation of Hawaii, which President McKinley sent to the Senate last week. It would have come in time anyway, but the administration recently learned of a plot on the part of Japanese on the island and the friends of the ex-Queen, who is in Washington, and who made an opera bouffe protest against the ratification of the treaty, to overthrow the present government of Hawaii and set up one of their own, with the ultimate design of turning the island over to Japan, and that caused the treaty to go to the Senate much earlier than it would otherwise have gone. The Japanese government has all along denied it had any grabbing intention toward Hawaii, and its denial may have been perfectly honest and it may have been entirely ignorant of the plot to overturn the Hawaiian Government. As the information concerning that plot was not mentioned in the President's message accompanying the treaty, diplomats regard it as a bad break on the part of Secretary Sherman to have publicly mentioned it, and the Japanese minister regards his having done so as almost an insult to his country and is consequently somewhat disgruntled. There isn't opposition enough to the treaty in the Senate to prevent its ratification, but there is enough to make the debate quite lengthy, so it is intended to allow it to go over to the regular session.

No stronger plea for some action on the part of this government that will restore peace to Cuba has been put forth than is contained in an official report prepared by the Agricultural Department, showing our trade with Cuba for a period of years. For the fiscal year 1893 our commerce with Cuba amounted to $102,864,204; for the fiscal year 1896 it had dropped to $47,548,610, and estimates for the fiscal year 1897 place it at less than $20,000,000.

The adminstration is moving very leisurely towards the inauguration of its Cuban policy. General Woodford, of New York, has been nominated Minister to Spain, and the official statement made that Ex-Congressman Aldrich, of Illinois, will shortly be nominated Consul-General to Cuba. But there is little probability that either of them will be at their post inside of a month, and the new policy is not to be started until General Woodford gets to Madrid. Report says the policy will be to request Spain to withdraw its troops and allow Cuba to have home rule under a system similar to that in vogue in Canada, and that Spain is willing, provided that this government can persuade the rebellious Cubans to accept and to agree to assume the debt of Cuba.

Senator Morgan called attention to the failure of the tariff bill to provide for the repeal of the income tax, imposed by the Wilson tariff bill and declared to be unconstitutional by the Supreme court. He said he was glad that the bill did not provide for its repeal, because if it was left upon the statute book, a change in the court might cause it to be sustained.

Quite a number of the Senators who helped to knock out the Pettigrew anti-trust amendment to the tariff bill, have offered amendments of their own, especially aimed at the sugar trust, with which they appear to have a dread of being considered friendly. One of these, offered by Senator Pettus, prohibits the importation of raw sugar by the sugar trust, and another, offered by Senator Nelson, provides that any attempt to monopolize the trade in raw or refined sugar among the states or with other nations shall be punishable, upon conviction, by a fine of not less than $500, nor more than $10,000, or by imprisonment at hard labor not less than six months nor more than two years, or by both said punishment in the discretion of the Court. This amendment is very carefully drawn and goes into particulars as to how indictments are to be drawn, and what shall be accepted as evidence of the existence of a trust. Notwithstanding all this activity on the part of individual Senators, there is no probability that the tariff bill as it finally passes and goes to the President will contain any anti-trust amendments.

MEDICAL SOCIETY MEETING.

The quarterly meeting of the Burlington County Medical Society was held at Coles' Hotel, Moorestown, Tuesday, and was one of the largest attended ever held by the Society.

Among those present were Drs. A. W. Taylor, Beverly, Enoch Hollingshead and I. W. Hollingshead, Pemberton, J. E. Dubell, Columbus, Wm. H. Shipps and B. W. McFarland, Bordentown, W. Martin, Bristol, Pa., W. L. Martin, Rancocas, Wm. C. Parry, Hainesport, J. Reeves, Medford, Emma G. Week and J. H. Small, Riverside, Alex. Marcy, Riverton, J. D. Janney and Francis Janney, Cinnaminson, W. P. Melcher and R. H. Parsons, Mount Holly, F. Gauntt and F. Allen Gaunt, Burlington, N. N. Stokes, Jos. Stokes, F. G. Stroud and A. E. Conrow, Moorestown.

Dr. John J. Flynn, of Mount Holly, was elected a member and introduced to the Society.

An interesting paper was read by I. W. Hollingshead on "Shocks," and another by B. W. McFarland, on "Eclampsia." After a general discussion on these subjects a lecture was given to the Society by Prof. Barton C. Hirst on "Extra Uterine Pregnancy."

One of the most enjoyable features of the meeting was the dinner served by Mine Host Coles, which won the plaudits of all those who participated.

The next meeting will be held at Burlington on the 14th of September.

How's This!

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & Co.,
Props., Toledo, O.

We the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligation made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggist, Toledo, O.
WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces, of the system. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.

Monday last was the longest day in the year.

WANAMAKER'S.

PHILADELPHIA, Monday, June 21, 1897.

Continent Bicycles, $33

It was the 26th of last August when the Continent Bicycle was first given to Philadelphia. It is a $75 wheel under its maker's name-plate—was being sold at that price in other cities within the past few days, and presumably is being so sold today. We have sold the Continents at $37.50—sold more than three thousand during the few months they have been here. Now we change the price to $33.

Work is progressing on the 1898 model—we are willing to take a less price for the few hundreds we have on hand.

Continent Bicycles for men and women. Strictly high-grade materials used in their construction—

Cold drawn seamless tubing, 1⅛ in.; frames, for men, 22, 24 and 26 in.; for women, 20 and 22 in. Cones and cups turned from tool steel, highly polished; dust-proof bearings; rat-trap pedals, Beck hygienic saddle; forged steel sprocket wheels, milled to fit chain; front and rear detachable. Handle-bar adjustable—wood or steel. Indianapolis chain; Plymouth rims.

The 1898 Continentals at $50 are capturing the town. All sizes for men and women are ready now.

Housekeeping Linens

OF one sort of towel we have sold four thousand dozens during the special distribution of linens that has been going on these few weeks past.

Stocks were very great and had been bought very cheap. We preferred larger selling under the stimulus of these little prices than to hold the linens for the rise in prices that must surely come. In fact, we cannot in many cases replace the goods we sell at equally low prices. Yet so cheap did the linens come to us—when days were darkest—that we are paid for the storekeeping even at present prices.

But lots are quickly exhausted. Come quickly if you'd get your full share.

TABLE LINENS—

30c a yard—Good wearing table linen. 54 in wide.

40c a yard—Extra heavy cream Damask from Scotland. 60 in. wide.

50c a yard—Fine, good looking cream Damask, from Ireland. 69 in. wide.

58c a yard—Splendid quality bleached Irish Damask that is simply unapproached at the price. Many patterns. 68 in. wide.

75c a yard—Heavy firm bleached Scotch Damask; 68 in. wide; five good patterns.

NAPKINS—

65c a doz.—Bleached German Damask Napkins, 12 in. square; ready hemmed. Specially adapted for cafe and restaurant use.

$1 a doz.—Very serviceable well-made Napkins, 22 in. square.

$1.25 a doz.—Snow-white Scotch Damask Napkins, 20 in. square.

$1.40 a doz.—The Old-fashioned German Drill Napkins, grass bleached; 22 in. square.

TOWELS—

$1 a doz.—Plain white, soft all-white Towels for barbers' use. 14x24 in. Hemmed.

12½c each—Bleached Double-Huck Towels, ready hemmed and washed. Scotch production.

15c each—German Damask Towels with pretty borders and knotted fringe. 19x43 in.

20c each—All-white Irish Huck Towels, hemmed or with knotted fringe. 23x44 in.

25c each—Very fine large plain white Huck Towels from Germany—Damask borders—22x42 in.

TOWELING—

5c a yard—Bleached Scotch Crash Toweling, 15 in wide. Of course, pure linen.

8c a yard—Substantial Toweling with red border; 17 in. wide.

12½c a yard—Extra Heavy Double-Huck Toweling, all white or bordered; 18 in. wide.

John Wanamaker

WHAT DO YOU NEED?

Diamonds,
Watches,
Clocks,
Jewelry,
Silver
Novelties.

RIGGS & BROTHER.
ESTABLISHED 1818.
310 Market St;
221 Walnut St, *Philadelphia.*

Our years of experience in the repairs of Watches and Clocks enable us to solicit work requiring judgment and ability. 1-16ly.

WANTED SALESMEN Pushing, trustworthy men to represent us in the sale of our Choice Nursery Stock. Specialties controlled by us. Highest Salary or Commission paid weekly. Steady employment the year round. Outfit free; exclusive territory; experience not necessary; big pay assured workers; special inducements to beginners. Write at once for particulars to

Allen Nursery Co.,
ROCHESTER, N. Y.

FOR SALE
Large tract of good garden land in South Eastern Florida. Agents Wanted to sell options. Apply quick.
FLORIDA GARDEN LAND CO,
ROCHESTER, N. Y.

Wanted—An Idea Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas; they may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their $1,800 prize offer and new list of one thousand inventions wanted.

HOOD'S PILLS cure Liver Ills, Biliousness, Indigestion, Headache. Easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.

REFORM COLUMN.

Iowa's Rum-Manufacturing Bill.

Its Passage and the Signing by Governor Drake have Stirred Temperance Public Sentiment in that State Nearly up to the point of a Revolt Against Ginmill Politics.

A SPLENDID CHANCE FOR PROBITION REPUBLICANS TO SHOW WHETHER THEW LOVE PRINCIPLE BETTER THAN PARTY.

DEBT AND DEMORALIZATION HAVE FOLLOWED HANDING SECTIONS OF OF THE STATE OVER TO THE SALOONS.

(Special to the VOICE.)

The action of the Iowa legislature in passing the manufacturing bill is provoking the maledictions of lawful men all over the state. On April 4, 1894, the infamous "mulch law" went into effect. Every vote in its favor was a Republican vote. It was signed by a Republican governor. The law did not repeal the prohibitory statute, but it authorized outlaws to violate it by selling liquor, if they could get the consent of their neighbors and pay a satisfactory blackmail. Since the passage of that law, crime has run riot over Iowa. The population of the two state penitentiaries swelled so rapidly that the authorities were forced to take steps to build additions to the cell-houses.

In Des Moines, 70 saloons sprang into existence almost in a day. The number of ill fame were at once quadrupled. The annual arrests for drunkenness have boomed tremendously, and are now running about three times what they were when the prohibitory law was enforced by Gov. William Larrabee. Rents of business property have fallen. A few months ago the city bonds of Des Moines dropt below par for the first time in ten years.

The state authorities have been compelled to advance the tax rate. At this writing, there are nearly $2,000,000 of dishonored Iowa state warrents being hawkt about the country clamoring for payment. *Every solitary dollar of this enormous indepteduess has accumulated since the Republican legislature abandoned Prohibition and passed the mulct blackmailing law.*

The Republican legislature, recently adjouned, passed a law completing the overthrow of Prohibition by permitting the "manufacture" as well as the sale of liquor in Iowa.

Now the results of this added infamy are coming in. In its issue of May 20, *The American Brewers' Review* had the following items of liquor activity in Iowa:

"The former John P. Dostal brewery at Iowa City, which was closed in 1882 as the result of the Prohibition law, is about to be reopened. At the time it was closed its capacity was about 12,000 barrels. The owner is also contemplating the erection of a malt-house.—The brewery of William Aullman, at Des Moines, will be put in operation at the earliest opportunity.—A new brewery, to cost $150,000, will be erected in place of the old Geise brewery at Council Bluffs. As far as possible the old buildings and implements will be utilized.—Marco Chiesa, owner of a number of saloons at Des Moines, organized a stock company with $75,000 capital and intends to start a brewery.—Paul Mattes, who had a brewery at Des Moines before the prohibition period, intends to put up a new brewery at an expense of $50,000. John Weber, of Sevastopal, also intends to refit his old brewery.—Two breweries are contemplated at Sioux City. One company is headed by Otto and Charles Selzer, the other by O. C. Tredway and John Arensdorf.—In LeMars, Iowa, there is some talk of erecting a brewery."

Whether the "temperance Republicans" of Iowa will swallow this fearful mess of crow is being debated. The "mulct-law" crow was garnisht with the statement, that it was a "temperance" measure, but this crow is not fricassed. It is raw crow. Letters to The Voice from the state indicate that the respectable element of Republicans are not glad of the prospect.

Henry Avery, of Montour, thus expresses his views:

"The passage of the manufacturing bill has brought the standard of the Republican Party one notch lower. It has immensely strengthened the liquor power by making the manufacture legal and by giving it a foothold on real estate, which will make it so much harder to dislodge.

"Some of the temperance Republicas will bolt, but the majority are now busy assuring themselves that things are no worse than they were before. The outlook is not encouraging when half of the ministers and three fourths of the laity will uphold the party, no matter what it does."

Dr. A. J. Eychauer, of Gladbrook, writes:

"What are the temperance Republicans going to do about it? They are going to kick a little—just enough to make their usual show of resistance—then go back and vote with the old party which 'has done so much for temperance,' you know!"

Rev. W. L. Ferris, pastor of the Congregational church, Cherokee, Iowa, takes a more hopeful view of the situation. He writes:

"While I have been disgusted with the attitude of so-called 'temperance men' hitherto, it is safe to say that the signs of disintegration were never more market than just now. There will be more ballots cast for the straight Prohibition ticket than ever before. The lines are drawn. Men must stand up and be counted now. The fire is going to try every man's work, of what sort it is. My estimate is, 30,000 for Prohibition this fall."

A one-page advertisement in an issue of the Century magizine costs $500; in Harper's $409 down to $100. A column in the New York Herald for a year cost $40 300. This is a pointer for some of our local advertisers who pay $2 and $3 for an ad. and think they are doing an extensive and liberal amount of advertising.

NEW ICE CREAM PARLOR,
MAIN STREET, near the STATION.
Only the Best Cream and popular flavors. A fine line of
FANCY - CAKES - AND - CONFECTIONERY.
ORDERS DELIVERED.
R. K. Zisak,
RIVERTON, NEW JERSEY.

PHILADELPHIA PRICES.

DRESSMAKING SUPPLIES
Negligee Shirts, 25c, 45c, 75c and $1.00.
Working Shirts that will stand hard wear, and will not show the dirt—Cheap and Extra Quality.
Neckwear from 5c to 25 cents.
White Duck Tam O'Shantas, 15 cents.
Infant's Caps, 25 cents.
Ladies Collars, etc., etc. A full line of Hosiery and Underwear.

ALFRED SMITH, Broad St. opposite R. R. Station, Riverton.

The Pathlight '97 Model
lights the way and stays lighted. All brass, nickel-plated—no tin; outside oil-filler; cotton packed oil fount; double convex ground photolens; burns kerosene, throws a light 60 ft. and weighs but 12 ounces.
Three years a leader, and three years' improvements now added. Absolutely the handsomest and best bicycle lamp ever made. Sold by all leading dealers.
THE PLACE & TERRY MFG. CO.,
247 Centre Street, New York.
See our new, cheaper lamp—the "Scorcher."

THE FEATURES
OF OUR BUSINESS ARE PROMPT AND SATISFACTORY DELIVERY OF THE
BEST LEHIGH COAL,
"EXCLUSIVELY," AND
LUMBER, true to the grade.
THOMAS BROS.,
Opposite P. R R. Station, Riverton, N. J.

A FULL LINE OF
GROCERIES,
- - AT - -
- - - CITY PRICES - - -
MAC DONALD'S
WEST END STORE.

A. W. SMITH,
(Successor to Harry Campion),
—DEALER IN—
BUTTER AND EGGS.
Agent for the celebrated
BIG ELK AND GOLDEN SWEET BUTTER,
STRICTLY FRESH COUNTRY EGGS.
DELIVERIES.—PALMYRA, TUESDAY AND FRIDAY.
RIVERTON, WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY.

JOHN D. STELLMANN,
Successor to
HEATH'S EXPRESS,
RIVERTON AND PALMYRA
P. O. BOX 32, PALMYRA, N. J
Phila. Office: 7 S. Delaware Avenue.
Goods called for and delivered promptly. — Messages and orders will receive special attention.
RESIDENCE: Highland Avenue.

LOTHROP'S
New Photographic Studio,
COR. FOURTH AND MAIN STREETS,
RIVERTON, N. J.
Having one of the finest skylights in the State, we are now ready to take the very best and most pleasing photographs of every style and finish. Only the very best work, will be allowed to go out from this Studio.
☞PLEASE GIVE US A TRIAL.

W. L. BERRY,
WATCHMAKER AND JEWELER
22 South Second Street,
PHILADELPHIA, PA.
Repairing a Specialty.

FOR ALL THE LOCAL NEWS READ

THE WEEKLY NEWS.

SATURDAY, JUNE 26, 1897.

CENT-A-WORD COLUMN.

Long or short notices inserted under this head at the rate of one cent a word, each insertion, cash in advance.

For Rent.—One of Collier's houses, 620 Garfield avenue, all improvements. Apply 616 Garfield avenue. 6-26-tf.

S. F. Ringgold has a few Masonic fine rugs for sale. Thomas avenue.

CANCERS cured permanently without the knife, by Mrs. Dr. Lambert, daughter of the late Dr. Dover, 313 Lecony avenue, Palmyra.

Will receive car of clipped oats on about July 1st. Will sell lower than you can buy *anywhere*. Call and see sample. Louis A. Weikman.

Wanted.—Board for lady, gentleman and two children. Two rooms. State price and location, Box 408, Palmyra.

For Sale.—Pie cherries. Mrs. Smith Wallace, Cor. Cinnaminson and Wallace street. 2t

Wanted.—To buy a house in Palmyra, price not over $2,000. Specify lowest price, location and number of rooms. Address P. O. Box 187, Palmyra.

For Sale cart and harness, nearly new, apply to J. Frank Clark.

Flowers—40 varieties, good seed bed plants, 25 cents per 100. Late tomatoes, same price. Frank M. Holbrook.

For Rent—Cottages at $10, $20 and $30 per month. Furnished at $35 to $200 per month. D. H. Wright.

For Rent, corner Fifth and Cinnaminson, $12. Stackhouse. 5-1tf

Wanted.—Washing. 316 West Broad street, West Palmyra, Mrs. Moore.

For Rent—Dwelling on Horace avenue opposite 4th street. Fruit, town water, etc. Reasonable rent. M. W. Wisham, 332 Horace avenue.

For Rent.—10 room house, corner Highland avenue and Spring Garden street. Modern improvements, rent reasonable. Apply to J. M. Roberts' store, Palmyra. 4-24-tf.

For Rent.—Delaware avenue below road, 5 rooms, $7. Apply to John P. ar.

ure cider vinegar, 25 cents per gallon. am F. Morgan. 4-27-tf.

wall papers, 5 cents, why pay more? Stackhouse, Broad and Elm.

For good family washing and laundry work give Owens a trial. P. O. Box, 181.

Go to Saar's for a good shave or hair cut.

William Sawyer, Piano Maker and dealer in Pianos and Organs, 1928 N. Eighth street, Philadelphia, Pa. Tuning and repairing a specialty. Orders by mail promptly attended to.

If you want anything in the real estate line call on F. Blackburn, Commissioner of Deeds and Notary Public, 331 West Broad street, Palmyra.

PALMYRA.

Mrs. R. L. Temple now has a bicycle.

Seybert has a fine lot of fireworks at right prices.

George Harris has moved to W. F. Lorenz's house on Parry avenue.

Elmer Meyers arrived in town from Bridgeton on Thursday evening.

Mrs. Lewis Jones returned to her home at Williamstown on Monday.

Mrs. Bramall's house on Charles street has been very nicely painted.

J. E. Howard's house, corner of Fourth and Arch, is being painted.

Mrs. Robert McDermott, of Horace avenue, was taken quite sick on Tuesday.

Harry Hamilton is a telegraph operator at Haddon Hall, Atlantic City.

Miss Mary Skeen, of Philadelphia, spent last Sunday with Miss Anna Grubb.

Miss Hotine, of Philadelphia, spent last Saturday with Mrs. Charles Lippincot.

Oscar Dobbins spent Sunday with his father C. P. Dobbins, on Horace Avenue.

Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Cathrall, of Merion, Pa., visited relatives here last Saturday.

Builder Joseph Bishop is repairing Morgan Hall where it was damaged by the fire.

Mr. and Mrs. Justus Straub and son, of Philadelphia, spent last Sunday with Mrs. Uplander.

Elmer H. Meyers graduated from the South Jersey Institute, at Bridgeton, on Wednesday.

The P. O. S. of A. Camp will attend the Methodist church in a body on the evening of July 4th.

Mrs. Josephine Johnson, of Philadelphia, spent Sunday with her sister Mrs. George Spayd.

Mr. and Mrs. Antone Sackarnd returned from their visit to Island Heights on Thursday.

Mrs. Theodore F. Taylor, who has been visiting in New York and Orange, returned home last Friday.

Mrs. Smith Wallace and Mrs. Sallie Rickert spent Sunday with Mrs. E. M. Smith, in Philadelphia.

The Mayflower Social will give another dance in Wallace's pavilion on the evening of July 3rd.

Freeholder Horner is having railing and curbing put on the banks of the stone road at the bridges.

Ex-Assemblyman M. E. Matlack, of Mt. Holly, was in town on Thursday looking after his Senatorial fences.

Capt. Edwin Cornson has had a new wrought iron fence put in front of his home, on Cinnaminson avenue, below Fourth.

Mrs. Wm. Thomas of West Palmyra was taken sick while at work in Riverton, on Monday and had to be taken home in a stage.

Edward Bowman and family, of Philadelphia, have arrived at Hackney's Mansion House, where they will spend the Summer.

The pupils of Miss Rainear's room of the public school gave her a surprise visit, at her home on Morgan avenue, on Wednesday evening.

Caleb Atkinson is painting a fine banner for the P. O. S. of A. to carry at the Supreme Encampment at Reading, Pa., in August.

Mrs. James Forrester and children went to Island Heights on Tuesday to spend the Summer

The Baptist Sunday School had their picnic at College Grove, on the Delaware, on Tuesday.

The summer schedule of train movement goes into effect on the Amboy Division next Sunday.

Miss Collins, of West Philadelphia, is spending the week with Mrs. Joseph Collins, of Morgan avenue.

Miss Gertie Meginney will start on Monday for a month's stay with her sister, Mrs. John Herrman, in Buffalo

Charles H. Cline, of Philadelphia, spent several days this week with his father, John F. Clime, of Morgan avenue.

Leeson Sherman, of Morgan avenue, went to Beach Haven, on Wednesday, to spend the summer with his grandmother.

Samuel Thompson, 3rd, son of Geo. Thompson, of Rowland street, broke his arm last week, falling out of a cherry tree.

Dr. C. R. Pancoast will give tableaux on his lawn, on Parry avenue, next Monday evening, illustrating popular advertisements.

The Methodist Sunday School had their annual picnic at Haines' Mill, near New Albany, on the Burlington pike, on Thursday.

Farmer Charles Hubbs is having fine crops of produce. He sent three wagons of potatoes, cabbage and beans to market on Monday.

Maud, Bessie, and Leon Swope started on Monday to spend several weeks with their grand parents at Point Pleasant, Bucks County, Pa.

Sir Knights of Palmyra Castle be on hand Tuesday evening, June 29th at Riverton wharf at 7.30 to take the boat for visitation to Florence Castle.

Rev. Marshall Owens and family will sail for England on his vacation on the Lucania, July 3rd. He will take James Hartley, Jr., with him for the trip.

Miss Martha F. Neese, of Philadelphia, will give an illustrated lecture in Society Hall at 2.30 P. M. June 29th on the need of a higher physical life for women.

Fred Schropfer won another race at Riverside last Saturday and a gold medal. The distance was five miles and he was scratch man among five contestants.

Wm. H. Libe's baby, Anna, aged nearly two years, died on Wednesday afternoon. It had been sick several weeks with the mumps and other complication set in.

Pastor Owens, who has been soliciting subscriptions to liquidate the second mortgage on the M. E. church has succeeded in getting pledges for within $200 of the amount.

Mrs. I. Palmer, of Atlantic City was in town on Thursday. She and Miss Mattie Romberger expect to start on Monday for California on the Christian Endeavor excursion.

P. A. Shaw, of Garfield avenue, expects to move to Roanoke, Va., about Aug. 1st, as the office of N. and W. R. R. in which he is employed will be moved from Philadelphia to that point.

The State encampment at Sea Girt will be from July 5th to September 11th. A new order tabboos white standing collars, and officiers and enlisted men will wear handkerchiefs instead.

10 signs boards have been put up at road crossings in Cinnaminson and Palmyra townships at the suggestion of the League of American Wheelman of which C. F. Slater is the local Consul.

Palmyra now has an ordinance in effect prohibiting vehicles being on the sidewalks under a penalty of $10. Why will not this include bicycle? Something must be done to protect the pedestrian.

Washington Camp No. 23 P. O. S. of A. will meet at Society Hall on Monday evening, June 28th, at which meeting the election of officers will be held, and the question of permanent guests will be voted upon.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas P. Griffith, of Philadelphia, a bride and groom, spent part of their honey-moon with his cousin, Charles B. Simons, the latter part of last week. They were married by Bishop Nicholson on the 17th.

A number of property owners along the South side of Board street object to paying for the stone road as they d not border directly on it (the Railroad intervening) and in the opinion of Israel Roberts, they have no right to be assessed for it.

Two skeletons, supposed to be of Indians, were unearthed in Antone Beckenbach's yard, at Morris, last Saturday, while digging a trench. The old house there was built in 1690, and is therefore one of the oldest structures in the state.

Josiah Clossin, father-in-law, of Undertaker John E. Morton, died suddenly last Saturday morning of heart trouble. He had been indisposed but nothing serious was thought The funeral services were held on Tuesday afternoon and interment was in a Philadelphia cemetery.

Mrs. Mary S. Garret, wife of James G. Garret, died at 4.30 A. M. Tuesday, aged 51 years and six months. She had been a great sufferer having been confined to her bed for 19 weeks but her trials were endured through a bright Christian experience. The funeral will be held in the Methodist church on Saturday, at 3 P. M., to which friends and the Betsy Ross Home, B. of N., of which she was a member, are invited. Interment will be in Morgan Cemetery.

This year is unusually prolific of bugs and insects in some portions of the country. Farmers report that their plum trees are covered with millions of green aphides, settling so thickly on the new, tender sprouts as to double their size and completely covering the under sides of the new leaves. The cherry trees are in some places infested with black mites, which suck the juices from the tender cherries on the ends of the twigs, and causes them to curl up in bunches as if they were scorched.

TOWNSHIP BUSINESS.

A special meeting of the Township Committee was held in Society Hall on Tuesday evening.

Edward Bunting appeared before the Committee and raised the point as to when the 1 per cent per month penalty, provided by law to be recovered from the delinquents in the cement sidewalk account, began. He was informed that no penalty would be charged if payment was made before July 18th. Six complaints were made as to mistakes in measurements of sidewalks. They were referred to Civil Engineer Henry Haines for remeasurement.

A communication was received from the Township Attorney Thomas E. French recommending a refusal to pay the bill of Charles Toy for crushed stone claimed to have hauled off his side walk when the cement walk was put down. This action was taken and Mr. Toy's attorney ordered notified,

In relation to the bicycle ordinance Mr. French stated that the ordinance passed in Camden to prohibit riding on the sidewalks had been taken into court by the L. A. W. and it would be advisable to await developements for the present before an ordinance be passed.

Charles Yost appeared before the Committee and made complaint that his wife had been run down that evening by a bicycle on the sidewalk in front of his house on LeConey avenue.

Albert Giberson, Supt. of the fire alarm reported on the system, which is badly in need of repair. He submitted a bid from the Delaware & Atlantic Telephone Co., who will furnish 35 poles and string 3½ miles of No. 12 copper wire for $200, if they are allowed to do the work when they make alterations to their line, within a few weeks. The matter will be taken under consideration.

The condition of many of the streets was considered and it was decided to put the big scraper on them after the next rain, and have the weeds cut down.

K. G. E.

Palmyra Castle No. 22, will pay a fraternial visit to Florence Castle on Tuesday evening, June 29th. Members will assemble at Riverton wharf to take the boat leaving at 7.30. It is earnestly requested that every member that can possibly go with the Castle on this occasion will do so.

The following officers having been placed in nomination by Palmyra Castle, No. 22, will be voted for at the next session of the Castle on Wednesday evening, June 30th.—N. C., Wm. H. Jones, V. C., John M. McLaughlin, H. P., J. R. Fisher, V. H., Wilbur R. Jones, Charles Hawk, S. H., A. J. Watkins, Trustee, Frank W. Smith, Rep. to H. A., James P. Cooke, M. W. Wisham.

A SERIOUS CHARGE.

Alfred Hart, a well-known colored man, who has the new contract for carrying the U. S. Mail to Parry, which is to go into effect July 1st was arrested on Wednesday by Constable Horner on a charge of attempted rape on two littte colored girls, Irene Brady, aged six and Laura Stevens, aged ten, which is claimed to have been attempted at Mrs. Brady's house in West Palmyra on Wednesday. He was locked up for the night and the charge was heard on Thursday morning by Justice Scheidell, who committed him to Mt. Holly Jail for trial. Hart was represented by Lawyer John G. Horner, but no evidence for the defence was admitted. Hart is believed to be innocent by a great many people who are familiar with the case and they employed counsel to see that he got his rights. It is stated that the girls who made the charge gave conflicting evidence on the witness stand.

W. C. T. U.

Gospel Temperance Meeting in Society Hall, Monday evening, at 8 o'clock, led by W. W. Dye. All are welcome.

A meeting of the Union will be held on Tuesday afternoon, at 4 o'clock. We hope to see a grand attendance.

PRESS SUPT.

COMMUNICATED.

STILL ANOTHER.

Palmyra, June 20th 1897.

A man on a bicycle rode down Morgan avenue on the pavement this morning (Sunday) through a crowd of children, knocked my boy down bruising him considerably. Was called to stop—but was not man enough, instead he pulled his cap over his eyes and turned up 4th street toward Riverton. Will there be an ordinance passed and enforced to control such people?

Yours,

A. R. Wardle.

TWENTY FIFTH ANNIVESARY.

A very enjoyable celebration took place at "Ringwood" Perkins Lane, on Saturday evening the occasion being the 25th anniversary of the wedding of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Russ. The bride and groom were the recipients of many beautiful and costly gifts.

The invited numbered over one hundred and among them were Mr. and Mrs. H. Van Brunt, Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Hippenstiel, of Delanco; Mr. and Mrs. Eli Browning, of Delair; G. D. Crittendon, Supt. of National Cemetery, Mr. and Mrs. A. Stuckey, Mr. and Mrs. Howard and George Russ, and families and Misses Jennis Patton, and Eliza Russ, of Delanco; Mr. and Mrs. Charles Clark and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. William Baggs, Mr. and Mrs. M. B. Perkins, Mr. and Mr. B. D. Shedaker, of Edgewater Park; Mr. and Mrs. J. Carhart, Mr. and Mrs. B. A. Austin and family, Mr. and Mrs. J. Bright, Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Gaile, of Philadelphia; Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Connor, of Camden; Mr. and Mrs. William Thomas, Mr. and Mrs. John and James Heal and families, Mr. and Mrs. J. Herbert Henry, Mrs. S. Zizenfus and family, Mr. and Mrs. Heisel, Mrs. Kate Sheetz, Mr. William Drenning, Mr. and Mrs. J. Bramble and family, Miss Ella Hartley, of Palmyra; Miss Leah Russell, of Burlington; Miss Emma Greenslit, of Philadelphia. Mr. A. J. Beckenbach, of Morris; Mr. T. B. McGuiley; of Palmyra; Mr. H. A. Matlack, of Moorestown; Mr. H. K. Hartman, of Merchantville; Mr. Earl Williams, of Bordentown.

RIVERSIDE.

The Methodist Sunday School went on its annual picnic on Saturday.

The new bicycle ordinance will go into effect on Monday next.

Owing to an accident to the boiler the employes of Taubel's hosiery mill had a vacation on Monday.

Two additional rooms are to be built at the public school.

DELANCO.

H. H. Hicks and family, of Philadelphia, are occupying Mrs. Mooly's cottage for the summer.

Professor and Mrs. H. J. Fitzpatrick had as a recent guest Mrs. E. McKee, of Philadelphia.

J. R. Maul and family are among the latest arrivals for the summer.

Frank Denning has been elected vice-president of the Young Men's Club,

A camp meeting under the direction of the Methodist church was opened here yesterday. Rev. W. B. Osbourne is in charge.

Street Commissioner Carter has been busy on the streets the past week and has made some needed improvements.

The shad fisherman here report the season just closed as very good, the shad being large and of a fine flavor and prices fair.

Quite a number of our residents are members of the Beverly bicycle club.

"Worthless Weapons" was Rev. H. W. Harring's subject at the Presbyterian church on Sunday morning.

Reduced Rates to San Francisco via Pennsylvania Railroad on Account of Christian Endeavor Convention.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company announces that, for the Christian Endeavor Convention to be held in San Francisco July 7 to 12, it will sell special tickets from all points on its system at greatly reduced rates. These tickets will be sold June 27 to July 2, and will permit of stop over at Denver and points West. Returning, passengers must reach original starting point not later than August 17, 1897.

For specific rates, conditions, and full information apply to nearest ticket agent.

Reduced Rates to Milwaukee via Pennsylvania Railroad on Account of the National Educational Association.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company announces that on account of the meeting of the National Educational Association, at Milwaukee, Wis., July 6 to 9, it will sell continuous passage tickets from all points on its line east of Pittsburg and Erie to Milwaukee at rate of single fare for the round trip, plus $2.00 membership fee. Tickets will be sold and will be good going only on July 2, 3, and 4, and will be good to return, leaving Milwaukee on or before July 12, and on payment of fifty cents, an extension of return limit may be obtained to leave Milwaukee until August 31, 1897, inclusive.

Personally-Conducted Tours via Pennsylvania Railroad.

That the public have come to recognize the fact that the best and most convenient method of pleasure travel is that presented by the Pennsylvania Railroad Company's personally-conducted tours, is evidenced by the increasing popularity of these tours. Under this system the lowest are obtained, for both transportation and hotel accommodation. An experienced tourist agent and chaperon accompany each tour to look after the comfort of the passenger.

The following tours have been arranged for the season of 1897:—

To the north (including Watkins Glen, Niagara Falls, Thousand Islands, Montreal, Quebec, Au Sable Chasm, Lakes Champlain and George, Saratoga, and a daylight ride through the Highlands of the Hudson), July 27 and August 17. Rate, $100 for the round trip from New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, and Washington, covering all expenses of a two weeks' trip.

To Yellowstone Park on a special train of Pullman sleeping, compartment and observation cars and dining car, allowing eight days in "Wonderland," September 2. Rate, $235 from New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, and Washington; $230 from Pittsburg.

To Niagara Falls, excursion tickets good to return within ten days will be sold on July 22, August 5 and 19, September 4 and 16, at rate of $10 from Philadelphia, Baltimore, and Washington. These tickets include transportation only, and will permit of stop over within limit at Buffalo, Rochester, and Watkins on the return trip.

Two ten-day tours to Gettysburg, Luray Caverns, Natural Bridge, Virginia Hot Springs, Richmond, and Washington, September 28 and October 12. Rate, $65 from New York, $63 from Philadelphia.

Base Ball Suits and Bicycles Free.

It is safe to say that nearly every member of the rising generation is now thinking either of base ball or bicycling. But how to get the bicycle and how to get base ball uniforms, are the problems. "The Philadelphia Press" solves both. That paper, which has always led its amateur base ball and bicycling departments, now makes two novel, interesting offers. It will furnish absolutely, free, to the amateur base ball club receiving the greatest number of votes before June 19th, a complete set of the finest National League Base Ball uniforms. This includes caps, shoes, belts, stockings, shirts and trousers, and the whole outfit will be of the finest quality. The whole outfit will be given absolutely free to the amateur club receiving the greatest number of votes. Full details of the offer are given in "The Press" every day.

Any number of bicycles will be given free to those who will render a trifling service to "The Press." Details of the bicycle offer will be sent to any person who sends two two-cent postage stamps to "The Press," Philadelphia.

The merchants of Burlington have decided to hold their annual picnic at the Silver Lakes on July 14. On this occasion all business will be suspended, and the members of the association join in having a grand holiday.

Monday is the day set by law for the observance of the 4th of July. During the present century that day has come on Sunday fourteen times, including the coming one.

During the summer of 1891, Mr. Chas. P. Johnson, a well known attorney of Louisville, Ky., had a very sever attack of summer complaint. Quite a number of different remidies were tried, but failed to afford any relief. A friend who knew what was needed procured him a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remidy, which quickly cured him and he thinks, saved his life. He says that there has not been a day since that time that he has not had this remidy in his household. He speaks of it in the highest praise and takes much pleasure in recommending it when ever an opportunity is offered. For sale by G. T. Williams Druggest.

THEY DO THE WORK
BRONCHO
HOMŒOPATHIC Remedies 10c
Relieve and Cure
Head Troubles
Stomach Disorders
System Irregularities
27 formulas of noted physicians
"For every ill, a special pill."
If not at Drug Stores, write
BRONX CHEMICAL CO., YONKERS, N. Y.
Health Book Mailed Free.

FIRE WORKS - -

OF ALL KINDS FOR THE GLORIOUS FOURTH AT THE LOWEST PRICES

—ALSO—

Tobacco, Cigars, Confectionery, Etc.

MRS. KATE TAYLOR,

15 West Broad Street, - Palmyra, N. J.

To Mothers and Daughters

MARTHA F. NEESE,

OF PHILADELPHIA, WILL GIVE A

FREE ILLUSTRATED LECTURE,

At Society Hall (Upper Floor.)

On Tuesday, June 29th, 1897, at 2.30 P. M.

Subject: "The Strength of Nations."

MARRIED.

BRANIN—TAYLOR.—June 18, at Mount Holly by Rev. Milton Relyea, George F. Branin and Miss Minnie L. Taylor, both of Mount Holly.

FRAKE—STOKELY.—June 17, at Moun Holly, by Rev. Milton Relyea, Eckard B. Frake, of Mount Holly, and Miss Tauval F. Stokely, of Burlington.

HORN—LYONS.—June 16, at Burlington, by Rev. J. J. Griffin, at St. Paul's parsonage Theodore Horn and Miss Celia Lyons.

LIPPINCOTT—HAMMELL.—June 16, at Trenton, by Rev E. J. Kulp, Ulysses G. Lippincott and Martha L., daughter of Charles Hammell, of Beverly.

RODMAN—WRIGHT.—June 16, at Burlington, by Rev. J. M. Hare, William J. Rodman, of Beverly, and Lillian M. Wright, of Burlington.

SHINN—ELLIS.—June 5, at Camden, by Rev. John Handley, Wilbert Shinn, of Eayrestown, and Clara M. Ellis, of Palmyra.

HOWELL.—EHRET.—On June 22rd, at Edgewater Park, by Rev. Joseph Moore, Henry Elmer Howell and Gertrude Sophia Ehret, both of Philadelphia.

DIED.

BORTON.—June 17, at Moorestown, Sarah J. Borton, aged 52 years.

CLOSSON.—June 19, at Palmyra, Josiah L. Closson, aged 76 years.

DOYLE.—June 15, at Burlington, Mary A., wife of John Doyle, aged 49 years.

SHREEVE.—June 15, at Bordentown, Sarah A. Shreeve, wife of the late Charles Shreeve, aged 69 years.

WOOLMAN.—June 19, at Burlington, Anna R., wife of Joseph P. Woolman and daughter of Elizabeth A. Ashmore and the late Jonathan A. Kipple, in her 28th year.

DOWN WITH FANCY PRICES

A good Car riage for $4. worth $6.

A fine Reed Carriage for $7, worth $10.

The new fad our Go Carts, $2.50 up.

Velocipedes best make, $1.50.

JOHN WESTNEY,

214 DOCK ST. 145 NORTH EIGHTH ST.

Free delivery in Palmyra and Riverton.

WITH THANKS...

for past favors, and trusting that I will have a continuance of your patronage, I beg to announce that I I am again prepared to furnish you with the finest of . . . . . .

FISH, CLAMS and Green Produce.

West Palmyra. Wm. Cephas.

ELMER SHANE,

Movings to and from the City promptly attended to.

PRICES REASONABLE.

Care in hauling goods a specialty.

Residence—Horace Avenue near Fourth Palmyra. P. O. box 134.

CHARLES S. VOORHIS,

DENTIST,

Morgan Avenue and Fourth Street,

PALMYRA, N. J.

NOTICE.

We hold a meeting every Thursday evening, at 8 o'clock, for the promotion of Scriptural Holiness and the Salvation of Souls. To which we kindly invite people of all denominations.

CARL A. PETERSON,
MRS. H. D. PETERSON,
223 Horace Avenue.

HOW TO HAVE

A HEALTHY GARDEN, A GREEN LAWN AND FREE BLOOMING FLOWERS,

by using

The J. E. Tygert Co's SPECIAL FERTILIZERS.

They will be found surely useful wherever highest fertility is desired.

It combines the patent qualities of guano and with the permanency of Bone Phosphate and is a real root nourisher. Put up in bags of 10, 25 and 50 pounds each. For sale by

A. H. Thompson,
Palmyra, N. J.

Wanted—An Idea Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas; they may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their $1,800 prize offer and list of one hundred inventions wanted.

..GET YOUR..

Fire Works

AT SEYBERT'S

FLAGS, LANTERNS AND FIREWORKS NOVELTIES.

C. H. SEYBERT,

7 West Broad Street

PALMYRA.

ICE CREAM PARLOR

Opened for the Season

P. MUELLER

BROAD ST., BELOW LECONEY AVE

PALMYRA, N. J.

Fresh Bread and Cake constantly on hand.

Parties and Wedding Cakes made to order at the shortest possible notice and prompt delivery.

ICE CREAM.

All The Popular Flavors.

HAAS' ICE CREAM PARLORS,

Next to the Post Office.

Orders for Families a Specialty.

Also a fine line of Fancy Cakes.

C. A. HAAS

PALMYRA, NEW JERSEY.

Removed

I have removed my

MILK . . DEPOT

—TO—

LECONEY AVE., ABOVE FOURTH ST.,

where will be kept a supply of

- MILK AND CREAM, -

John Schroepfer.

N. B.—My wagon will make deliveries as usual.

CARL A. PETERSON, of 223 Horace Av.,

takes pleasure in announcing to his friends and the public in general that he is now in the

Merchant Tailoring Business

at the S. W. Cor. 11th and Sansom Streets, Phila., where he carries a full line of seasonable goods at most reasonable prices.

PETERSON & CO.,

TAILORS,

S. W. COR. 11th AND SANSOM STS.,

PHILADELPHIA, PA.

HARNESS

Collars, Hames, Saddles, Robes, Horse Clothing and Stable Goods, at Philadelphia Prices.

SUMMER SHEETS and LAP DUSTERS.

Howard B. Neff, Harness Maker,

105 W. Broad St., Palmyra, N. J.

Repairing done neat and strong.

BILL HEADS, Letter Heads, Envelopes Wedding and Party Invitations, Hand Bills, and in fact everything in the printing line furnished at this office at reasonable prices.

WHAT'S THE USE

of going to Philadelphia for

Dressmaking Trimmings, Hosiery, Notions, Bric-A-Brac, Glassware, Etc.,

when you can buy them of us at STRICTLY PHILA. PRICES.

Sole Agents for Butterick Patterns, Dr. D. Jayne & Sons' Family Medicines

TROTH & CO., Broad St., opp. Station, Palmyra.

Examine the Novelty Blue Flame Oil Stove—absolutely safe—burns head-light oil.

Ask for WILLIAM RUDDUCK,

WANAMAKER & BROWN,

OAK HALL, PHILADELPHIA.

Free delivery in Palmyra. Residence, Morgan Avenue, Palmyra.

Clothing made to order, also ready made. Samples shown on request.

FRESH FISH. . . .

My wagon will take orders and deliver Fish of all kinds on Wednesdays and Friday in Palmyra and Riverton, and Mondays Thursdays in the country.

Clams and Crabs furnished on order.

MRS. A. V. HORNER.

COFFEE IS LOWER.

Choice Rio Coffee,	20c lb.
Best " "	23c "
Choice Laguyra Coffee,	25c "
Old Gov. Java "	35c "

5 lb Lots 1c a Pound Less.

Mason Glass Jars,	45 and 50c dozen
Tumblers and Jelly Glasses,	30c "
Full Cream Cheese	13c "

Star Creamery Print Butter, Fresh, nearby County Eggs.

Choice Quality Lemons, 13 and 15c dozen

BEST BRANDS FLOUR
FEED OF ALL KINDS.

J. M. ROBERTS, Family Grocer General Merchandise

Palmyra and Riverton, N. J.

SANITARY PLUMBER,

Steam, Hot Water and Hot Air Heating, Tin Roofing and Spouting.

All kinds of Repairing in Heaters, Ranges and Oil Stoves, and Tinware promptly attended to at reasonable rates. All work guaranteed. Estimates cheerfully furnished.

P. O. Box 402. A. D. READ, 722 PARRY AVENUE. Shop, opp. P. R. R. Sta.

TAILORING

616 GARFIELD AVENUE, PALMYRA.

Suits from $12 up, Pants from $3 up, Bicycle Suits and Uniforms made to order from $7.50 up. Linen and Crash Suits made at low prices.

NOW is the time to get your new spring suit, and you cannot do better than to patronize your home tailor. I have all the latest styles and novelties for spring and summer.

ALFRED COLLIER, CLEANING AND REPAIRING.

MILK!

FOR PURE MILK AND CREAM

CALL AT

717 MORGAN AVENUE,

Where milk can be had at any time except Sunday, but delivered daily. A share of your patronage is respectfully solicited.

J. FRANK CLARK.

GET YOUR COAL FROM THE PEOPLE'S COAL & ICE CO., PALMYRA, N. J.

Prices for Ice 1897, are as follows:

8	POUNDS DAILY,	5	CENTS OR	35	CENTS PER	WEEK.		
12	"	"	6	"	45	"	"	"
16	"	"	8	"	55	"	"	"
20	"	"	10	"	63	"	"	"
25	"	"	13	"	70	"	"	"

40 to 100 Pounds, at rate of Forty Cents per hundred.

Also hauling of all kinds. Particular care and attention given to movings. Prices moderate.

HENRY KERSWILL, Prop.

Subscribe for ∴THE WEEKLY NEWS.∴

More

Medicinal value in a bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla than in any other preparation.

More skill is required, more care taken, more expense incurred in its manufacture. It costs the proprietor and the dealer **More** but it costs the consumer *less*, as he gets more doses for his money.

More curative power is secured by its peculiar combination, proportion and process, which make it peculiar to itself.

More people are employed and more space occupied in its Laboratory than any other.

More wonderful cures effected and more testimonials received than by any other.

More sales and more increase year by year are reported by druggists.

More people are taking Hood's Sarsaparilla today than any other, and more are taking today than ever before.

More and STILL MORE reasons might be given why you should take

Hood's
Sarsaparilla

The One True Blood Purifier. $1 per bottle.

Hood's Pills cure all Liver Ills and Sick Headache. 25 cents.

ONE GIVES RELIEF.

R·I·P·A·N·S

The modern standard Family Medicine: **Cures** the common every-day ills of humanity.

TRADE RIPANS TABULES MARK

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS

Cleanse the Bowels and Purify the Blood! Cure Diarrhœa, Dysentery and Dyspepsia, and give healthy action to the entire system

FRAZER AXLE GREASE

BEST IN THE WORLD.

Its wearing qualities are unsurpassed, actually outlasting two boxes of any other brand. Not Checked by heat. If "GET THE GENUINE."

FOR SALE BY DEALERS GENERALLY. 1yr

TRUSSES, ELASTIC STOCKINGS, BANDAGES, ETC.
859—I. B. SEELEY—1894.
The only "SEELY" ever known in the trade.
Original Promoter, Manufacturer and Introducer of *Hard Rubber Trusses*. Correct Adaptation—Skillful Adjustment—Reliable Dealings—Favorable Prices. Authentic Methods for the Successful Treatment of *Hernia or Rupture*. See Gross and Agnew's reports. Can be seen only at his New Establishment, 1017 Ranstead Street, Philadelphia. Private Apartments for Ladies. CAUTION. Avoid "Seely" imposters.

PILES OR HEMORRHOIDS
CURED BY PAINLESS METHODS

Responsible persons need not pay until they are well.

Send for pamphlet containing testimonials and references of people you are acquainted with.

R. REED, M. D.,
239 S. 13th St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Peirce School
32nd Year.

A representative American Business School for both sexes, founded by THOMAS MAY PEIRCE, A. M., Ph. D. Couples **systematic business training** with a practical, sound and useful English education. It offers three full courses:—Business, Shorthand and Typewriting, English; the whole constituting an ideal combination.

Graduates are cheerfully assisted to positions.

Both Day and Night Sessions are now running. Students received at any time.

PEIRCE SCHOOL, 917-919 Chestnut St., Philada. Record Building.

'96 Model
Weight 12 oz.
All Brass, Nickel Plated and Burns Kerosene Oil.

The Pathlight

A beautiful, thoroughly made and finely finished Bicycle Lamp, jolt and cyclone proof.

Sent to any part of the country (express prepaid) on receipt of price, $1.50. (Maybe you can buy it of your local dealer for a little less; ask him.)

THE PLACE & TERRY MFG. CO.,
247 Centre St., New York.

$1800.00
GIVEN AWAY TO INVENTORS.

$150.00 every month given away to any one who applies through us for the most meritorious patent during the month preceding.

We secure the best patents for our clients, and the object of this offer is to encourage inventors to keep track of their bright ideas. At the same time we wish to impress upon the public the fact that

IT'S THE SIMPLE, TRIVIAL INVENTIONS THAT YIELD FORTUNES,

such as the "car-window" which can be easily slid up and down without breaking the passenger's back, "sauce-pan," "collar-button," "nut-lock," "bottle-stopper," and a thousand other little things that most any one can find a way of improving; and these simple inventions are the ones that bring largest returns to the author. Try to think of something to invent.

IT IS NOT SO HARD AS IT SEEMS.

Patents taken out through us receive special notice in the "National Recorder," published at Washington, D. C., which is the best newspaper published in America in the interests of inventors. We furnish a year's subscription to this journal, free of cost, to all our clients. We also advertise, free of cost, the invention each month which wins our $150 prize, and hundreds of thousands of copies of the "National Recorder," containing a sketch of the winner, and a description of his invention, will be scattered throughout the United States among capitalists and manufacturers, thus bringing to their attention the merits of the invention.

All communications regarded strictly confidential. Address

JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO.,
Solicitors of American and Foreign Patents,
618 F Street, N. W.,
Box 385. Washington, D. C.

Reference—editor of this paper. Write for our 50-page pamphlet. FREE.

THIS PAPER is on sale in Philadelphia at the Newspaper Advertising Agency of Messrs. N. W. AYER & SON, our authorized agents

A GAS WELL ENTERPRISE.

Effect of the Poisoning of a Dog on a Project That Looked Promising.

"Just to show you how little things have affected some of my big undertakings," said the ex-boomer from Oregon, "let me tell you how the poisoning of a dog was responsible for the whole history of a gas well in which I was once pretty heavily interested.

"About the time we moved on to the ranch near Drain, Or., my boy Charles was very much interested in chemistry and was devoting most of his spare time to performing a lot of experiments in an old book which he had on the subject. My wife became rather prejudiced against his experiments after he had frightened Ham Song, our Chinese cook, into hysterics by appearing before him one dark night with phosphorus rubbed on his face and hands, and I also began to fear that he might do himself some injury after I found a plant for generating laughing gas at work on my library table one afternoon. My feeling against chemistry reached a head, however, when my pet deerhound ate up one of Charley's experiments and died as a result. After that I refused to buy a new chemistry book or any more chemicals and banished all future research in that line to an old shack that stood over the other side of the cattle corral.

"It was some time after this that we began to discuss the possibility of there being deposits of natural gas under Drain, and half a dozen of us undertook to make an investigation of the subject. We found large quantities of some kind of gas that bubbled up from the creek bed when we poked about with sticks. We could fill a five gallon coal oil can with it in two or three minutes at almost every point we tried, and the gas burned with a bright yellow flame that emitted considerable light and heat. When I got home the night after discovering these facts, I put my pride in my pocket and groped my way down to Charley's shack to consult him on the subject of natural gas.

"'I guess it's only marsh gas you have found,' was his verdict. 'You see, for the last 30 years there have been sawmills on the creek above where this gas occurs, and the sawdust from them is probably decaying all along the creek bottom, and that produces marsh gas.'

"When I asked him for authority for his statement, he got out the old book that I had refused to replace with a more modern work and showed me a paragraph stating that marsh gas was a product of the decomposition of wood under water. Then the next paragraph caught my eye. It went on to say that in boring a well, in some place I have forgotten, a large body of gas had been discovered, called natural gas, which was thought to be merely a natural reservoir of marsh gas. To a man in my state of mind this statement was conclusive. I took no notice of the fact that the book had been published back in the seventies somewhere, but spent the most of that night in drawing up the papers of the Drain Natural Gas company.

"Inside of a month I had a charter and an incorporated company with one-half of its capital stock paid up and had made a contract with a man named Corbett to sink a well at so much per thousand feet. We had two so called experts go over the ground and published their reports, stating that the formation of the country was superior to that of Pennsylvania, and prophesying the discovery of oil as well as gas. Of course, a good deal of real estate changed hands while preparations to commence drilling were in progress. We located the well across the creek from Drain, plotting a town site around it which we called South Drain. We advertised extensively and were just about ready to commence the sale of lots when Corbett began to strike difficulties. At the depth of 500 feet he ran into alternate layers of quicksand and slate that choked the drills by tumbling in above them, until we had to stop and case the well. My associates began to withdraw about this time, but in spite of the black outlook I did not lose faith. I bet my son Charlie a new chemistry book that we would strike gas yet. I bought out the other interests in the South Drain town site and bluffed Corbett into sinking the well to a total depth of 702 feet, but it never produced anything except salt water.

"South Drain dropped back to its original value of $8.75 an acre, instead of $100 a lot, and when I undertook to fence it in and cultivate it the one solitary man who had bought a lot and built on it got out an injunction restraining me from closing up the public streets. Charley got his new chemistry and showed me the place in it that explained the difference between marsh gas and natural gas, and he is still in the habit of smiling whenever the latter is mentioned in my presence."—New York Sun.

A Wonder of Coloring In Flowers.

The editor of "Notes For the Curious" recently read a wonderful (?) account of a bunch of roses kept in a New York herbarium, which still retain their original color, notwithstanding the fact that they were cut from the parent stalk three years and one month before the signing of our Declaration of Independence. The editor of the paper in which the notice appeared, he no doubt considering it the "eighth wonder of the world," asked if any reader could give information concerning a case in which roses or other flowers had retained their natural colors for so long a time.

We would state that we have seen well preserved wreaths and garlands of lotus, red and yellow poppies, and other unclassified flowers which were found on Egyptian mummies known to have been dead over 6,000 years. The red poppies were but a shade lighter than those dried and pressed but a month or a year before, and in the case of the yellow variety there was no distinguishable difference between those from the ancient tombs and specimens which had been dried but a week. If the editor who refers to the colonial roses as wonders will visit the Egyptian museum at Cairo, he will find dried colored flowers of sufficient antiquity to excite his wonder.—St. Louis Republic.

Constituent Parts of a Cord of Wood.

A cord of fairly seasoned wood weighs about 4,000 pounds. If subjected to a heat of between 700 and 800 degrees it resolves into three distinct products—charcoal, pyroligneous acid and gases. In order to properly bring this change about it is necessary to place the wood in a kiln and apply the heat gradually for four or five days. At the end of that time the residue will be 1,000 pounds of charcoal, 2,000 pounds of pyroligueous acid and 1,000 pounds of uncondensed gases. The aggregate weight of these products is exactly equal to the original weight of the wood.—St. Louis Republic.

Aluminium has been put into another use. The French couturieres now use the metal in the making of the modern gown. A hoop of aluminium is placed in the bottom of the skirt for the purpose of making it hang well.

LOVED JENNY LIND.

A MAN WHOSE LIFE WAS RUINED BY A PRACTICAL JOKE.

A Thrifty Carpenter Turned Into a Lunatic by the Cruel Jest of Some Brieflless Young Lawyers—Made to Believe the Great Singer Loved Him.

Jenny Lind is dead, but in a filthy hovel on the road from Glasco, Ulster county, to the Hudson river, at Ulster Landing, lives a lasting remembrance of her in a poor mad hermit, who lost his mind through a practical joke, which aroused in him a violent love for the great singer. The man's history is full of such incidents as your true practical joker can enjoy. He has done no end of grotesque things. He has suffered unmeasured ridicule and injury. Rare indeed is the joke that can compare with this one in the quality and extent of the real human misery resulting from it.

Early in the fifties, when Jenny Lind was creating a mad furor here by her wonderful singing, there lived in Kingston, N. Y., a young carpenter named Tobias Van Steenberg. He never had a very strong mind, but was a good and steady workman, thrifty and prosperous. He had accumulated several hundred dollars in the savings bank and had built himself a good house. He was not the sort of man to make an enemy, but he was as good a mark for a practical joke as a jester could hope to find. Several young lawyers in Kingston had noted Van Steenberg's peculiarities and made him the butt of their jests. As most of them were briefless, they had plenty of leisure to devote to the young carpenter, to whom they gave the nickname of "Boot."

One day he was seen looking earnestly at a cheap cut of Jenny Lind in one of the shop windows, and the young lawyers saw an opportunuity for another practical joke, so they began to talk to him about Jenny Lind, and soon made him think she was in love with him. They afterward managed to have letters sent to him from New York inviting him to visit the great singer in the city. He at once drew his money from the bank and, disposing of his property, started for New York.

The joke was certainly progressing very well, but it would seem as if some one might have had prudence enough to call a halt before Van Steenberg had quite ruined himself. In those days not so much was known as now about the effect of suggestion and "the fixed idea," especially upon a weak mind, yet plain common sense would have served well in this contingency. Nobody but the jokers could do anything with Van Steenberg. His friends and relatives were powerless, for he had passed into that strange mental state where only one spring of action can be touched, where only one impulse rules the conduct.

As soon as he reached the city poor "Boot" began to haunt the hall where the famous singer was appearing and to follow her carriage in the street. At one of her public receptions at the Revere hotel he declared his love before the crowd present and said he had come to New York to marry her and ended by groveling on the floor at her feet. She had never seen the man before and, of course, had him ejected from her apartments.

He then began to haunt the hotel lobby and to attempt to speak to her as she passed out of the hotel until the proprietors of the house had him put into the street. His next move was to place himself where he could watch the singer's windows, and he would not move from his post for hours at a time. Later on he seems to have got an idea that Miss Lind would love him better if he was a musician, and then he appeared in front of the hotel with a hand organ, which he would grind for hours at a time. He soon became a public nuisance and was arrested and taken to the Tombs. His friends in Kingston were notified to come and get him.

"Boot" was brought back to Kingston, but his mind was destroyed, and he would do nothing but wander about town grinding his hand organ. He soon became such a plague to his native town and to his own family that one of his brothers smashed the machine. He then settled down into a state of harmless lunacy until the war broke out, when he became imbued with the idea that he was a general and began to organize the boys of the town into a company of soldiers. He made his headquarters at the state camp grounds and gave orders to both officers and men, which they good naturedly pretended to obey. He then took on a new phase of lunacy by gathering everywhere he could brass buttons, which he sewed on his cap and clothing until he fairly bent under their weight.

He became such a walking show that his parents finally quietly destroyed his button bedecked suit.

All through the war he paid no attention to anything but military matters, making incoherent stump speeches whenever he could get any one to listen to him. After the war was over and the troops had disappeared he began to show signs of violence and was turned over by his relatives to the poor master, who sent him to jail, and finally to the madhouse attached to the county poorhouse. He was released from there a few months, and instead of returning home he went into one of the country towns and built himself a shanty, where he has continued to live.—New York Journal.

The True Test.

Bess—You could hardly call her a social success.

Jess—Why, she seems to have plenty of admirers.

Bess—Oh, yes, if you look at it that way, but I don't believe she's on friendly terms with a single man she ever rejected.—Chicago Journal.

The Sanskrit language is said to have about 500 root words

Stepniak on Russia's Czar.

In an interview with Stepniak, a report of which appears in Great Thoughts, he was asked his opinion of the new czar. "There was a time," he replied, "when Russian Liberals cherished a hope—I may say, indeed, a considerable degree of hope—but the new czar has disappointed every expectation of the most moderate among our progressive parties. He has shown himself utterly incapable of departing from the traditions of his predecessor, and will continue to play the ungrateful part of official screen to bureaucratic tyranny."—Westminster Gazette.

We have had this spring in America no war, it is true, to fix the eyes of the world upon us. But we have had something equally great. We had the opening of the baseball season.

If it had been a question of fine horses instead of rival senatorial candidates, the Kentuckians would have settled it very soon.

THE BAKER'S DOZEN.

TWO ACCOUNTS GIVING THE ORIGIN OF THE PHRASE.

One of Them Is Disappointingly Prosaic. The Other Has Enough of the Superstitious In It to Commend It—Jan Pietersen, the Baker, and the Old Woman.

Everybody knows that 13 is a "baker's dozen," but everybody does not know why. The origin of the phrase "baker's dozen" is commonly attributed to a custom that prevailed among British bakers in the days when severe penalties were inflicted upon tradesmen who cheated their customers with short weight or short measure. A dozen cakes or rolls or loaves might easily fall short of the standard weight, so in order to guard themselves against the risk of inadvertently incurring the penalties of the short weight statutes, without going to the trouble of weighing everything they sold, as a make weight, to every dozen cakes, or rolls, or loaves delivered to a customer. This explanation is unsatisfactory. It is disappointingly prosaic, and it utterly fails to account for the fact that the "baker's dozen" is also commonly known as the "devil's dozen."

A better explanation is to be found in a legend that gives the phrase an American origin. It is not wholly devoid of picturesqueness. It suggests the reason why "baker's dozen" and "devil's dozen" are synonyms, and it carries rather a good moral with it.

The story is somewhat as follows: In the middle of the seventeenth century the most famous baker in the New Netherlands was Jan Pietersen, who had come to Fort Orange from Amsterdam and was the first man in the new world to make those flat, oblong, ornamentally stamped, with caraway seed liberally besprinkled, crisp, toothsome cookies, familiar in the days before all the old Dutch customs sank into disuse under the name of "New Year's cakes." Pietersen was a just man, but his justice was never tempered with liberality. With him a dozen was a dozen, neither more nor less; also a pennyworth was worth a penny, and he parted with no pennyworth of his save in consideration of a penny had and received in exchange.

On the night of Dec. 31, 1653, Jan Pietersen sat in his shop, well stocked with New Year's cakes provided for the expected demand of the morrow, when a little old woman, bearing all the marks of age and poverty that in those days marked women out as witches, entered, demanding a dozen New Year's cookies. Pietersen carefully counted out 12 cakes. "Here are but 12. I want a dozen," remonstrated his customer. "Twelve is a dozen," said Jan. "On New Year's eve, between rich and poor, 13 is a dozen," shrilly insisted his queer customer. "Give me 13." But Pietersen would not. He argued that nobody ever heard the like; that at all times and on all occasions a dozen was a dozen. Finally, finding argument of no avail against the beldame's persistence, he told her to go to "der tuyfel" for the extra cooky. Probably the old woman took his advice, for she left the shop, and from that instant Pietersen found himself pursued by some supernatural and malevolent power. All his New Year's cakes turned stale and moldy before morning, he lost his skill as a baker, all his dough was so light that it flew up the chimney or so heavy that it fell through the oven, his journeymen robbed him, his wife developed a critical disposition and a tongue hung in the middle, his children went wild, and his trade went elsewhere. Few men could have fought against such a combination of misfortunes, but Pietersen had money laid by, and Pietersen was the most obstinate and phlegmatic of Dutchmen. So he kept his shop open though nobody came to buy, and the scant, ill made and ill baked stock he was able to provide for it molded on his hands.

During three years, on each successive New Year's eve, the old woman reappeared in Jan Pietersen's melancholy shop, demanding the thirteenth cooky. Each time she was sent anew to the devil. Jan Pietersen was no fool. He could see as far into a millstone as any man in the New Netherlands. Almost from the first he had been convinced of the connection between his refusal to count 13 to the dozen and his misfortunes. But he would not violate his life creed: "A dozen is a dozen. A man has done his whole duty toward God and toward his neighbor when he has kept strictly to the letter of the law." But at last, when his savings were all gone, he broke down and appealed to St. Nicholas to help him. Instantly the venerable guardian of all good Hollanders appeared. The saint sternly rebuked the trembling baker for the hard narrowness and self righteousness that had given the foul fiend power over him, admonished him to be more careful in the future, and concluded by promising him one more chance to redeem himself. The saint departed. In walked the old woman with her demand for the extra cooky to make up her dozen. It was handed to her, and she vanished, crying: "The spell is broken; from this time on 13 is a dozen." Jan Pietersen never forgot his lesson. Through a long and prosperous career he always gave 13 to the dozen and ascribed his success to that practice. So his custom became the custom of his trade, and 13 was the "baker's dozen."—Rochester Democrat and Chronicle.

A Burst of Generosity.

"I hear," said the crusty old gentleman, "that there are some violins so valuable that nobody thinks of playing on them."

"Yes. I saw one in a museum," replied his wife.

"I wonder if I couldn't buy one and trade it to the young man next door for the fiddle that he has been using for the last six months."—Washington Star.

Subscribe for the NEWS.

No Gripe

When you take Hood's Pills. The big, old-fashioned, sugar-coated pills, which tear you all to pieces, are not in it with Hood's. Easy to take

Hood's Pills

and easy to operate, is true of Hood's Pills, which are up to date in every respect. Safe, certain and sure. All druggists. 25c. C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass. The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS

For all BILIOUS and NERVOUS DISEASES. They purify the BLOOD and give HEALTHY TONE to the entire system.

Cure DYSPEPSIA, HEADACHE, CONSTIPATION and PIMPLES.

TOOLS FOR SURGEONS.

Where the Carvers In Human Flesh Find Their Implements.

Every great city has a hundred and one curious businesses and trades, factories, individual callings and shops that seem to bear no especial relation to the commerce of every day. It does not seem as if these odd business interests had much to do with the prosperity of the world, or were concerned in it at all. It is typically American that perhaps the most interesting of the strange establishments in New York deals with science and inventive ingenuity.

The building where this curious business—it is the manufacturing of every sort of surgical instrument and device—is lodged is itself one of the strangest in New York. But a few blocks from the city hall, it looks as though the surrounding piles of brick and mortar had squeezed it into half its proper compass. The first floor is a salesroom. The hall floors above are devoted to stock, plan and work rooms. In a little two story building in the yard at the back is the "experimental and repair workshop," where eight to ten nimble fingered mechanics are on hand.

There is here one room where remarkable ideas are born or assume form, each one of them concerning in some way the physical welfare of men. Every inch of its wall is covered with framed photographs of the most famous physicians, past and present, of Europe and America, each bearing an autograph signature, all in frames precisely the same. A huge, old fashioned desk stands by the window, piled high with foreign scientific reviews in all languages, catalogues and models in gleaming metal, hard rubber and glass. Here the present controllers of the establishment sit all day, poring over drawings or half designed instruments and studying, the suggestions and ideas that scientific and medical men from all ends of the country pour into their ears.

The elder of these men has been at this work for 47 years, and the establishment was not young then. Thousands upon thousands of surgical devices have come forth from it. Four hundred or 500, perhaps 1,000, inventions of real practical value and utility are turned out of this room each year. Doctors write, describing what a certain medical appliance, could it be made thus, might perhaps, probably would, accomplish, and forthwith plans are made, and after much study and care the instrument is designed and dispatched.

No charge is made the doctors, nor, on the other hand, do the medical men derive any profit, however successful their idea may work out. The establishment considers it an honor to be applied to, the more times the better, and it knows the repute of its product is spreading far and wide. Thousands of dollars yearly go out on this continual experimenting. Some of them never return. Even in the event of great success and the discovery of a completely new surgical principle a patent is seldom taken out. The doctor inventor cannot because of medical ethics. The establishment finds it hardly worth its while because of the expense and the small number made of any one instrument.

It is as good as a fairy story of the old sort to spend an hour or more in this room and see and hear of the curious things being planned and experimented with. Many seem to the laymen fantastic in their uses and the results accomplished with them not to be believed. One instrument of this sort is the bullet probe telephone, with which the modern surgeon, an ordinary telephone receiver strapped to his ear, can hear when his probe touches the bullet far within the tissues, a distinct click.

Many of the implements made here have almost revolutionized certain branches of surgery. In a box on the heaped up desk spoken of lay, the last time the writer visited this room, a delicately adjusted, minute instrument, with a scale marked along its length. Its purpose was to make probing in the brain safe beyond a doubt. A probe of any required size fitted into the handle, and as the surgeon gently inserted the tip and went farther and farther within the skull the scale would register the exact energy of the pressure. Beyond a certain point there was danger in penetration. If the scale registered over a certain fraction of an ounce, it proved that the probe had left the track of the bullet and had touched cellular matter.

"The most curious thing I ever made?" replied the old instrument maker, repeating the question. "That is a hard one to answer. There have been so many strange things. But—yes—I think the most curious was an appliance I designed on the ideas of a doctor somewhere in the southwest for 'sucking' snake-bites. It was a little instrument any one could carry around with him, and when set on the wound would, the doctor thought—I don't know, I can't say myself—suck the poison out in short order. I made the instrument according to instructions, and the doctor professed himself well satisfied. How it worked in actual practice I never heard."—New York Tribune.

Leighton's Punctuality.

One well known and decidedly inartistic quality of Lord Leighton was his punctuality. He was once in Damascus and was urged to remain there, but he declined. His reason was that he had to be in London on a certain day because he had made an engagement with his model. A friend was anxious to learn whether Lord Leighton had actually kept this engagement, and he found that when the artist was ascending the staire straight from Damascus the model was cocking at the door of the studio.—San Francisco Argonaut.

He Got It.

First Thug (after the hold up)—Did de old gent come down wid de boodle when you told 'im you wanted some money an you wanted it bad?

Second Thug (disgustedly)—Yes. He said he would take me at me word, an he handed me out er $5 counterfeit bill.—Brooklyn Eagle.

The Astute Ticket Man.

Citizen (hurriedly)—Ticket and a half for Podunk.

Ticket Agent (snappishly)—Do you want the half ticket for that big girl by your side?

Citizen—The whole ticket is for her, but she insisted on paying fare on her favorite doll; so, to humor her, I want the half ticket also.

Ticket Agent—Um—er—how old is the doll?—Good News

A Poet's Explanation.

Question—Why do women always write love poems in the masculine gender?

Answer—Because we know women too well to write in the feminine gender.—Lillie Barr Munro in New York Sun

The Caller.

"Mary, has any one called while I was out?"

"Yes, ma'am; Mr. Biggs was here."

"Mr. Biggs? I don't recall the name."

"No, ma'am; he called to see me, ma'am."—Strand Magazine.

CLOSE CALL FOR JACK TAR.

Just as a Shark Was About to Grab Him a Swordfish Got the Shark

I was mate on the Lovely Lou of Bangor, and we had been on our way to South America for about four weeks. The wind had left the ship during the last day of this period, and we were dipping our peak to a lolling swell that seemed to come from nowhere and return to the same place without making a ripple on the blue surface of the ocean.

Suddenly there came a splash, and the cook ran to where I was standing on the poop deck, crying that one of the sailors had tumbled overboard. The Lou had no way, and I laughed at the idea of him drowning, telling the cook to throw him a rope, walking to the rail as I did so. The sailor was swimming about the quarter enjoying his bath when I suddenly saw an ominous black fin make its appearance a hundred yards or so from the ship. I yelled for the rope, and as I yelled I saw the fin move toward the sailor, cutting the water like a knife. I knew that unless the man was taken out quickly he would be devoured, and rushed to the cabin grating to get a line. Seizing a piece of rope I hastened to the rail just in time to see the form of an immense shark turn on its side to seize the sailor. As it did so there was an instant's glimpse of a long brown body, and then the water was lashed into a sea of yeasty foam, the shark seemingly being in trouble. I threw the line, and in a moment the sailor was aboard, scared out of his wits, but safe and sound. The threshing in the water still continuing, we proceeded to investigate, and directly we were able to see that the shark had been pinned by a large swordfish, the sword running through the jaws of the shark in such a manner as to prevent the fish from opening them. Whether the shark's antagonist had deliberately attacked the shark we know not, but its timely and unexpected appearance saved the sailor's life beyond a doubt, as another instant would have sent the teeth of the shark into the body of the man.—New Orleans Democrat.

A NUN DOCTOR.

She Helps to Cure the Sick and Extracts Aching Teeth.

Kalamazoo, Mich., enjoys the distinction of having the only licensed nun doctor in the United States. She is Sister Raphael O'Brien, a member of the religious order of the Sisters of St. Joseph, who have charge of the Borgess Hospital, in Kalamazoo.

She is a woman in the prime of life. Her medical course was taken in one of the Philadelphia schools. When she had received her diploma authorizing her to practice medicine she became convinced that she had a vocation for the religious life, and, abandoning what promised to be a most prosperous worldly career, she entered the convent of the Sisters of St. Joseph.

The usual probationary period for all novices having been undergone, she was invested with the habit of the order and sent to the Borgess Hospital, where her medical skill was made use of. In a short time her office became the rendezvous of the sore and afflicted. It is now thronged daily. She enjoys a high reputation among the local medical fraternity. The patients that apply to the hospital, especially the poor, attribute almost miraculous power to her prescriptions. In her office she has a dentist's chair and a full outfit of surgical appliances.

In every convent there is some sister who acts as infirmarian, and who is skilled in the compounding of drugs, of which a complete assortment is always at hand, but Sister Raphael is the only nun in the United States duly qualified to write M. D. after her name.—New York Journal.

Not So Desperately Slow.

Down in Ohio the other day, not very far from Cleveland, I took a carryall or 'bus at a country station to ride inland a few miles. The driver, who carried the mail for Uncle Sam, was disposed to be quite communicative.

"You don't live 'round here, I s'pose?" he remarked, interrogatively.

"No—not now," I replied. "I'm from Chicago."

"Pretty big place, ain't it?" he continued.

"Yes, it's a large city," I said.

"I s'pose there's something goin' on there most of the time, ain't there?" he asked. I nodded affirmitively.

"Well, we ain't so darned slow down here," he added. "Had a dance in the Hinckley Ridge schoolhouse last night, and there'll be a turkey raffle Tuesday."—Chicago Times-Herald.

No Cause for Alarm.

The attendant who had thoughtlessly laid his hand on the arm of the Sultan's chair jumped back in alarm, exclaiming:

"What is it? An earthquake?"

"Not that I know of," replied the Sultan.

"Possibly, your Majesty has chills and fever?"

"No. I know what you have reference to. I've read about it in the newspapers. What you felt was the quivering of my uncertain sovereignty. You needn't pay any attention to it. It's the same old totter."—Washington Star.

Death in a Love Letter.

Miss Helen Musgrave of Cameron township, found death in a letter to her lover. While moistening the back of the envelope preparatory to sealing it the young girl's tongue was slightly lacerated, which resulted in blood poisoning, from which she died on Sunday.—Philadelphia Record.

Their Peculiar Aversions.

Most people have aversions of some kind or other, and some very strange ones. Napoleon did not like to see a white dog. Agassiz could not bear to touch polished steel. The sight of the rising moon, when it was full, always made Mme. De Stael ill. Barefooted children made Louis XIV. nervous. Dean Swift has aid that Bolingbroke would "act like one bereft should he cast his eye on a poor, harmless toade." Disraeli had an attack of vertigo when he saw anybody chewing gum. Dickens never liked a stiff shirt bosom, and Buffon would fly into a rage if any one put an egg on the dining-table at which he sat.—Golden Days.

Wholly Vindictive.

"It is shameful!" exclaimed the actress to whom the manager star owed money. "But I will get even with him some time."

"What do you propose to do—sue him?"

"And give him the benefit of all that advertising? Never!"—Washington Star.

Had Better Consider It.

It is well known, and sorrowfully admitted, by all intelligent persons, of candor, that the social and moral world is being shocked every day by the increasing number of high crimes against person and property, notably against personal and family rights and privileges.

Those dastardly acts of recklessness, butchery and suicide, of which Coroner's juries say that "there was no apparent cause," "no reason could be found," and kindred verdicts, are puzziling the minds of *very many* eminent moralists of the present day.

Undoubtedly one reason for this is that many pulpiteers and moralists study and preach more often upon "Olympic Games," "Base Ball," "The Bicycle," "Military Schools" "Politics," etc., than upon the subjects of "Angels," (good and bad) and the "Devil"—chief of the evil ones—which are among the most important subjects treated upon in the Bible. They are directly and indirectly mentioned 1,582 times!

The book, "Spiritualism Examined and Refuted," which is admitted to be a wonderful compendium of facts appertaining to the great system of "Spiritual Philosophy," does so treat upon the subject of angels—both good and evil—that their origin, nature, character and office are readily understood in a practical way, even by the common people. Hence, to read the work carefully, is to be forearmed, which is to be informed; insomuch that the otherwise unlearned may escape the calamities often consequent upon ignorance of Human and Demon Magnetism.

Human Magnetism, or Mesmerism, now scientifically called "Hypnotism," is a mental or psycological force which *often is*, and *always can be* a stepping-stone to Demon Magnetism, which is, simply, real "Spiritual Phenomena. *This fact is not now generally known!*

The work clearly shows that the *teachings* of the Bible withstand all criticisms, and, also, that ALL of their enemies quote from them when they wish to say anything *morally grand*, or to formulate any moral criterion for practical reference.

While this book does not mention any church or denomination, it *does prove*, incidentally, that the Almighty God of Bible account is a JUST, rather than an *unjust* Being; and that He is still on the giving hand, even to His worst enemies; and that they may, *if they will*, have eternal life as well as this day of probation.

It would interest more than a million of people in our own country to know that this work is *the first one of its size* to present clear-cut proof that *only* those who accept Christ as their Saviour have *any title* to immortality. The contrary view is the foundation on which Spiritualism rests.

The experience, close study and observations of the author for more than thirty years, and the introduction of 200 quotations, with book and page and paper and date given, makes it a valuable library for reference.

Attention is called to some of the commendations this book has received:—

REVIEW of REVIEWS; "He [the author] considers Spiritualism to be a pernicious force in modern society, hostile to all religious and he defends this view by Biblical argument and by an array of documentary evidence which shows a great expenditure of energy."

REV. H. L. HASTINGS, editor of the *Christian*, "Mr. Dadmun's book contains a large number of facts and extracts which I am very glad to get hold of. I do not doubt the general correctness of his positions."

Philadelphia *Bulletin*:—"Certainly the book is a valuable work of reference, if not for study, by those interested in the questions the author has striven to answer."

OUR HOPE AND LIFE IN CHRIST:—"It is a valuable book for all English reading families, and, also, for preachers, lectures, and debaters against Spiritualism."

MESSIAH'S ADVOCATE:—"The book will well repay the trouble to peruse it, in furnishing them with overwhelming evidence against the false claims of Spiritualism."

CAMDEN POST:—"The greatest questions pertaining to Man, here and hereafter, are discussed with brevity, comprehensiveness and—if pointed evidences from many sources are considered—with considerable ability; thus making it worthy of study by any student of human, superhuman, or Divine forces, the evil as well as the good."

REV. MILES GRANT, the well-known writer, lecturer and debater:—"It is a work for the times. It is comprehensive, abounding in important facts, just such as are needed to form a correct conclusion as to the merit of Spiritualism."

REV. G. F. HAINES, Salem, Mass. said to the author:—"I have read every word in your book. It is a valuable work, especially for reference, and I use it as such."

MESSIAH'S HERALD:—"This work is intended to explain the mystery of Spiritualism. We have no doubt that the position by the author that it is a mixture of false and real phenomena is correct. As to the character of the supernatural element in its workings, we endorse the conclusions he reaches, that the agencies at work are the Devil and his angels. There is no doubt but the scathing denunciations of the false theology of Spiritualism are justified in the premises."

REVIEW and HERALD, Battle Creek, Mich.:—"The author occupies the true position in regard to conditional immorality, and hence holds the only true vantage ground from which the claims of Spiritualism can be successfully refuted.

The author shows that Spiritualism is not a humbug, as so many claim, and are thereby thrown off their guard; that it is not religion; that its claims are false; that its phenomena are beyond human power, and that its teachings are destructive to morality, and utterly blasphemous."

DR. A. F. RANDALL, Port Huron, Mich.:—"I can conscientiously say it is a *grand* book—ought to be read by everybody; then philosophers would no longer go about like Diogenes with a lantern in broad daylight."

The NEWS has already said that Spiritualism is one of the most important subjects of our time, and that this book treats it exhaustively, and refutes it completely. This work has been selected by the Mendota College as "specially adapted to the Bible Training School."

This is a regular $1 50 book but to more quickly spread its usefulness this edition has been reduced to $1.25 postpaid. To ministers and teachers $1.00.

Address C. F. SLEEPER.
Palmyra, N. J.

THE MYSTERY EXPLAINED.

The mystery of Clairvoyance, Spiritualism and the Bible accounts of soothsayers and persons possessed with devils, and kindred phenomena, have long puzzled many candid minds.

"Spiritualism Examined and Refuted," by Elder John H. Dadmun, is one of the most important works of our time; it treats the System exhaustively and "refutes" it completely.

This work shows that much of the social and moral evil which news journals say is terribly on the increase, is traceable to the TEACHINGS of Spiritualism. Indeed a large per cent. of mysterious suicides are but results of doctrines taught by evil angels who control persons under favorable conditions and make them *Destroying Mediums*.

It is worthy of study by any student of human, superhuman or divine forces, the evil well as the good.

No church or denomination is mentioned, and nearly every quotation has its date and authority given, making the book valuable for reference.

It has received highest commendation.

The only book that *disproves* the claims of Modern Spiritualism.

468 pp., 8 vo., large type, on fine white paper, excellent portrait of the author, bound in cloth, with stamps and edges of gold. Price $1.25, post-paid. To ministers and teachers, $1.00.

Address C. F. SLEEPER,
Palmyra, N. J.

C. F. COX,
—DEALER IN—
Fresh Meats, Poultry AND Vegetables,
Broad Street below Delaware Avenue.
NEXT DOOR TO FIRE HOUSE.
PRICES ARE RIGHT. . . .

GUS. MOHRMAN,
PRACTICAL BOOT AND SHOEMAKER,
CUSTOM WORK A SPECIALTY.
REPAIRING. Open Until 10 P. M
520 LECONEY AVENUE. PALMYRA.

J. W. SHADE,
Contractor & Builder.
PLANS, specifications and estimates furnished. All work strictly first-class in every particular. Jobbing promptly attended to at reasonable rates. Best of reference furnished.
A share of your patronage is respectfully solicited.
J. W. SHADE,
P. O. BOX 866. 411 LECONEY AVENUE PALMYRA

FOR ALL THE LOCAL NEWS READ
THE WEEKLY NEWS.